

The S-8355/56/57/58 Series is a CMOS step-up switching regulator controller which mainly consists of a reference voltage source, an oscillation circuit, an error amplifier, a phase compensation circuit, a PWM control circuit (S-8355/57 Series) and a PWM/PFM switching control circuit (S-8356/58 Series).

With an external low-ON-resistance Nch Power MOS, this product is ideal for applications requiring high efficiency and a high output current.

The S-8355/57 Series realizes low ripple, high efficiency, and excellent transient characteristics due to its PWM control circuit whose duty ratio can be varied linearly from 0 to 83% (from 0 to 78% for 250 kHz, 300 kHz, and 600 kHz models), an excellently designed error amplifier and a phase compensation circuits.

S-8356/58 Series features a PWM/PFM switching controller that can switch the operation to a PFM controller with a duty ratio is 15% under a light load to prevent a decline in the efficiency due to the IC operating current.

■ Features

- Low voltage operation : Startup at 0.9 V min. ($I_{OUT} = 1$ mA) guaranteed
- Low current consumption : During operation 25.9 μ A (3.3 V, 100 kHz, typ.)
During shutdown 0.5 μ A (max.)
- Duty ratio : Built-in PWM/PFM switching control circuit (S-8356/58 Series)
15 to 83% (100 kHz models)
15 to 78% (250 kHz, 300 kHz, and 600 kHz models)
- External parts : Coil, diode, capacitor, and transistor
- Output voltage : Selectable in 0.1 V steps between 1.5 and 6.5 V (for V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate types)
Selectable in 0.1 V steps between 2.0 and 6.5 V (for other than V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate types)
- Output voltage accuracy : $\pm 2.4\%$
- Oscillation frequency : 100 kHz, 250 kHz, 300 kHz, 600 kHz selectable

- Soft start function : 6 ms (100 kHz, typ.)
- Shutdown function
- Lead-free, Sn 100%, halogen-free^{*1}

*1. Refer to "■ Product Name Structure" for details.

■ Applications

- Power supplies for portable equipment such as digital cameras, electronic notebooks, and PDAs
- Power supplies for audio equipment such as portable CD / MD players
- Constant voltage power supplies for cameras, VCRs, and communications devices
- Power supplies for microcomputers

■ Packages

- SOT-23-3
- SOT-23-5
- SOT-89-3

■ **Block Diagrams**

(1) **S-8357/58 Series B, H and F Types**
 (Without Shutdown Function)



Figure 1

(2) **S-8357/58 Series B, H, F and N Types**
 (With Shutdown Function)



Figure 2

(3) **S-8357/58 Series E, J, G and P Types**
 (V_{DD} / V_{OUT} Separate Type)



Figure 3

(4) **S-8355/56 Series K, L, M and Q Types**
 (With Shutdown Function, V_{DD} / V_{OUT} Separate Type)



Figure 4

■ **Product Name Structure**

The control system, product types, output voltage, and packages for the S-8355/56/57/58 Series can be selected at the user's request. Please refer to the "3. Product Name" for the definition of the product name, "4. Package" regarding the package drawings and "5. Product Name List" for the full product names.

1. **Function List**

(1) **PWM Control Products**

Table 1

| Product Name | Switching Frequency kHz | Shutdown Function | V _{DD} / V _{OUT} Separate Type | Package | Application |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|----------|--|
| S-8355KxxMC | 100 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage and a shutdown function |
| S-8355LxxMC | 250 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage, a shutdown function, and a thin coil |
| S-8355MxxMC | 300 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage, a shutdown function, and a thin coil |
| S-8355QxxMC | 600 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage, a shutdown function, and a thin coil |
| S-8357BxxMC | 100 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function |
| S-8357BxxMA | 100 | – | – | SOT-23-3 | Applications not requiring a shutdown function |
| S-8357BxxUA | 100 | – | – | SOT-89-3 | Applications not requiring a shutdown function |
| S-8357ExxMC | 100 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications in which output voltage is adjusted by external resistor |
| S-8357FxxMC | 300 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function and a thin coil |
| S-8357GxxMC | 300 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage and a thin coil |
| S-8357HxxMC | 250 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function and a thin coil |
| S-8357JxxMC | 250 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage with an external resistor and a thin coil |
| S-8357NxxMC | 600 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function and a thin coil |
| S-8357PxxMC | 600 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage with an external resistor and a thin coil |

(2) PWM / PFM Switching Control Products

Table 2

| Product Name | Switching Frequency kHz | Shutdown Function | V _{DD} / V _{OUT} Separate Type | Package | Application |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|----------|--|
| S-8356KxxMC | 100 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage and a shutdown function |
| S-8356LxxMC | 250 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage, a shutdown function, and a thin coil |
| S-8356MxxMC | 300 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage, a shutdown function, and a thin coil |
| S-8356QxxMC | 600 | Yes | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage, a shutdown function, and a thin coil |
| S-8358BxxMC | 100 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function |
| S-8358BxxMA | 100 | – | – | SOT-23-3 | Applications not requiring a shutdown function |
| S-8358BxxUA | 100 | – | – | SOT-89-3 | Applications not requiring a shutdown function |
| S-8358ExxMC | 100 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications in which output voltage is adjusted by external resistor |
| S-8358FxxMC | 300 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function and a thin coil |
| S-8358GxxMC | 300 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage and a thin coil |
| S-8358HxxMC | 250 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function and a thin coil |
| S-8358JxxMC | 250 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage with an external resistor and a thin coil |
| S-8358NxxMC | 600 | Yes | – | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring a shutdown function and a thin coil |
| S-8358PxxMC | 600 | – | Yes | SOT-23-5 | Applications requiring variable output voltage with an external resistor and a thin coil |

2. Package and Function List by Product Type

Table 3

| Series Name | Type | Package Name (Abbreviation) | Shutdown Function Yes / No | V _{DD} / V _{OUT} Separate Type Yes / No |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| S-8355 Series, S-8356 Series | K, L, M, Q (Shutdown function + V _{DD} / V _{OUT} separate type) K = 100 kHz, L = 250 kHz, M = 300 kHz, Q = 600 kHz | MC | Yes | Yes |
| S-8357 Series | B, H, F (Normal product) B = 100 kHz, H = 250 kHz, F = 300 kHz | MA / UA | No | No |
| | | MC | Yes | |
| | N (Normal product) N = 600 kHz | MC | Yes | No |
| | E, J, G, P (V _{DD} / V _{OUT} separate type) E = 100 kHz, J = 250 kHz, G = 300 kHz, P = 600 kHz | MC | No | Yes |
| S-8358 Series | B, H, F (Normal product) B = 100 kHz, H = 250 kHz, F = 300 kHz | MA / UA | No | No |
| | | MC | Yes | |
| | N (Normal product) N = 600 kHz | MC | Yes | No |
| | E, J, G, P (V _{DD} / V _{OUT} separate type) E = 100 kHz, J = 250 kHz, G = 300 kHz, P = 600 kHz | MC | No | Yes |

3. Product Name

(1) SOT-23-3 Packages



*1. Refer to the tape specifications.
 *2. Refer to the **Table 4** to **Table 11** in the “**5. Product Name List**”.

(2) SOT-23-5, SOT-89-3 Packages



*1. Refer to the tape specifications.

*2. Refer to the Table 4 to Table 11 in the "5. Product Name List".

4. Package

| Package Name | Drawing Code | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Package | Tape | Reel |
| SOT-23-3 | MP003-A-P-SD | MP003-A-C-SD | MP003-A-R-SD |
| SOT-23-5 | MP005-A-P-SD | MP005-A-C-SD | MP005-A-R-SD |
| SOT-89-3 | UP003-A-P-SD | UP003-A-C-SD | UP003-A-R-SD |

5. Product Name List

(1) S-8355 Series

Table 4

| Output voltage | S-8355KxxMC Series | S-8355LxxMC Series | S-8355MxxMC Series | S-8355QxxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1.5 V | – | S-8355L15MC-NCAT2x | – | S-8355Q15MC-OWAT2x |
| 1.8 V | S-8355K18MC-NADT2x | – | S-8355M18MC-MCDT2x | S-8355Q18MC-OWDT2x |
| 2.0 V | S-8355K20MC-NAFT2x | S-8355L20MC-NCFT2x | S-8355M20MC-MCFT2x | S-8355Q20MC-OWFT2x |
| 2.4 V | S-8355K24MC-NAJT2x | – | – | S-8355Q24MC-OWJT2x |
| 2.8 V | – | – | – | S-8355Q28MC-OWNT2x |
| 3.0 V | S-8355K30MC-NAPT2x | – | S-8355M30MC-MCPT2x | S-8355Q30MC-OWPT2x |
| 3.1 V | S-8355K31MC-NAQT2x | – | S-8355M31MC-MCQT2x | S-8355Q31MC-OWQT2x |
| 3.2 V | – | – | S-8355M32MC-MCRT2x | – |
| 3.3 V | S-8355K33MC-NAST2x | – | – | S-8355Q33MC-OWST2x |
| 3.4 V | – | – | S-8355M34MC-MCTT2x | S-8355Q34MC-OWTT2x |
| 4.5 V | – | – | – | S-8355Q45MC-OXET2x |
| 5.0 V | S-8355K50MC-NBJT2x | – | S-8355M50MC-MDJT2x | S-8355Q50MC-OXJT2x |
| 5.1 V | – | – | – | S-8355Q51MC-OXKT2x |
| 5.5 V | – | – | S-8355M55MC-MDOT2x | – |
| 6.0 V | – | – | S-8355M60MC-MDTT2x | S-8355Q60MC-OXTT2x |
| 6.5 V | – | – | S-8355M65MC-MDYT2x | – |

- Remark 1.** Please contact the ABLIC Inc. marketing department for products with an output voltage other than those specified above.
2. x: G or U
 3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

(2) S-8356 Series

Table 5

| Output voltage | S-8356KxxMC Series | S-8356LxxMC Series | S-8356MxxMC Series | S-8356QxxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1.5 V | – | – | S-8356M15MC-MEAT2x | – |
| 1.8 V | S-8356K18MC-NEDT2x | – | S-8356M18MC-MEDT2x | S-8356Q18MC-OYDT2x |
| 2.8 V | – | – | – | S-8356Q28MC-OYNT2x |
| 3.0 V | S-8356K30MC-NEPT2x | S-8356L30MC-NGPT2x | S-8356M30MC-MEPT2x | S-8356Q30MC-OYPT2x |
| 3.1 V | – | – | S-8356M31MC-MEQT2x | S-8356Q31MC-OYQT2x |
| 3.3 V | S-8356K33MC-NEST2x | – | S-8356M33MC-MEST2x | S-8356Q33MC-OYST2x |
| 3.5 V | – | – | S-8356M35MC-MEUT2x | S-8356Q35MC-OYUT2x |
| 3.6 V | S-8356K36MC-NEVT2x | – | S-8356M36MC-MEVT2x | – |
| 4.0 V | S-8356K40MC-NEZT2x | – | – | S-8356Q40MC-OYZT2x |
| 5.0 V | S-8356K50MC-NFJT2x | – | S-8356M50MC-MFJT2x | S-8356Q50MC-OVJT2x |
| 5.3 V | – | – | – | S-8356Q53MC-OVMT2x |

- Remark 1.** Please contact the ABLIC Inc. marketing department for products with an output voltage other than those specified above.
2. x: G or U
 3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

(3) S-8357 Series

Table 6

| Output voltage | S-8357BxxMC Series | S-8357BxxMA Series | S-8357BxxUA Series | S-8357ExxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1.5 V | – | – | – | S-8357E15MC-NKAT2x |
| 2.0 V | – | – | – | S-8357E20MC-NKFT2x |
| 2.5 V | S-8357B25MC-NIKT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.6 V | S-8357B26MC-NILT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.7 V | S-8357B27MC-NIMT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.8 V | S-8357B28MC-NINT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.0 V | S-8357B30MC-NIPT2x | S-8357B30MA-NIPT2G | – | S-8357E30MC-NKPT2x |
| 3.3 V | S-8357B33MC-NIST2x | S-8357B33MA-NIST2G | S-8357B33UA-NIST2x | – |
| 3.6 V | S-8357B36MC-NIVT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.8 V | – | – | S-8357B38UA-NIXT2x | – |
| 4.0 V | S-8357B40MC-NIZT2x | – | – | – |
| 4.8 V | S-8357B48MC-NJHT2x | – | S-8357B48UA-NJHT2x | – |
| 5.0 V | S-8357B50MC-NJJT2x | S-8357B50MA-NJJT2G | S-8357B50UA-NJJT2x | S-8357E50MC-NLJT2x |
| 5.2 V | S-8357B52MC-NJLT2x | – | – | – |
| 5.4 V | S-8357B54MC-NJNT2x | – | – | – |
| 6.0 V | S-8357B60MC-NJTT2x | – | – | – |

Table 7

| Output voltage | S-8357FxxMC Series | S-8357GxxMC Series | S-8357HxxMC Series | S-8357JxxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2.0 V | – | – | – | S-8357J20MC-NOFT2x |
| 2.5 V | – | – | – | S-8357J25MC-NOKT2x |
| 3.0 V | S-8357F30MC-MGPT2x | – | S-8357H30MC-NMPT2G | – |
| 3.1 V | – | – | S-8357H31MC-NMQT2G | – |
| 3.2 V | S-8357F32MC-MGRT2x | S-8357G32MC-MIRT2x | – | – |
| 3.3 V | S-8357F33MC-MGST2x | S-8357G33MC-MIST2x | – | – |
| 3.5 V | – | – | S-8357H35MC-NMUT2x | – |
| 3.6 V | S-8357F36MC-MGVT2x | – | S-8357H36MC-NMVT2x | – |
| 4.2 V | – | – | S-8357H42MC-NNBT2x | – |
| 5.0 V | S-8357F50MC-MHJT2x | S-8357G50MC-MJJT2x | S-8357H50MC-NNJT2x | S-8357J50MC-NPJT2x |
| 5.2 V | S-8357F52MC-MHLT2x | – | S-8357H52MC-NNLT2x | – |
| 6.5 V | S-8357F65MC-MHYT2x | – | – | – |

Table 8

| Output voltage | S-8357NxxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 3.0 V | S-8357N30MC-O2PT2x |
| 3.3 V | S-8357N33MC-O2ST2x |
| 5.0 V | S-8357N50MC-O3JT2x |
| 5.3 V | S-8357N53MC-O3MT2U |

Remark 1. Please contact the ABLIC Inc. marketing department for products with an output voltage other than those specified above.

2. x: G or U

3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

(4) S-8358 Series

Table 9

| Output voltage | S-8358BxxMC Series | S-8358BxxMA Series | S-8358BxxUA Series | S-8358ExxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2.0 V | – | – | – | S-8358E20MC-NSFT2x |
| 2.3 V | S-8358B23MC-NQIT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.5 V | S-8358B25MC-NQKT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.6 V | S-8358B26MC-NQLT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.7 V | S-8358B27MC-NQMT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.8 V | S-8358B28MC-NQNT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.0 V | S-8358B30MC-NQPT2x | S-8358B30MA-NQPT2G | – | – |
| 3.1 V | S-8358B31MC-NQQT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.2 V | S-8358B32MC-NQRT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.3 V | S-8358B33MC-NQST2x | – | S-8358B33UA-NQST2x | – |
| 3.5 V | S-8358B35MC-NQUT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.6 V | S-8358B36MC-NQVT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.8 V | S-8358B38MC-NQXT2x | – | – | – |
| 4.0 V | S-8358B40MC-NQZT2x | – | – | – |
| 5.0 V | S-8358B50MC-NRJT2x | S-8358B50MA-NRJT2G | S-8358B50UA-NRJT2x | S-8358E50MC-NTJT2x |
| 5.3 V | S-8358B53MC-NRMT2x | – | – | – |
| 6.0 V | S-8358B60MC-NRTT2x | – | S-8358B60UA-NRTT2x | – |

Table 10

| Output voltage | S-8358FxxMC Series | S-8358GxxMC Series | S-8358HxxMC Series | S-8358JxxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2.3 V | – | – | S-8358H23MC-NUIT2x | – |
| 2.6 V | S-8358F26MC-MKLT2x | – | – | – |
| 2.7 V | S-8358F27MC-MKMT2x | – | – | – |
| 3.0 V | S-8358F30MC-MKPT2x | – | S-8358H30MC-NUPT2x | – |
| 3.2 V | – | – | S-8358H32MC-NURT2x | – |
| 3.3 V | S-8358F33MC-MKST2x | – | S-8358H33MC-NUST2x | S-8358J33MC-NWST2x |
| 3.6 V | S-8358F36MC-MKVT2x | – | – | – |
| 4.0 V | – | – | S-8358H40MC-NUZT2x | – |
| 5.0 V | S-8358F50MC-MLJT2x | S-8358G50MC-MNJT2x | S-8358H50MC-NVJT2x | S-8358J50MC-NXJT2x |
| 5.3 V | S-8358F53MC-MLMT2x | – | – | – |
| 5.7 V | S-8358F57MC-MLQT2x | – | – | – |
| 6.0 V | S-8358F60MC-MLTT2x | – | – | – |

Table 11

| Output voltage | S-8358NxxMC Series | S-8358PxxMC Series |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2.0 V | – | S-8358P20MC-O8FT2x |
| 3.0 V | S-8358N30MC-O6PT2x | – |
| 3.3 V | S-8358N33MC-O6ST2x | – |
| 5.0 V | S-8358N50MC-O7JT2x | – |
| 5.2 V | – | S-8358P52MC-O9LT2x |
| 5.3 V | S-8358N53MC-O7MT2x | – |

Remark 1. Please contact the ABLIC Inc. marketing department for products with an output voltage other than those specified above.

2. x: G or U

3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

■ Pin Configurations

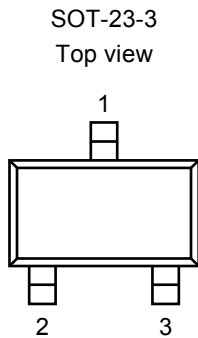


Figure 5



Figure 6

Table 12 S-8357/58 Series B, H and F Types
(Without shutdown function, V_{DD} / V_{OUT} non-separate type)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin Description |
|---------|--------|--|
| 1 | VOUT | Output voltage pin and IC power supply pin |
| 2 | VSS | GND pin |
| 3 | EXT | External transistor connection pin |

Table 13 S-8355/56 Series K, L, M and Q Types
(With shutdown function, V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin Description |
|---------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | VOUT | Output voltage |
| 2 | VDD | IC power supply pin |
| 3 | ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$ | Shutdown pin “H”: Normal operation (Step-up operating) “L”: Step-up stopped (Entire circuit stopped) |
| 4 | VSS | GND pin |
| 5 | EXT | External transistor connection pin |

Table 14 S-8357/58 Series B, H, F and N Types
(With shutdown function, V_{DD} / V_{OUT} non-separate type)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin Description |
|---------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$ | Shutdown pin “H”: Normal operation (Step-up operating) “L”: Step-up stopped (Entire circuit stopped) |
| 2 | VOUT | Output voltage pin and IC power supply pin |
| 3 | NC*1 | No connection |
| 4 | VSS | GND pin |
| 5 | EXT | External transistor connection pin |

*1. The NC pin indicates electrically open.

Table 15 S-8357/58 Series E, J, G and P Types
(Without shutdown function, V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin Description |
|---------|--------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | VOUT | Output voltage pin |
| 2 | VDD | IC power supply pin |
| 3 | NC*1 | No connection |
| 4 | VSS | GND pin |
| 5 | EXT | External transistor connection pin |

*1. The NC pin indicates electrically open.

SOT-89-3
 Top view



Figure 7

Table 16 S-8357/58 Series B, H and F Types
 (Without shutdown function, V_{DD} / V_{OUT} non-separate type)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin Description |
|---------|--------|--|
| 1 | VSS | GND pin |
| 2 | VOUT | Output voltage pin and IC power supply pin |
| 3 | EXT | External transistor connection pin |

■ **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Table 17

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | | Symbol | Absolute maximum rating | Unit |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---|------|
| VOUT pin voltage | | V _{OUT} | V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{SS} + 12 | V |
| ON/OFF pin voltage *1 | | V _{ON/OFF} | V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{SS} + 12 | V |
| VDD pin voltage *2 | | V _{DD} | V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{SS} + 12 | V |
| EXT pin voltage | B, H, F, N type | V _{EXT} | V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{OUT} + 0.3 | V |
| | Others | | V _{SS} - 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| EXT pin current | | I _{EXT} | ±80 | mA |
| Power dissipation | SOT-23-3 | P _D | 150 (When not mounted on board) | mW |
| | | | 430*3 | mW |
| | SOT-23-5 | | 250 (When not mounted on board) | mW |
| | | | 600*3 | mW |
| SOT-89-3 | 500 (When not mounted on board) | mW | | |
| | | | 1000*3 | mW |
| Operating ambient temperature | | T _{opr} | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature | | T _{stg} | -40 to +125 | °C |

*1. With shutdown function

*2. For V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type

*3. When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

(1) Board size : 114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm

(2) Name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

(1) When mounted on board



(2) When not mounted on board



Figure 8 Power Dissipation of The Package

■ Electrical Characteristics

(1) 100 kHz Product (B, E and K Types)

Table 18 (1 / 2)

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Measurement circuit | |
|---|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Output voltage | V_{OUT} | – | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.976$ | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 1.024$ | V | 2 | |
| Input voltage | V_{IN} | – | – | – | 10 | V | 2 | |
| Operation start voltage | V_{ST1} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | – | – | 0.9 | V | 2 | |
| Oscillation start voltage | V_{ST2} | No external parts, Voltage applied to V_{OUT} | – | – | 0.8 | V | 1 | |
| Operation holding voltage | V_{HLD} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, Judged by decreasing V_{IN} voltage gradually | 0.7 | – | – | V | 2 | |
| Current consumption 1 | I_{SS1} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 14.0 | 23.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 19.7 | 32.9 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 25.9 | 43.2 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 32.6 | 54.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 39.8 | 66.4 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption 2 | I_{SS2} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 5.6 | 11.1 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 5.8 | 11.5 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 5.9 | 11.8 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 6.1 | 12.1 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 6.3 | 12.5 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption during shutdown (With shutdown function) | I_{SSS} | $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 0 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 1 | |
| | | | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 1 | |
| EXT pin output current | I_{EXTH} | $V_{EXT} = V_{OUT} - 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | –4.5 | –8.9 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | –6.2 | –12.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | –7.8 | –15.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | –10.3 | –20.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | –13.3 | –26.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | –16.1 | –32.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | I_{EXTL} | $V_{EXT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx60 to 65 | –18.9 | –37.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx15 to 19 | 9.5 | 19.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | 12.6 | 25.2 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | 15.5 | 31.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | 19.2 | 38.5 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | 23.8 | 47.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | 27.4 | 54.8 | – | mA | 1 |
| S-835xx60 to 65 | 30.3 | 60.6 | – | mA | 1 | | | |
| Line regulation | ΔV_{OUT1} | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.4 \text{ to } \times 0.6$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Load regulation | ΔV_{OUT2} | $I_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{A to } V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \times 1.25$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$ | $T_a = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | – | ± 50 | – | ppm / °C | 2 | |
| Oscillation frequency | f_{OSC} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 85 | 100 | 115 | kHz | 1 | |
| Maximum duty ratio | MaxDuty | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 75 | 83 | 90 | % | 1 | |
| PWM / PFM switching duty ratio (For S-8356/58 Series) | PFMDuty | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} - 0.1 \text{ V}$, No-load | 10 | 15 | 24 | % | 1 | |
| ON / \overline{OFF} pin input voltage (With shutdown function) | V_{SH} | Measured oscillation at EXT pin | 0.75 | – | – | V | 1 | |
| | V_{SL1} | Judged oscillation stop at EXT pin | At $V_{OUT} \geq 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.3 | V | 1 |
| | V_{SL2} | | At $V_{OUT} < 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.2 | V | 1 |

Table 18 (2 / 2)

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Measurement circuit |
|--|-----------------|--|------|------|------|------|---------------------|
| ON / OFF pin input current (For with shutdown function) | I _{SH} | V _{ON/OFF} = V _{OUT(S)} × 0.95 | -0.1 | - | 0.1 | μA | 1 |
| | I _{SL} | V _{ON/OFF} = 0 V | -0.1 | - | 0.1 | μA | 1 |
| Soft start time | t _{SS} | - | 3.0 | 6.0 | 12.0 | ms | 2 |
| Efficiency | EFFI | - | - | 85 | - | % | 2 |

External parts

Coil: CDRH6D28-470 of Sumida Corporation
 Diode: RB461F (Schottky type) of Rohm Co., Ltd.
 Capacitor: F93 (16 V, 47 μF tantalum type) of Nichicon Corporation
 Transistor: CPH3210 of Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd.
 Base resistor (R_b): 1.0 kΩ
 Base capacitor (C_b): 2200 pF (ceramic type)

V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} × 0.6 applied, I_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} / 50 Ω

With shutdown function : ON / OFF pin is connected to V_{OUT}

For V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type : VDD pin is connected to VOUT pin

- Remark**
1. V_{OUT(S)} specified above is the set output voltage value, and V_{OUT} is the typical value of the actual output voltage.
 2. V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type
 A step-up operation is performed from V_{DD} = 0.8 V. However, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 10 V is recommended stabilizing the output voltage and oscillation frequency. (V_{DD} ≥ 1.8 V must be applied for products with a set value of less than 1.9 V.)

(2) 250 kHz Product (H, J and L Types)

Table 19

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Measurement circuit | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Output voltage | V_{OUT} | – | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.976$ | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 1.024$ | V | 2 | |
| Input voltage | V_{IN} | – | – | – | 10 | V | 2 | |
| Operation start voltage | V_{ST1} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | – | – | 0.9 | V | 2 | |
| Oscillation start voltage | V_{ST2} | No external parts, Voltage applied to V_{OUT} | – | – | 0.8 | V | 1 | |
| Operation holding voltage | V_{HLD} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, Judged by decreasing V_{IN} voltage gradually | 0.7 | – | – | V | 2 | |
| Current consumption 1 | I_{SS1} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 28.9 | 48.2 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 42.7 | 71.1 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 58.0 | 96.7 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 74.5 | 124.1 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 92.0 | 153.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | – | 110.5 | 184.2 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption 2 | I_{SS2} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 8.7 | 17.3 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 8.8 | 17.6 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 9.0 | 18.0 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 9.2 | 18.3 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 9.3 | 18.6 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | – | 9.5 | 19.0 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption during shutdown (With shutdown function) | I_{SS3} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 1 | |
| EXT pin output current | I_{EXTH} | $V_{EXT} = V_{OUT} - 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | –4.5 | –8.9 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | –6.2 | –12.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | –7.8 | –15.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | –10.3 | –20.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | –13.3 | –26.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | –16.1 | –32.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | –18.9 | –37.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | I_{EXTL} | $V_{EXT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | 9.5 | 19.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | 12.6 | 25.2 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | 15.5 | 31.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | 19.2 | 38.5 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | 23.8 | 47.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | 27.4 | 54.8 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | 30.3 | 60.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| Line regulation | ΔV_{OUT1} | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.4 \text{ to } \times 0.6$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Load regulation | ΔV_{OUT2} | $I_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{A to } V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \times 1.25$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$ | $T_a = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | – | ± 50 | – | ppm / °C | 2 | |
| Oscillation frequency | f_{OSC} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 212.5 | 250 | 287.5 | kHz | 1 | |
| Maximum duty ratio | MaxDuty | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 70 | 78 | 85 | % | 1 | |
| PWM / PFM switching duty ratio (For S-8356/58 Series) | PFMDuty | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} - 0.1 \text{ V}$, No-load | 10 | 15 | 24 | % | 1 | |
| ON / OFF pin input voltage (With shutdown function) | V_{SH} | Measured oscillation at EXT pin | 0.75 | – | – | V | 1 | |
| | V_{SL1} | Judged oscillation stop at EXT pin | At $V_{OUT} \geq 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.3 | V | 1 |
| | V_{SL2} | | At $V_{OUT} < 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.2 | V | 1 |
| ON / OFF pin input current (With shutdown function) | I_{SH} | $V_{ON/OFF} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 1 | |
| | I_{SL} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 1 | |
| Soft start time | t_{SS} | – | 1.5 | 3.0 | 6.0 | ms | 2 | |
| Efficiency | EFFI | – | – | 85 | – | % | 2 | |

External parts

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Coil: | CDRH6D28-220 of Sumida Corporation |
| Diode: | RB461F (Schottky type) of Rohm Co., Ltd. |
| Capacitor: | F93 (16 V, 47 μ F tantalum type) of Nichicon Corporation |
| Transistor: | CPH3210 of Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd. |
| Base resistor (R_b): | 1.0 k Ω |
| Base capacitor (C_b): | 2200 pF (ceramic type) |

$$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.6 \text{ applied, } I_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \Omega$$

With shutdown function : ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$ pin is connected to V_{OUT}

For V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type : V_{DD} pin is connected to V_{OUT} pin

- Remark**
1. $V_{OUT(S)}$ specified above is the set output voltage value, and V_{OUT} is the typical value of the actual output voltage.
 2. V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type
A step-up operation is performed from $V_{DD} = 0.8$ V. However, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 10 \text{ V}$ is recommended stabilizing the output voltage and oscillation frequency. ($V_{DD} \geq 1.8$ V must be applied for products with a set value of less than 1.9 V.)

(3) 300 kHz Product (F, G and M Types)

Table 20

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Measurement circuit | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|----|
| Output voltage | V_{OUT} | – | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.976$ | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 1.024$ | V | 2 | |
| Input voltage | V_{IN} | – | – | – | 10 | V | 2 | |
| Operation start voltage | V_{ST1} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | – | – | 0.9 | V | 2 | |
| Oscillation start voltage | V_{ST2} | No external parts, Voltage applied to V_{OUT} | – | – | 0.8 | V | 1 | |
| Operation holding voltage | V_{HLD} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, Judged by decreasing V_{IN} voltage gradually | 0.7 | – | – | V | 2 | |
| Current consumption 1 | I_{SS1} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 33.8 | 56.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 50.3 | 83.9 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 68.6 | 114.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 88.4 | 147.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 109.4 | 182.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | – | 131.6 | 219.3 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption 2 | I_{SS2} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 9.7 | 19.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 9.9 | 19.7 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 10.0 | 20.0 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 10.2 | 20.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 10.4 | 20.7 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | – | 10.5 | 21.0 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption during shutdown (With shutdown function) | I_{SSS} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 1 | |
| EXT pin output current | I_{EXTH} | $V_{EXT} = V_{OUT} - 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | –4.5 | –8.9 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | –6.2 | –12.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | –7.8 | –15.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | –10.3 | –20.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | –13.3 | –26.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | –16.1 | –32.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | I_{EXTL} | $V_{EXT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | 9.5 | 19.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | 12.6 | 25.2 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | 15.5 | 31.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | 19.2 | 38.5 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | 23.8 | 47.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | 27.4 | 54.8 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | 30.3 | 60.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | Line regulation | ΔV_{OUT1} | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.4 \text{ to } \times 0.6$ | – | 30 | 60 |
| Load regulation | ΔV_{OUT2} | $I_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{A to } V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \times 1.25$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$ | $T_a = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | – | ± 50 | – | ppm / °C | 2 | |
| Oscillation frequency | f_{OSC} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 255 | 300 | 345 | kHz | 1 | |
| Maximum duty ratio | MaxDuty | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 70 | 78 | 85 | % | 1 | |
| PWM / PFM switching duty ratio (For S-8356/58 Series) | PFMDuty | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} - 0.1 \text{ V}$, No-load | 10 | 15 | 24 | % | 1 | |
| ON / OFF pin input voltage (With shutdown function) | V_{SH} | Measured oscillation at EXT pin | 0.75 | – | – | V | 1 | |
| | V_{SL1} | Judged oscillation stop at EXT pin | At $V_{OUT} \geq 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.3 | V | 1 |
| | V_{SL2} | | At $V_{OUT} < 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.2 | V | 1 |
| ON / OFF pin input current (With shutdown function) | I_{SH} | $V_{ON/OFF} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 1 | |
| | I_{SL} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 1 | |
| Soft start time | t_{SS} | – | 1.5 | 3.0 | 6.0 | ms | 2 | |
| Efficiency | EFFI | – | – | 85 | – | % | 2 | |

External parts

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Coil: | CDRH6D28-220 of Sumida Corporation |
| Diode: | RB461F (Schottky type) of Rohm Co., Ltd. |
| Capacitor: | F93 (16 V, 47 μ F tantalum type) of Nichicon Corporation |
| Transistor: | CPH3210 of Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd. |
| Base resistor (R_b): | 1.0 k Ω |
| Base capacitor (C_b): | 2200 pF (ceramic type) |

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.6$ applied, $I_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \Omega$

With shutdown function : ON/ \overline{OFF} pin is connected to V_{OUT}

For V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type : V_{DD} pin is connected to V_{OUT} pin

- Remark**
1. $V_{OUT(S)}$ specified above is the set output voltage value, and V_{OUT} is the typical value of the actual output voltage.
 2. V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type
A step-up operation is performed from $V_{DD} = 0.8$ V. However, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 10 \text{ V}$ is recommended stabilizing the output voltage and oscillation frequency. ($V_{DD} \geq 1.8 \text{ V}$ must be applied for products with a set value of less than 1.9 V.)

(4) 600 kHz Product (N Type)

Table 21

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Measurement circuit | |
|---|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Output voltage | V_{OUT} | – | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.976$ | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 1.024$ | V | 2 | |
| Input voltage | V_{IN} | – | – | – | 10 | V | 2 | |
| Operation start voltage | V_{ST1} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | – | – | 0.9 | V | 2 | |
| Oscillation start voltage | V_{ST2} | No external parts, Voltage applied to V_{OUT} | – | – | 0.8 | V | 1 | |
| Operation holding voltage | V_{HLD} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, Judged by decreasing V_{IN} voltage gradually | 0.7 | – | – | V | 2 | |
| Current consumption 1 | I_{SS1} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 63.6 | 105.9 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 96.4 | 160.6 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 132.8 | 221.3 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 172.2 | 286.9 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 214.0 | 356.7 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption 2 | I_{SS2} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | – | 15.9 | 31.8 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 29 | – | 16.1 | 32.1 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | – | 16.2 | 32.4 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | – | 16.4 | 32.8 | μA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | – | 16.6 | 33.1 | μA | 1 |
| Current consumption during shutdown | I_{SSS} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 1 | |
| | | | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 1 | |
| EXT pin output current | I_{EXTH} | $V_{EXT} = V_{OUT} - 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | –4.5 | –8.9 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | –6.2 | –12.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | –7.8 | –15.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | –10.3 | –20.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | –13.3 | –26.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | –16.1 | –32.3 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | –18.9 | –37.7 | – | mA | 1 |
| | I_{EXTL} | $V_{EXT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | S-835xx15 to 19 | 9.5 | 19.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx20 to 24 | 12.6 | 25.2 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx25 to 29 | 15.5 | 31.0 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx30 to 39 | 19.2 | 38.5 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx40 to 49 | 23.8 | 47.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx50 to 59 | 27.4 | 54.8 | – | mA | 1 |
| | | | S-835xx60 to 65 | 30.3 | 60.6 | – | mA | 1 |
| Line regulation | ΔV_{OUT1} | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.4 \text{ to } \times 0.6$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Load regulation | ΔV_{OUT2} | $I_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{A to } V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \times 1.25$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 2 | |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$ | $T_a = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | – | ± 50 | – | $\text{ppm} / ^\circ\text{C}$ | 2 | |
| Oscillation frequency | f_{OSC} | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 510 | 600 | 690 | kHz | 1 | |
| Maximum duty ratio | MaxDuty | $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | 65 | 78 | 85 | % | 1 | |
| PWM / PFM switching duty ratio (For S-8356/58 Series) | PFMDuty | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} - 0.1 \text{ V}$, No-load | 10 | 15 | 24 | % | 1 | |
| ON / OFF pin input voltage | V_{SH} | Measured oscillation at EXT pin | 0.75 | – | – | V | 1 | |
| | V_{SL1} | Judged oscillation stop at EXT pin | At $V_{OUT} \geq 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.3 | V | 1 |
| | V_{SL2} | At $V_{OUT} < 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.2 | V | 1 | |
| ON / OFF pin input current | I_{SH} | $V_{ON/OFF} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 1 | |
| | I_{SL} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 1 | |
| Soft start time | t_{SS} | – | 1.5 | 3.0 | 6.0 | ms | 2 | |
| Efficiency | EFFI | – | – | 85 | – | % | 2 | |

External parts

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Coil: | CDRH6D28-100 of Sumida Corporation |
| Diode: | RB461F (Schottky type) of Rohm Co., Ltd. |
| Capacitor: | F93 (16 V, 47 μ F tantalum type) of Nichicon Corporation |
| Transistor: | CPH3210 of Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd. |
| Base resistor (R_b): | 1.0 k Ω |
| Base capacitor (C_b): | 2200 pF (ceramic type) |

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.6$ applied, $I_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \Omega$, ON/OFF = V_{OUT}

Remark $V_{OUT(S)}$ specified above is the set output voltage value, and V_{OUT} is the typical value of the actual output voltage.

(5) 600 kHz Product (P and Q types)

Table 22

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Measurement circuit | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Output voltage | V_{OUT} | – | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.976$ | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $V_{OUT(S)} \times 1.024$ | V | 4 | |
| Input voltage | V_{IN} | – | – | – | 10 | V | 4 | |
| Operation start voltage | V_{ST1} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | – | – | 0.9 | V | 4 | |
| Oscillation start voltage | V_{ST2} | No external parts, Voltage applied to V_{DD} | – | – | 0.8 | V | 3 | |
| Operation holding voltage | V_{HLD} | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, Judged by decreasing V_{IN} voltage gradually | 0.7 | – | – | V | 4 | |
| Current consumption 1 | I_{SS1} | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | – | 132.8 | 221.3 | μA | 3 | |
| Current consumption 2 | I_{SS2} | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | – | 16.2 | 32.4 | μA | 3 | |
| Current consumption during shutdown (With shutdown function) | I_{SS3} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.5 | μA | 3 | |
| EXT pin output current | I_{EXTH} | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | –10.3 | –20.7 | – | mA | 3 | |
| | I_{EXTL} | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | 19.2 | 38.5 | – | mA | 3 | |
| Line regulation | ΔV_{OUT1} | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.4 \text{ to } \times 0.6$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 4 | |
| Load regulation | ΔV_{OUT2} | $I_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{A to } V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \times 1.25$ | – | 30 | 60 | mV | 4 | |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$ | $T_a = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | – | ± 50 | – | ppm / °C | 4 | |
| Oscillation frequency | f_{OSC} | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | 510 | 600 | 690 | kHz | 3 | |
| Maximum duty ratio | MaxDuty | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | 65 | 78 | 85 | % | 3 | |
| PWM / PFM switching duty ratio (For S-8356/58 Series) | PFMDuty | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} - 0.1 \text{ V}$, No-load | 10 | 15 | 24 | % | 3 | |
| ON / OFF pin input voltage (With shutdown function) | V_{SH} | Measured oscillation at EXT pin | 0.75 | – | – | V | 3 | |
| | V_{SL1} | Judged oscillation stop at EXT pin | At $V_{OUT} \geq 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.3 | V | 3 |
| | V_{SL2} | | At $V_{OUT} < 1.5 \text{ V}$ | – | – | 0.2 | V | 3 |
| ON / OFF pin input current (With shutdown function) | I_{SH} | $V_{ON/OFF} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.95$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 3 | |
| | I_{SL} | $V_{ON/OFF} = 0 \text{ V}$ | –0.1 | – | 0.1 | μA | 3 | |
| Soft start time | t_{SS} | – | 1.5 | 3.0 | 6.0 | ms | 4 | |
| Efficiency | EFFI | – | – | 85 | – | % | 4 | |

External parts

Coil: CDRH6D28-100 of Sumida Corporation
 Diode: RB461F (Schottky type) of Rohm Co., Ltd.
 Capacitor: F93 (16 V, 47 μF tantalum type) of Nichicon Corporation
 Transistor: CPH3210 of Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd.
 Base resistor (R_b): 1.0 k Ω
 Base capacitor (C_b): 2200 pF (ceramic type)

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.6$ applied, $I_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} / 50 \Omega$, $V_{ON/OFF} = V_{OUT}$

- Remark**
- $V_{OUT(S)}$ specified above is the set output voltage value, and V_{OUT} is the typical value of the actual output voltage.
 - V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type
 A step-up operation is performed from $V_{DD} = 0.8 \text{ V}$. However, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 10 \text{ V}$ is recommended stabilizing the output voltage and oscillation frequency. ($V_{DD} \geq 1.8 \text{ V}$ must be applied for products with a set value of less than 1.9 V.)

■ **Measurement Circuits**



Figure 9

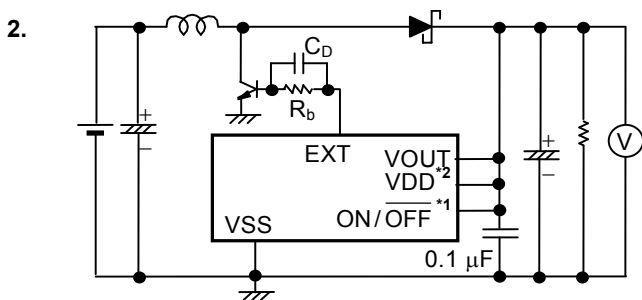


Figure 10



Figure 11



Figure 12

*1. With shutdown function

*2. For V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type

■ Operation

1. Switching Control Types

1.1 PWM Control (S-8355/57 Series)

The S-8355/57 Series is a DC-DC converter using a pulse width modulation method (PWM) and features a low current consumption.

In conventional PFM DC-DC converters, pulses are skipped when the output load current is low, causing a fluctuation in the ripple frequency of the output voltage, resulting in an increase in the ripple voltage. The switching frequency does not change, although the pulse width changes from 0 to 83% (78% for F, G, H, J, L, M, N, P and Q types) corresponding to each load current. The ripple voltage generated from switching can thus be removed easily through a filter because the switching frequency is constant.

1.2 PWM/PFM Switching Control (S-8356/58 Series)

S-8356/58 Series is a DC-DC converter that automatically switches between a pulse width modulation method (PWM) and a pulse frequency modulation method (PFM), depending on the load current, and features low current consumption.

The S-8356/58 Series operates under PWM control with the pulse width duty changing from 15 to 83% (78% for F, G, H, J, L, M, N, P and Q types) in a high output load current area.

The S-8356/58 Series operates under PFM control with the pulse width duty fixed at 15%, and pulses are skipped according to the load current. The oscillation circuit thus oscillates intermittently so that the resultant lower self current consumption prevents a reduction in the efficiency at a low load current. The switching point from PWM control to PFM control depends on the external devices (coil, diode, etc.), input voltage and output voltage. This series are an especially highly efficient DC-DC converter at an output current around 100 μ A.

2. Soft Start Function

For this IC, the built-in soft start circuit controls the rush current and overshoot of the output voltage when powering on or when the ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$ pin is switched to the "H" level.

3. ON/OFF Pin (Shutdown Pin) (SOT-23-5 Package Products of S-8355/56/57/58 Series B, H, F, K, L, M, N and Q Types)

ON/OFF pin stops or starts step-up operation.

Setting the ON/OFF pin to the “L” level stops operation of all the internal circuits and reduces the current consumption significantly.

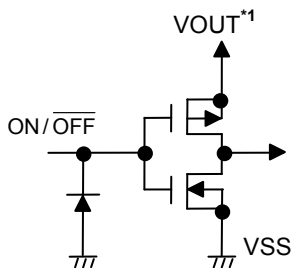
DO NOT use the ON/OFF pin in a floating state because it has the structure shown in **Figure 13** and is not pulled up or pulled down internally. DO NOT apply a voltage of between 0.3 V and 0.75 V to the ON/OFF pin because applying such a voltage increases the current consumption. If the ON/OFF pin is not used, connect it to the VOUT pin.

The ON/OFF pin does not have hysteresis.

Table 23

| ON/OFF pin | CR oscillation circuit | Output voltage |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| “H” | Operation | Fixed |
| “L” | Stop | $\cong V_{IN}^{*1}$ |

*1. Voltage obtained by subtracting the voltage drop due to the DC resistance of the inductor and the diode forward voltage from V_{IN} .



*1. VDD for K, L, M and Q types.

Figure 13 ON/OFF Pin Structure

4. Operation

The following are the basic equations [(1) through (7)] of the step-up switching regulator. (Refer to **Figure 14.**)



Figure 14 Step-Up Switching Regulator Circuit for Basic Equation

Voltage at CONT pin at the moment M1 is turned ON (V_A) *1 :

$$V_A = V_S \cdot 2 \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

- *1. Current flowing through L (I_L) is zero.
- *2. Non-saturated voltage of M1.

The change in I_L over time :

$$\frac{dI_L}{dt} = \frac{V_L}{L} = \frac{V_{IN} - V_S}{L} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

Integration of equation (2) (I_L) :

$$I_L = \left(\frac{V_{IN} - V_S}{L} \right) \cdot t \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

I_L flows while M1 is ON (t_{ON}). The time of t_{ON} is determined by the oscillation frequency of OSC.

The peak current (I_{PK}) after t_{ON} :

$$I_{PK} = \left(\frac{V_{IN} - V_S}{L} \right) \cdot t_{ON} \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

The energy stored in L is represented by $1/2 \cdot L \cdot (I_{PK})^2$.

When M1 is turned OFF (t_{OFF}), the energy stored in L is emitted through a diode to the output capacitor.

Then, the reverse voltage (V_L) is generated :

$$V_L = (V_{OUT} + V_D \cdot 1) - V_{IN} \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

- *1. Diode forward voltage

The voltage at CONT pin rises only by $V_{OUT} + V_D$.

The change in the current (I_L) flowing through the diode into V_{OUT} during t_{OFF} :

$$\frac{dI_L}{dt} = \frac{V_L}{L} = \frac{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}}{L} \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

Integration of the equation (6) is as follows :

$$I_L = I_{PK} - \left(\frac{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}}{L} \right) \cdot t \dots\dots\dots (7)$$

During t_{ON} , the energy is stored in L and is not transmitted to V_{OUT} . When receiving the output current (I_{OUT}) from V_{OUT} , the energy of the capacitor (C_L) is consumed. As a result, the pin voltage of C_L is reduced, and goes to the lowest level after M1 is turned ON (t_{ON}). When M1 is turned OFF, the energy stored in L is transmitted through the diode to C_L , and the voltage of C_L rises rapidly. V_{OUT} is a time function, and therefore indicates the maximum value (ripple voltage (V_{P-P})) when the current flowing through into V_{OUT} and load current (I_{OUT}) match.

Next, the ripple voltage is determined as follows.

I_{OUT} vs. t_1 (time) from when M1 is turned OFF (after t_{ON}) to when V_{OUT} reaches the maximum level :

$$I_{OUT} = I_{PK} - \left(\frac{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}}{L} \right) \cdot t_1 \dots\dots\dots (8)$$

$$\therefore t_1 = (I_{PK} - I_{OUT}) \cdot \left(\frac{L}{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}} \right) \dots\dots\dots (9)$$

When M1 is turned OFF (t_{OFF}), $I_L = 0$ (when the energy of the inductor is completely transmitted). Based on equation (7) :

$$\left(\frac{L}{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}} \right) = \frac{t_{OFF}}{I_{PK}} \dots\dots\dots (10)$$

When substituting equation (10) for equation (9) :

$$t_1 = t_{OFF} - \left(\frac{I_{OUT}}{I_{PK}} \right) \cdot t_{OFF} \dots\dots\dots (11)$$

Electric charge ΔQ_1 which is charged in C_L during t_1 :

$$\Delta Q_1 = \int_0^{t_1} I_L dt = I_{PK} \cdot \int_0^{t_1} dt - \frac{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}}{L} \cdot \int_0^{t_1} t dt = I_{PK} \cdot t_1 - \frac{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}}{L} \cdot \frac{1}{2} t_1^2 \dots\dots\dots (12)$$

When substituting equation (12) for equation (9) :

$$\Delta Q_1 = I_{PK} - \frac{1}{2} (I_{PK} - I_{OUT}) \cdot t_1 = \frac{I_{PK} + I_{OUT}}{2} \cdot t_1 \dots\dots\dots (13)$$

A rise in voltage (V_{P-P}) due to ΔQ_1 :

$$V_{P-P} = \frac{\Delta Q_1}{C_L} = \frac{1}{C_L} \cdot \left(\frac{I_{PK} + I_{OUT}}{2} \right) \cdot t_1 \dots\dots\dots (14)$$

When taking into consideration I_{OUT} to be consumed during t_1 and the Equivalent Series Resistance (R_{ESR}) of C_L :

$$V_{P-P} = \frac{\Delta Q_1}{C_L} = \frac{1}{C_L} \cdot \left(\frac{I_{PK} + I_{OUT}}{2} \right) \cdot t_1 + \left(\frac{I_{PK} + I_{OUT}}{2} \right) \cdot R_{ESR} - \frac{I_{OUT} \cdot t_1}{C_L} \dots\dots\dots (15)$$

When substituting equation (11) for equation (15) :

$$V_{P-P} = \frac{(I_{PK} - I_{OUT})^2}{2I_{PK}} \cdot \frac{t_{OFF}}{C_L} + \left(\frac{I_{PK} + I_{OUT}}{2} \right) \cdot R_{ESR} \dots\dots\dots (16)$$

Therefore to reduce the ripple voltage, it is important that the capacitor connected to the output pin has a large capacity and a small R_{ESR} .

■ External Parts Selection

The relationship between the major characteristics of the step-up circuit and the characteristics parameters of the external parts are shown in **Figure 15**.

| For larger output current ? | For higher efficiency ? | | For smaller ripple voltage ? |
|--|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | Operation efficiency | Stand-by efficiency | |
| Smaller inductance | Larger inductance | | |
| Smaller direct current resistance of inductor | | | |
| Larger output capacitance | | | Larger output capacitance |
| With MOS FET, smaller ON resistance | | With MOS FET, smaller input capacitance | |
| With bipolar transistor, smaller external resistance R_b | | With bipolar transistor, larger external resistance R_b | |

Figure 15 Relationship between Major Characteristics of Step-up Circuit and External Parts

1. Inductor

The inductance value (L value) has a strong influence on the maximum output current (I_{OUT}) and efficiency (η). **Figure 16** shows the relationship between the I_{OUT} and η dependency on L of S-8355/56/57/58 series.



Figure 16 L Value vs. I_{OUT} Characteristics, L Value vs. η Characteristics

The peak current (I_{PK}) increases by decreasing L value and the stability of the circuit improves and I_{OUT} increases. If L value is decreased, the efficiency falls causing a decline in the current drive capacity for the switching transistor, and I_{OUT} decreases.

The loss of I_{PK} by the switching transistor decreases by increasing L value and the efficiency becomes maximum at a certain L value. Further increasing L value decreases the efficiency due to the loss of the direct current resistance of the coil. I_{OUT} also decreases.

A higher oscillation frequency allows selection of a lower L value, making the coil smaller.

The recommended inductances are a 22 to 100 μH for B, E, and K types, a 4.7 to 47 μH for F, G, H, J, L, and M types, 3.0 to 22 μH for N, P and Q types.

Be careful of the allowable inductor current when choosing an inductor. Exceeding the allowable current of the inductor causes magnetic saturation, much lower efficiency and destruction of the IC chip due to a large current.

Choose an inductor so that I_{PK} does not exceed the allowable current. I_{PK} in discontinuous mode is calculated by the following equation:

$$I_{PK} = \sqrt{\frac{2 I_{OUT} (V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN})}{f_{OSC} \cdot L}} \text{ (A)} \dots\dots\dots (17)$$

f_{osc} = oscillation frequency, $V_D \cong 0.4\text{ V}$.

2. Diode

Use an external diode that meets the following requirements :

- Low forward voltage : $V_F < 0.3\text{ V}$
- High switching speed : 500 ns max.
- Reverse voltage : $V_{OUT} + V_F$ or more
- Current rate : I_{PK} or more

3. Capacitor (C_{IN} , C_L)

A capacitor on the input side (C_{IN}) improves the efficiency by reducing the power impedance and stabilizing the input current. Select a C_{IN} value according to the impedance of the power supply used.

A capacitor on the output side (C_L) is used for smoothing the output voltage. For step-up types, the output voltage flows intermittently to the load current, so step-up types need a larger capacitance than step-down types. Therefore, select an appropriate capacitor in accordance with the ripple voltage, which increases in case of a higher output voltage or a higher load current. The capacitor value should be 10 μ F or more.

Select an appropriate capacitor the equivalent series resistance (R_{ESR}) for stable output voltage. The stable voltage range in this IC depends on the R_{ESR} . Although the inductance value (L value) is also a factor, an R_{ESR} of 30 to 500 m Ω maximizes the characteristics. However, the best R_{ESR} value may depend on the L value, the capacitance, the wiring, and the applications (output load). Therefore, fully evaluate the R_{ESR} under the actual operating conditions to determine the best value.

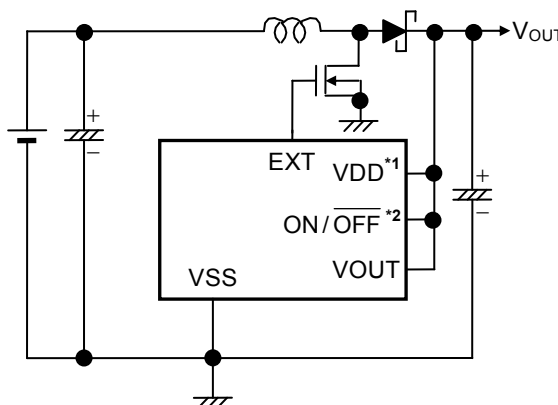
Refer to the “3. Example of Ceramic Capacitor Application” (Figure 26) in the “Application Circuit” for the circuit example using a ceramic capacitor and the external resistance of the capacitor (R_{ESR}).

4. External Transistor

An enhancement (N-channel) MOS FET type or A bipolar (NPN) type can be used as the external transistor.

4.1 Enhancement (N-channel) MOS FET Type

Figure 17 is a circuit example using a MOS FET transistor (N-channel).



*1. For V_{DD} / V_{OUT} separate type.

*2. With shutdown function.

Figure 17 Circuit Example Using MOS FET (N-channel) Type

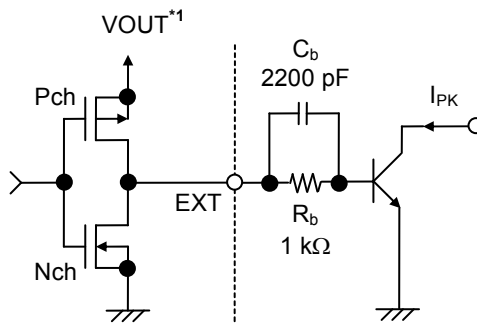
An N-channel power MOS FET should be used for the MOS FET. Because the gate voltage and current of the external power MOS FET are supplied from the stepped-up output voltage (V_{OUT}), the MOS FET is driven more effectively.

A large current may flow during startup, depending on the MOS FET selection. So perform sufficient evaluation using the actual devices. Also recommend to use a MOS FET with an input capacitance of 700 pF or less.

Since the ON-resistance of the MOS FET might depend on the difference between the output voltage (V_{OUT}) and the threshold voltage of the MOS FET, and affect the output current as well as the efficiency, the threshold voltage should be low. When the output voltage is low, the circuit operates only when the MOS FET has a threshold voltage lower than the output voltage.

4.2 Bipolar (NPN) Type

A circuit example using the CPH3210 ($h_{FE} = 200$ to 560) from Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd. As a bipolar transistor (NPN) is shown in **Figure 19 to 24** in the “■ Standard Circuits”. The h_{FE} value and R_b value of the bipolar transistor determine the driving capacity to increase the output current using a bipolar transistor. A peripheral circuit example of the transistor is shown in **Figure 18**.



*1. V_{DD} for E, G, J, K, L, M, P and Q types.

Figure 18 External Transistor Peripheral Circuit

The recommended R_b value is around $1\text{ k}\Omega$. Actually, calculate the necessary base current (I_b) from the bipolar transistor (h_{FE}) using $I_b = \frac{I_{PK}}{h_{FE}}$, and select the smaller R_b value than $R_b = \frac{V_{OUT} - 0.7}{I_b} - \frac{0.4}{|I_{EXTH}|}$ *1.

A small R_b value can increase the output current, but the efficiency decreases. Since a current may flow on the pulse and the voltage may drop due to wiring resistance or other factors in the actual circuit, therefore the optimum R_b value should be determined by experiment.

Connecting the speed-up capacitor (C_b) in parallel with the R_b resistance as shown in **Figure 18**, decreases switching loss and improves the efficiency.

The C_b value is calculated according to $C_b \leq \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot R_b \cdot f_{osc} \cdot 0.7}$.

Select a C_b value after performing sufficient evaluation since the optimum C_b value differs depending upon the characteristics of the bipolar transistor.

*1. For E, G, J, K, L, M, P and Q type, $R_b = \frac{V_{DD} - 0.7}{I_b} - \frac{0.4}{|I_{EXTH}|}$.

5. V_{DD} / V_{OUT} Separate Type (For E, G, J, K, L, M, P and Q Types)

The E, G, J, K, L, M, P and Q types provides separate internal circuit power supply (V_{DD} pin) and output voltage setting pin (V_{OUT} pin) in the IC, making it ideal for the following applications.

- (1) When changing the output voltage with external resistance.
- (2) When outputting a high voltage such as +15 V or +20 V.

Choose the products in the **Table 24** according to the applications (1) or (2) above.

Table 24

| Output Voltage (V _{CC}) | 1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} < 5 V | 5 V ≤ V _{CC} | Reference Circuit |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| S-835xx18 | Yes | Yes | Application circuit 1 (Figure 25) |
| S-835xx50 | – | Yes | Application circuit 1 (Figure 25) |
| Connection to VDD pin | V _{IN} or V _{CC} | V _{IN} | – |

Cautions 1. This IC starts a step-up operation at V_{DD} = 0.8 V, but set 1.8 ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 10 V to stabilize the output voltage and frequency of the oscillator. (Input a voltage of 1.8 V or more at the VDD pin for all products with a setting less than 1.9 V.) An input voltage of 1.8 V or more at the VDD pin allows connection of the VDD pin to either the input voltage V_{IN} pin or output V_{OUT} pin.

2. Choose external resistors R_A and R_B so as to not affect the output voltage, considering that there is impedance between the V_{OUT} pin and VSS pin in the IC chip. The internal resistance between the V_{OUT} pin and VSS pin is as follows :

- (1) S-835xx18 : 2.1 to 14.8 MΩ
- (2) S-835xx20 : 1.4 to 14.8 MΩ
- (3) S-835xx30 : 1.4 to 14.2 MΩ
- (4) S-835xx50 : 1.4 to 12.1 MΩ

3. Attach a capacitor (C_C) in parallel to the R_A resistance when an unstable event such as oscillation of the output voltage occurs. Calculate C_C using the following equation :

$$C_c [F] = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_A \cdot 20 \text{ kHz}}$$

■ **Standard Circuits**

- (1) **S-8357BxxMA, S-8357BxxUA, S-8358BxxMA, S-8358BxxUA**



Remark The power supply for the IC chip is from the VOUT pin.

Figure 19

- (2) **S-8357BxxMC, S-8357FxxMC, S-8357HxxMC, S-8357NxxMC, S-8358BxxMC, S-8358FxxMC, S-8358HxxMC, S-8358NxxMC**



Remark The power supply for the IC chip is from the VOUT pin.

Figure 20

- (3) **S-8357ExxMC, S-8357GxxMC, S-8357JxxMC, S-8357PxxMC, S-8358ExxMC, S-8358GxxMC, S-8358JxxMC, S-8358PxxMC**



Remark The power supply for the IC chip is from the VDD pin.

Figure 21

- (4) S-8357ExxMC, S-8357GxxMC, S-8357JxxMC, S-8358ExxMC, S-8358GxxMC, S-8358JxxMC



Remark The power supply for the IC chip is from the VDD pin.

Figure 22

- (5) S-8355KxxMC, S-8355LxxMC, S-8355MxxMC, S-8355QxxMC, S-8356KxxMC, S-8356LxxMC, S-8356MxxMC, S-8356QxxMC



Remark The power supply for the IC chip is from the VDD pin.

Figure 23

- (6) S-8355KxxMC, S-8355LxxMC, S-8355MxxMC, S-8356KxxMC, S-8356LxxMC, S-8356MxxMC



Remark The power supply for the IC chip is from the VDD pin.

Figure 24

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform through evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

■ Precautions

- Mount external capacitors, the diode, and the coil as close as possible to the IC.
- Characteristics ripple voltage and spike noise occur in IC containing switching regulators. Moreover rush current flows at the time of a power supply injection. Because these largely depend on the coil, the capacitor and impedance of power supply used, fully check them using an actually mounted model.
- Make sure that the dissipation of the switching transistor (especially at a high temperature) does not exceed the allowable power dissipation of the package.
- The performance of this IC varies depending on the design of the PCB patterns, peripheral circuits and external parts. Thoroughly test all settings with your device. Also, try to use the recommended external parts. If not, contact an ABLIC Inc. sales person.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

■ Application Circuits

1. LCD Power Supply

The following example is an application power supply circuit (15 V / 20 V output) to drive an LCD panel, and its characteristics.



Figure 25 Power Supply Circuit Example for LCD

Table 25

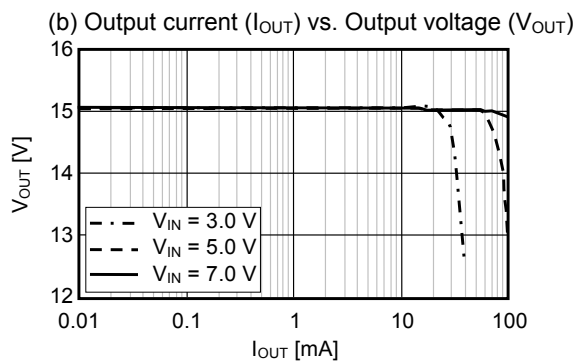
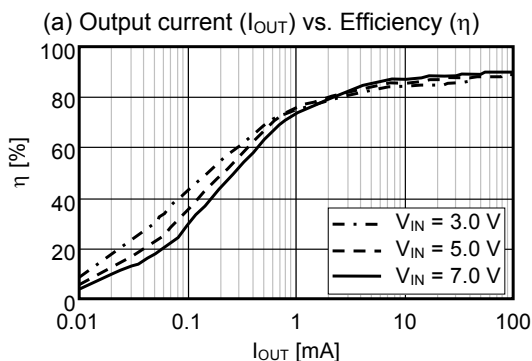
| Condition | Output Voltage | IC | L Type Name | TR Type Name | SD Type Name | C _L | R _a | R _b | C _c |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1 | 15 V | S-8356M50 | CDRH5D18-220 | MCH3405 | MA2Z748 | F93 (20 V, 10 μF) | 580 kΩ | 300 kΩ | 15 pF |
| 2 | 20 V | S-8356M50 | CDRH5D18-220 | FDN337N | MA729 | F93 (25 V, 10 μF) | 575 kΩ | 200 kΩ | 15 pF |
| 3 | 10 V | S-8356Q50 | CDRH5D18-100 | MCH3405 | MA2Z748 | F93 (20 V, 10 μF) | 560 kΩ | 560 kΩ | 15 pF |

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform through evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

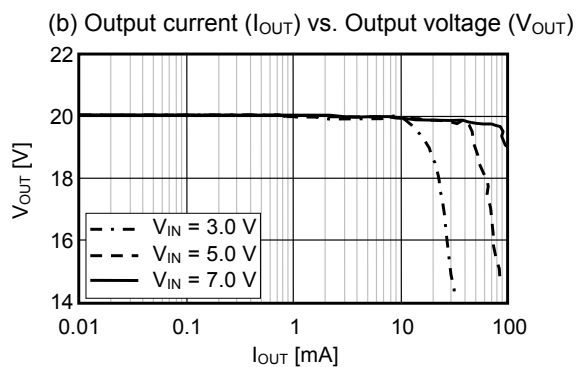
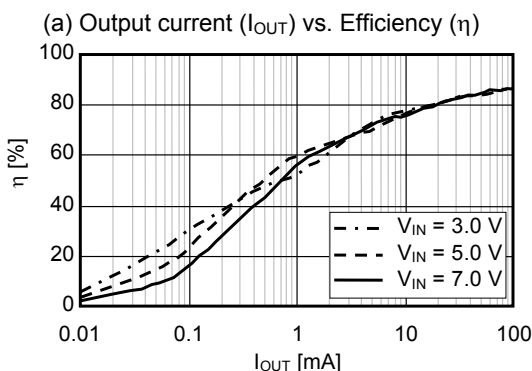
2. Output Characteristics of The Power Supply for LCD

The data of the step-up characteristics (a) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η) characteristics, (b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT}) characteristics under conditions of 1 to 3 in **Table 25** is shown below.

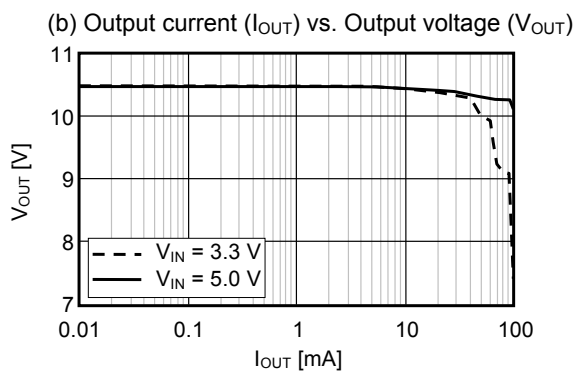
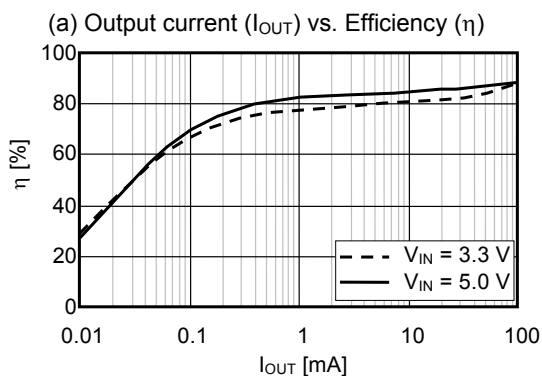
Condition 1



Condition 2



Condition 3



3. Using Ceramic Capacitor Example

When using small R_{ESR} parts such as ceramic capacitors for the output capacitance, mount a resistor (R_1) corresponding to the R_{ESR} in series with the ceramic capacitor (C_L) as shown in **Figure 26**. R_1 differs depending on “L” value, the capacitance, the wiring, and the application (output load). The following example shows a circuit using $R_1 = 100\text{ m}\Omega$, output voltage = 3.3 V, output load = 500 mA and its characteristics.



Figure 26 Using Ceramic Capacitor Circuit Example

Table 26

| Condition | IC | L Type Name | TR Type Name | SD Type Name | SD Type Name | R_1 |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | S-8357F33 | CDRH6D28-220 | FDN335N | M1FH3 | 10 $\mu\text{F} \times 2$ | 100 m Ω |
| 2 | S-8358B50 | CDRH6D28-470 | FDN335N | M1FH3 | 10 $\mu\text{F} \times 2$ | 100 m Ω |
| 3 | S-8357N33 | CDRH6D28-100 | FDN335N | M1FH3 | 10 $\mu\text{F} \times 2$ | 100 m Ω |

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform through evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

4. Output Characteristics of The Using Ceramic Capacitor Circuit Example

The data of the step-up characteristics (a) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η) characteristics, (b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT}) characteristics, (c) Output Current (I_{OUT}) vs. Ripple voltage (V_r) under conditions of 1 to 3 in **Table 26** is shown below.

Condition 1



Condition 2



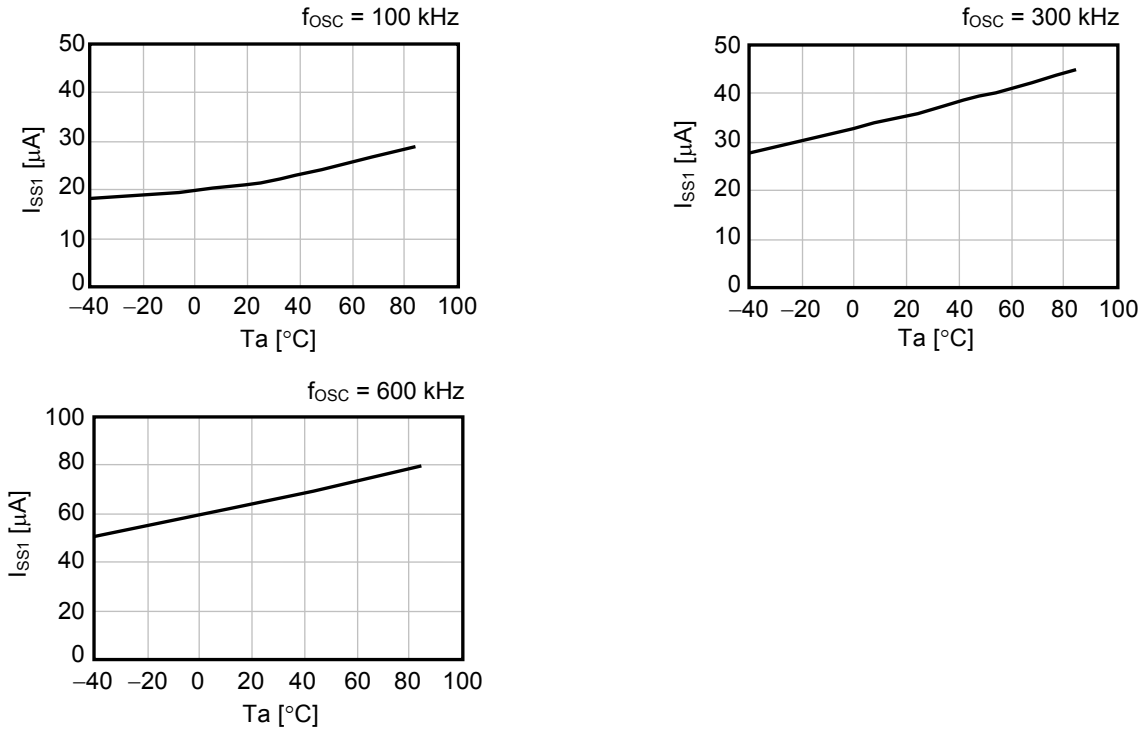
Condition 3



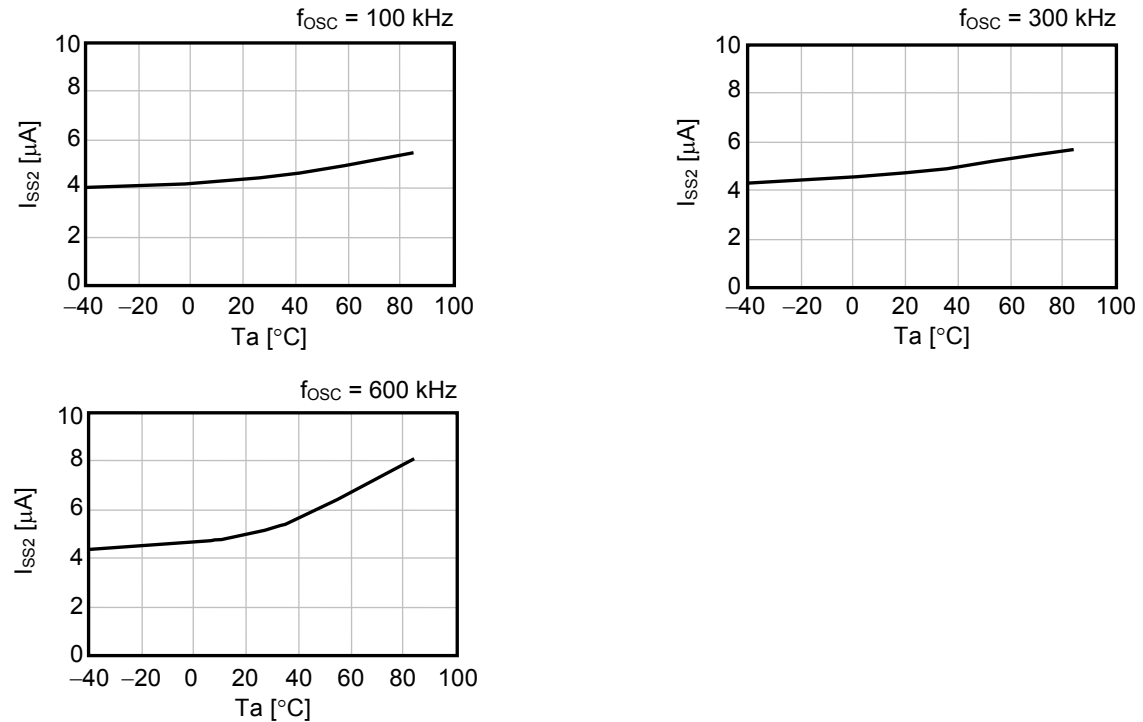
■ **Characteristics (Typical Data)**

1. Example of Major Temperature characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85 °C)

(1) Current Consumption 1 (I_{SS1}) vs. Temperature (Ta) (V_{OUT} = 3.3 V)



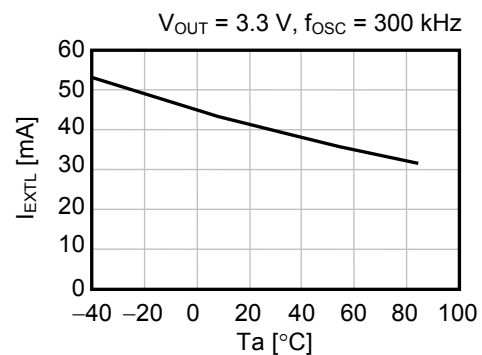
(2) Current Consumption 2 (I_{SS2}) vs. Temperature (Ta) (V_{OUT} = 3.3 V)



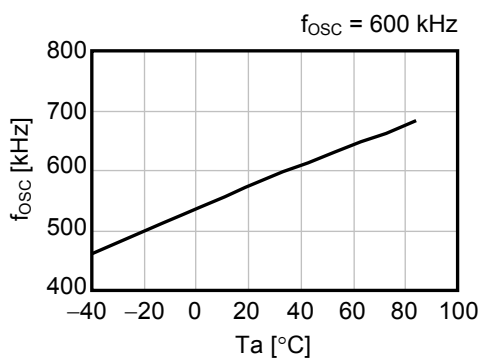
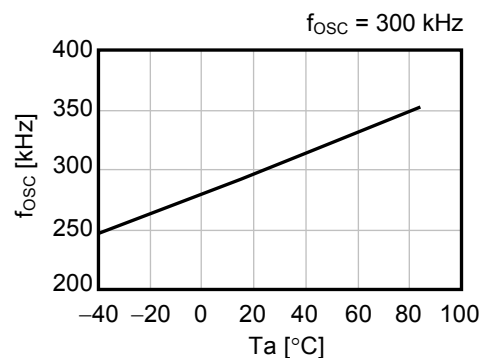
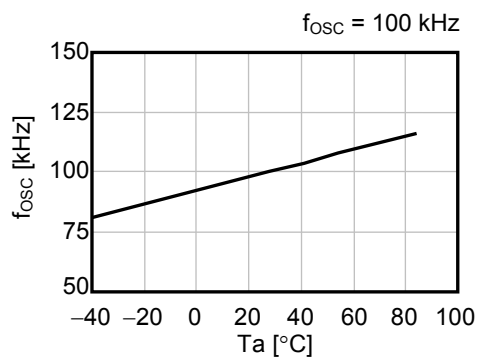
(3) Current Consumption at Shutdown (I_{SS}) vs. Temperature (T_a)



(4) EXT Pin Output Current "H" (I_{EXTH}) vs. Temperature (T_a) **(5) EXT Pin Output Current "L" (I_{EXTL}) vs. Temperature (T_a)**



(6) Oscillation Frequency (f_{OSC}) vs. Temperature (T_a) ($V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$)



(7) Maximum Duty Ratio (MaxDuty) vs. Temperature (Ta) (V_{OUT} = 3.3 V)



(8) PWM / PFM Switching Duty Ratio (PFMDuty) vs. Temperature (Ta) (S-8356/58 Series)



(9) ON/OFF Pin Input Voltage "H" (V_{SH}) vs. Temperature (Ta)



(10) ON/OFF Pin Input Voltage "L" 1 (V_{SL1}) vs. Temperature (Ta)



(11) ON/OFF Pin Input Voltage "L" 2 (V_{SL2}) vs. Temperature (Ta)



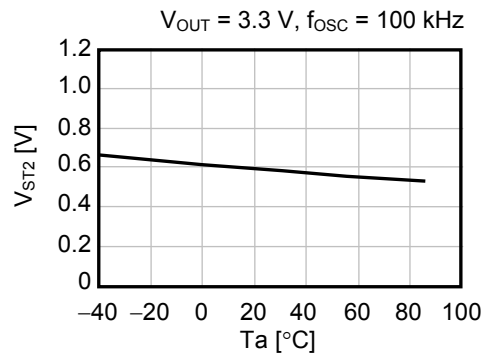
(12) Soft Start Time (t_{SS}) vs. Temperature (T_a) ($V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$)



(13) Operation Start Voltage (V_{ST1}) vs. Temperature (T_a)



(14) Oscillation Start Voltage (V_{ST2}) vs. Temperature (T_a)



(15) Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) vs. Temperature (T_a) ($V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$)



2. Examples of Major Power Supply Dependence Characteristics (Ta = 25 °C)

(1) Current Consumption 1 (I_{SS1}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD}), Current Consumption 2 (I_{SS2}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD})
 (V_{OUT} = 3.3 V)



(2) Current Consumption at Shutdown (I_{SSS}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD})



(3) Oscillation Frequency (f_{OSC}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD})



(4) Maximum Duty Ratio (MaxDuty) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD})



(5) EXT Pin Output Current "H" (I_{EXTH}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD})



(6) EXT Pin Output Current "L" (I_{EXTL}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD})



(7) Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) vs. Power Supply Voltage (V_{DD}) (V_{DD} Separate Type, $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 1.98\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 66\text{ mA}$)



3. Output Waveforms

(1) S-8358B33MC



(2) S-8358F33MC

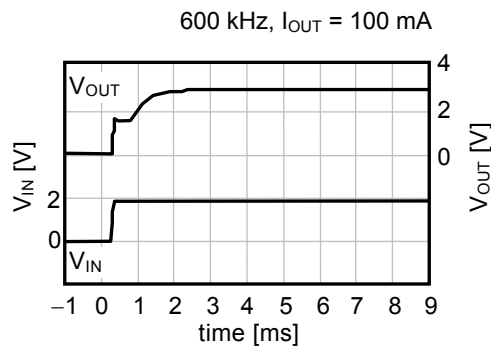
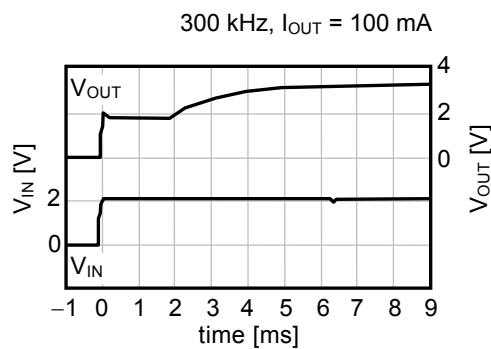


(3) S-8358N33MC



4. Examples of Transient Response Characteristics

(1) Power-On ($V_{IN} : 0\text{ V} \rightarrow 2\text{ V}$)



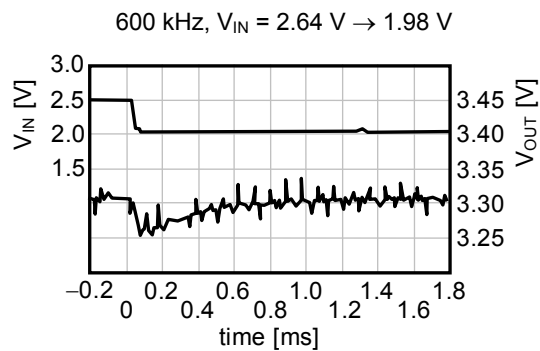
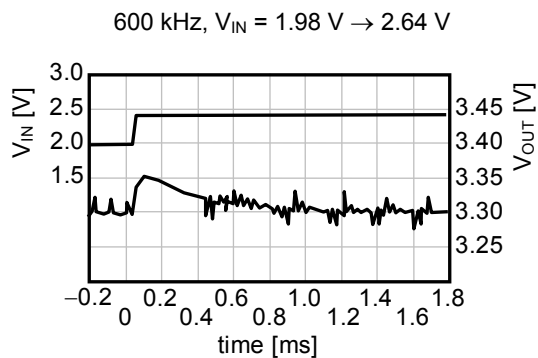
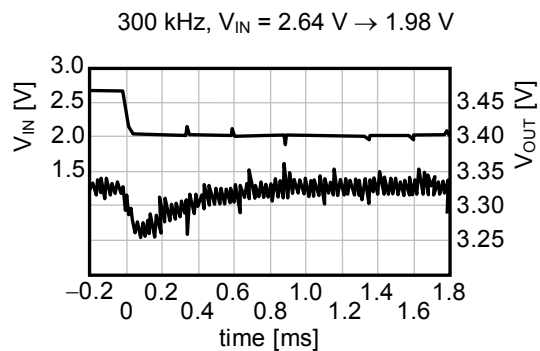
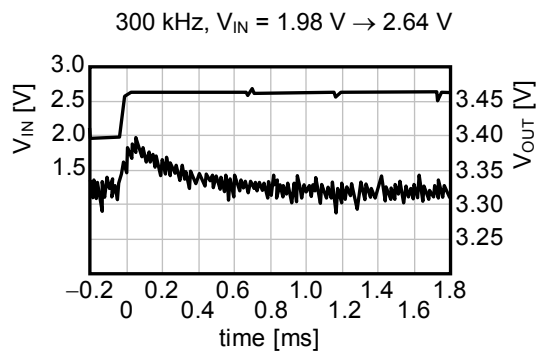
(2) ON/OFF Pin Response ($V_{ON/OFF} : 0\text{ V} \rightarrow 2.0\text{ V}$)



(3) Load Fluctuations



(4) Input Voltage Fluctuations ($I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$)



■ Reference Data

Use this reference data to choose the external parts. This reference data makes it possible to choose the recommended external part based on the application and characteristics data.

1. External Parts for Reference Data

Table 27 Efficiency vs. Output Current Characteristics and Output Voltage vs. Output Current Characteristics for External

| Condition | Product Name | Oscillation Frequency | Output Voltage | Control System | Inductor | Transistor | Diode | Output capacitor |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|------------|---------|-----------------------|
| 1 | S-8357F33 | 300 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM | CDRH104R-220 | FDN335N | M1FH3 | F93 (16 V, 47 μF) × 2 |
| 2 | S-8357F50 | 300 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM | | | | |
| 3 | S-8356M50 | 300 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM/PFM | | | | |
| 4 | S-8357B33 | 100 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM | | | | |
| 5 | S-8358B33 | 100 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM/PFM | CDRH104R-470 | | | |
| 6 | S-8357B50 | 100 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM | | | | |
| 7 | S-8356M50 | 300 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM/PFM | CDRH8D28-220 | | | |
| 8 | S-8357B33 | 100 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM | CDRH8D28-470 | | | F93 (16 V, 47 μF) |
| 9 | S-8358B33 | 100 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM/PFM | | | | |
| 10 | S-8357B50 | 100 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM | | | | |
| 11 | S-8357F33 | 300 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM | CXLP120-220 | MCH3405 | MA2Z748 | |
| 12 | S-8356M50 | 300 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM/PFM | | | | |
| 13 | S-8357N33 | 600 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM | CDRH8D28-100 | FDN335N | M1FH3 | F93 (16 V, 47 μF) |
| 14 | S-8357N50 | 600 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM | | | | |
| 15 | S-8356Q33 | 600 kHz | 3.3 V | PWM/PFM | | | | |
| 16 | S-8356Q50 | 600 kHz | 5.0 V | PWM/PFM | | | | |

The properties of the external parts are shown below.

Table 28 Properties of External Parts

| Component | Product Name | Manufacturer | Characteristics |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|---|
| Inductor | CDRH104R-220 | Sumida Corporation | 22 μ H, DCR ^{*1} = 73 m Ω , I _{MAX} ^{*2} = 2.5 A, Component height = 4.0 mm |
| | CDRH104R-470 | | 47 μ H, DCR ^{*1} = 128 m Ω , I _{MAX} ^{*2} = 1.9 A, Component height = 4.0 mm |
| | CDRH8D28-100 | | 10 μ H, DCR ^{*1} = 47 m Ω , I _{MAX} ^{*2} = 2.7 A, Component height = 3.0 mm |
| | CDRH8D28-220 | | 22 μ H, DCR ^{*1} = 99 m Ω , I _{MAX} ^{*2} = 1.8 A, Component height = 3.0 mm |
| | CDRH8D28-470 | | 47 μ H, DCR ^{*1} = 195 m Ω , I _{MAX} ^{*2} = 1.25 A, Component height = 3.0 mm |
| | CXLP120-220 | Sumitomo Special Metals Co., Ltd. | 22 μ H, DCR ^{*1} = 590 m Ω , I _{MAX} ^{*2} = 0.55 A, Component height = 1.2 mm |
| Diode | M1FH3 | Shindengen Electric Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | V _F ^{*3} = 0.3 V, I _F ^{*4} = 1.5 A |
| | MA2Z748 | Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. | V _F ^{*3} = 0.4 V, I _F ^{*4} = 0.3 A |
| Capacitor (Output Capacitance) | F93 | Nichicon Corporation | 16 V, 47 μ F |
| | F92 | | 6.3 V, 47 μ F |
| Transistor (Nch FET) | FDN335N | Fairchild Semiconductor Japan Ltd. | V _{DSS} ^{*5} = 20 V max., V _{GSS} ^{*6} = 8 V max., C _{ISS} ^{*7} = 310 pF, I _D ^{*8} = 1.5 A (V _{GS} ^{*6} = 2.5 V) |
| | MCH3405 | Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd. | V _{DSS} ^{*5} = 20 V max., V _{GSS} ^{*6} = 10 V max., C _{ISS} ^{*7} = 280 pF, I _D ^{*8} = 0.5 A (V _{GS} ^{*6} = 1.8 V) |

- *1. Direct current resistance
- *2. Maximum allowable current
- *3. Forward voltage
- *4. Forward current
- *5. Drain source voltage
- *6. Gate source voltage
- *7. Input capacitance
- *8. Drain current

Caution The values shown in the characteristics column of Table 28 above are based on the materials provided by each manufacture. However, consider the characteristics of the original materials when using the above products.

2. Output Current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η) Characteristics, Output Current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) Characteristics

The following shows the actual (a) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η) characteristics and (b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT}) characteristics under the conditions of No. 1 to 16 in **Table 27**.

Condition 1 S-8357F33

(a) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η)



(b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT})



Condition 2 S-8357F50

(a) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η)



(b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT})

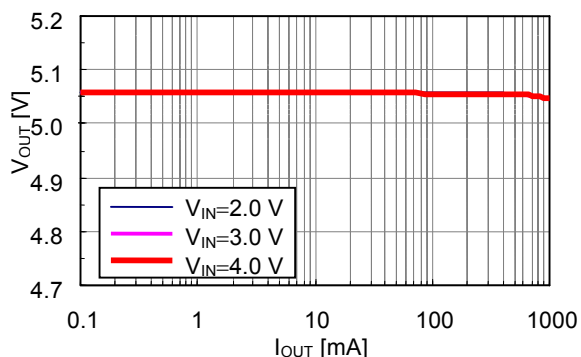


Condition 3 S-8356M50

(a) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Efficiency (η)



(b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT})



Condition 4 S-8357B33



Condition 5 S-8358B33



Condition 6 S-8357B50



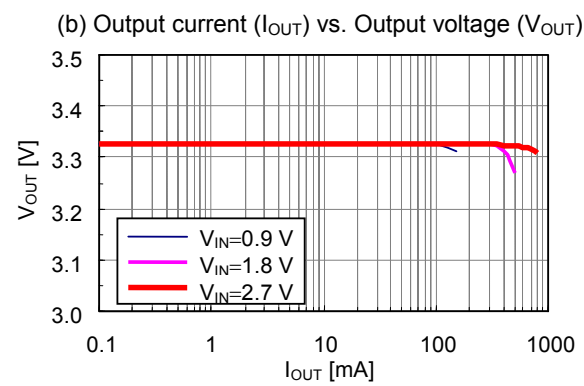
Condition 7 S-8357M50



Condition 8 S-8357B33



Condition 9 S-8358B33



Condition 10 S-8357B50



Condition 11 S-8357F33



Condition 12 S-8356M50



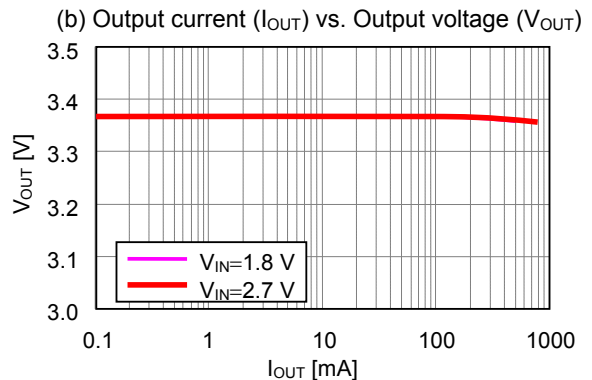
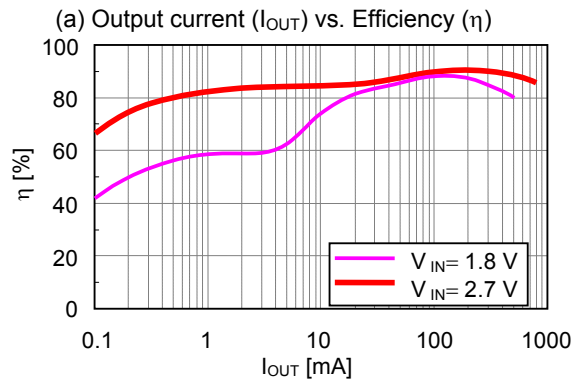
Condition 13 S-8357N33



Condition 14 S-8357N50



Condition 15 S-8356Q33



Condition 16 S-8356Q50



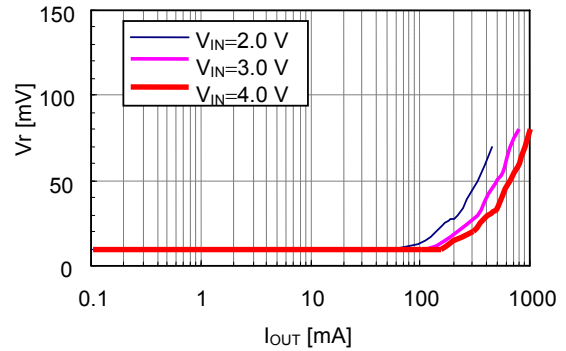
3. Output Current (I_{OUT}) vs. Ripple Voltage (V_r) Characteristics

The following shows the actual Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Ripple voltage (V_r) characteristics and (b) Output current (I_{OUT}) vs. Output voltage (V_{OUT}) characteristics under the conditions of No. 1 to 16 in Table 27.

Condition 1 S-8357F33



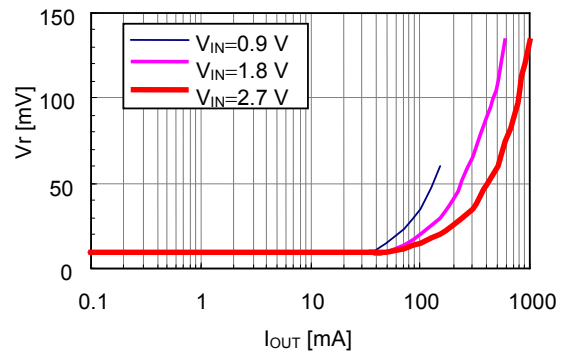
Condition 2 S-8357F50



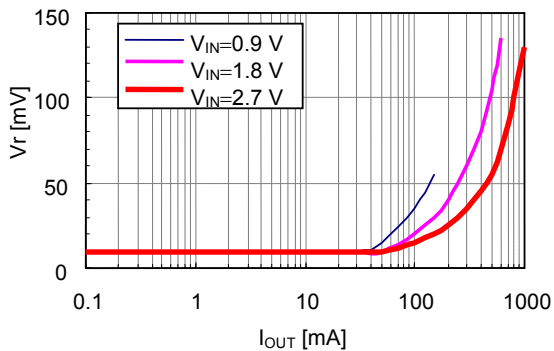
Condition 3 S-8356M50



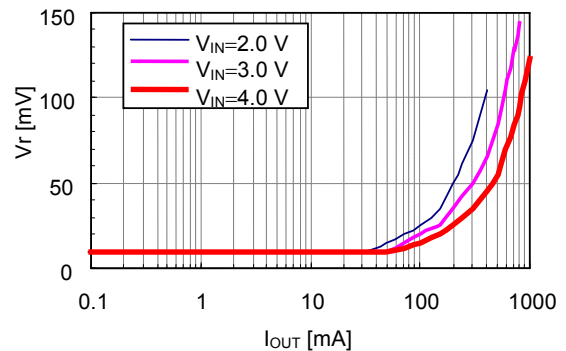
Condition 4 S-8357B33



Condition 5 S-8358B33



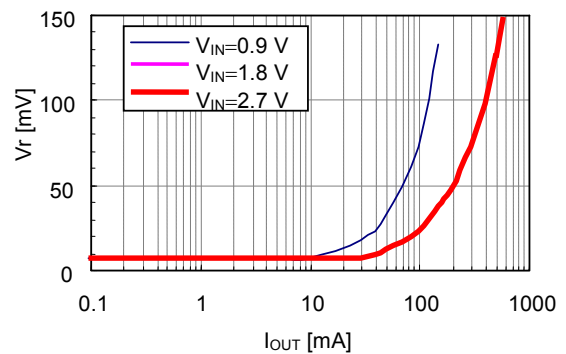
Condition 6 S-8357B50



Condition 7 S-8356M50



Condition 8 S-8357B33



Condition 9 S-8358B33



Condition 10 S-8357B50



Condition 11 S-8357F33



Condition 12 S-8356M50



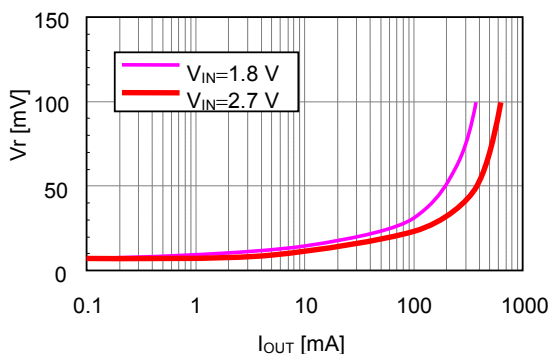
Condition 13 S-8357N33



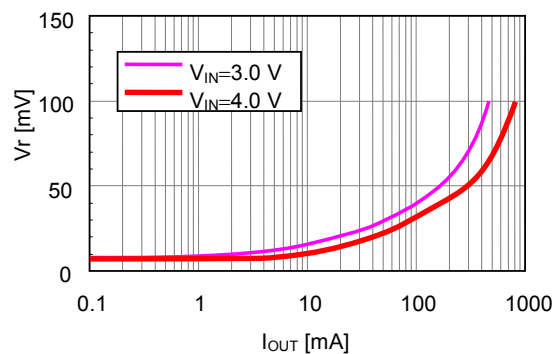
Condition 14 S-8357N50

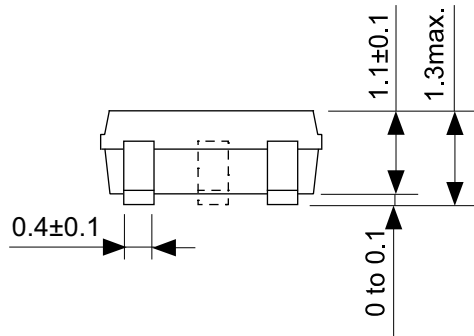
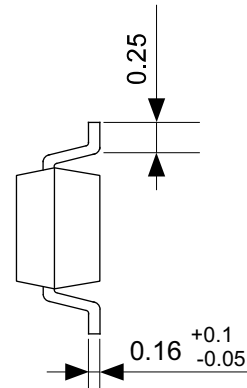


Condition 15 S-8356Q33



Condition 16 S-8356Q50





No. MP003-A-P-SD-1.2

| | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| TITLE | SOT233-A-PKG Dimensions |
| No. | MP003-A-P-SD-1.2 |
| ANGLE | |
| UNIT | mm |
| | |
| ABLIC Inc. | |



→
Feed direction

No. MP003-A-C-SD-2.0

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE | SOT233-A-Carrier Tape |
| No. | MP003-A-C-SD-2.0 |
| ANGLE | |
| UNIT | mm |
| | |
| ABLIC Inc. | |

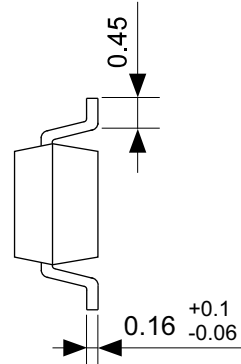


Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. MP003-A-R-SD-1.1

| | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE | SOT233-A-Reel | | |
| No. | MP003-A-R-SD-1.1 | | |
| ANGLE | | QTY. | 3,000 |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
| ABLIC Inc. | | | |



No. MP005-A-P-SD-1.3

| | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| TITLE | SOT235-A-PKG Dimensions |
| No. | MP005-A-P-SD-1.3 |
| ANGLE | |
| UNIT | mm |
| ABLIC Inc. | |



→ Feed direction

No. MP005-A-C-SD-2.1

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE | SOT235-A-Carrier Tape |
| No. | MP005-A-C-SD-2.1 |
| ANGLE | |
| UNIT | mm |
| ABLIC Inc. | |



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. MP005-A-R-SD-1.1

| | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE | SOT235-A-Reel | | |
| No. | MP005-A-R-SD-1.1 | | |
| ANGLE | | QTY. | 3,000 |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
| ABLIC Inc. | | | |



No. UP003-A-P-SD-2.0

| | |
|-------|-------------------------|
| TITLE | SOT893-A-PKG Dimensions |
| No. | UP003-A-P-SD-2.0 |
| ANGLE | |
| UNIT | mm |
| | |

ABLIC Inc.



Feed direction →

No. UP003-A-C-SD-2.0

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE | SOT893-A-Carrier Tape |
| No. | UP003-A-C-SD-2.0 |
| ANGLE | |
| UNIT | mm |
| | |
| ABLIC Inc. | |



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. UP003-A-R-SD-1.1

| | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE | SOT893-A-Reel | | |
| No. | UP003-A-R-SD-1.1 | | |
| ANGLE | | QTY. | 1,000 |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
| ABLIC Inc. | | | |

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Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

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- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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