19-1724; Rev 2; 4/07

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

4A, Low-Noise, High-Frequency, Step-Up DC-DC Converter

General Description

The MAX1709 sets a new standard of space savings for high-power, step-up DC-DC conversion. It delivers up to 20W at a fixed (3.3V or 5V) or adjustable (2.5V to 5.5V) output, using an on-chip power MOSFET from a +0.7V to +5V supply.

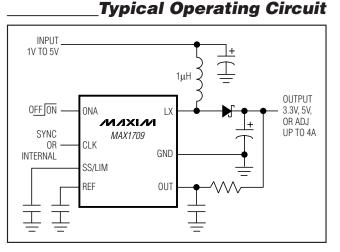
Fixed-frequency PWM operation ensures that the switching noise spectrum is constrained to the 600kHz fundamental and its harmonics, allowing easy postfiltering for noise reduction. External clock synchronization capability allows for even tighter noise spectrum control. Quiescent power consumption is less than 1mW to extend operating time in battery-powered systems.

Two control inputs (ONA, ONB) allow simple push-on, push-off control through a single momentary pushbutton switch, as well as conventional on/off logic control. The MAX1709 also features programmable soft-start and current limit for design flexibility and optimum performance with batteries.

The MAX1709 is supplied in both a high-power TSSOP package, which allows a 10ARMS switch current and a 4A output, and a narrow SO package, which supplies a 2.4A output with a switch rated at 6ARMS. Although the narrow SO device has a lower RMS switch rating, it has the same peak switch current rating as the TSSOP device, and so can supply 4A loads intermittently. If loads of 2A or less are required, refer to the MAX1708.

Applications

Routers, Servers, Workstations, Card Racks Local 2.5V to 3.3V or 5V Conversion Local 3.3V to 5V Conversion 3.6V or 5V RF PAs in Communications Handsets



For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

Features

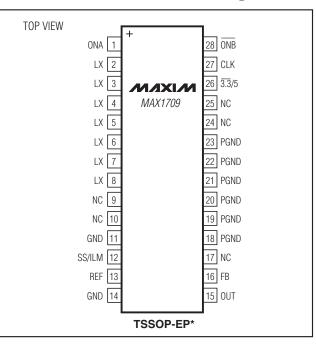
- On-Chip 10A Power MOSFET
- ♦ 5V, 4A Output from a 3.3V Input
- Fixed 3.3V or 5V Output Voltage or Adjustable (2.5V to 5.5V)
- Input Voltage Range Down to 0.7V
- Low Power Consumption 1mW Quiescent Power 1µA Current in Shutdown Mode
- Low-Noise, Constant Frequency Operation (600kHz)
- Synchronizable Switching Frequency (350kHz to 1000kHz)

Ordering Informations

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX1709ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX1709EUI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 TSSOP-EP*
	(/D //O // /	1

+Indicates lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. *Exposed pad.

Pin Configuration



_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ONA, ONB, OUT, SS/LIM, 3.3/5 to GND0.3V to + LX to PGND0.3V to +	
FB, CLK, REF to GND0.3V to (V _{OUT} + 0	0.3V)
PGND to GND0.3V to +	·0.3V
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
16-Pin Narrow SO (derate 16.5mW/°C above +70°C) 28-Pin TSSOP Exposed Pad	1.3W
(derate 23.8mW/°C above +70°C)	1.9W

28-Pin TSSOP Exposed Pad Junction-to-	Exposed
Pad Thermal Resistance	
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{OUT} = V_{CLK} = +3.6V, ONA = \overline{ONB} = FB = GND, T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	CON	DITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
Output Voltogo	$\sqrt{2}$	$\overline{3.3}/5 = \text{GND}, I_{\text{SW}} = 1\text{A}$	3.26	3.34	3.42	V
Output Voltage	V _{FB} < 0.1V (Note 1)	$\overline{3.3}/5 = OUT$, $I_{SW} = 1A$	4.92	5.05	5.17	V
Load Regulation	Measured between 1A <	I _{SW} < 3A (Note 2)		-0.25	-0.45	%/A
FB Regulation Voltage	$I_{SW} = 1A$		1.215	1.240	1.265	V
FB Input Current	V _{FB} = +1.5V			1	200	nA
Output Voltage Adjust Range			2.5		5.5	V
Output Undervoltage Lockout	(Note 3)		2.0		2.3	V
Frequency in Startup Mode	V _{OUT} =1.5V		40		400	kHz
Minimum Startup Voltage	IOUT < 1mA (Note 1), TA	= +25°C (Note 4)		0.9	1.1	V
Minimum Operating Voltage	(Note 5)			0.7		V
Soft-Start Pin Current	V _{SS/LIM} = 1V	$V_{SS/LIM} = 1V$		4	5.0	μΑ
OUT Supply Current	V _{FB} = 1.5V (Note 6)			200	440	μA
OUT Leakage Current In Shutdown	$V_{\overline{ONB}} = 3.6V$			0.1	5	μA
LX Leakage Current	$V_{LX} = V \overline{ONB} = V_{OUT} = +5$	5.5V		0.1	40	μΑ
n-Channel Switch On-Resistance				22	40	mΩ
	SS/LIM = open		7.5	9	12	
n-Channel Current Limit	SS/LIM = 150k Ω to GND		3.5	5	6.5	A
RMS Switch Current	MAX1709EUI+				10	A = 1 + 0
RMS Switch Current	MAX1709ESE				6	ARMS
Reference Voltage	$I_{\text{REF}} = 0$		1.245	1.260	1.275	V
Reference Load Regulation	-1μΑ < I _{REF} < 50μΑ			4	10	mV
Reference Supply Rejection	+2.5V < V _{OUT} < +5.5V			0.2	5	mV
Input Low Lovel (Note 7)	ONA, <u>ONB</u> , <u>3.3</u> /5, 1.2V <	ONA, <u>ONB</u> , <u>3.3</u> /5, 1.2V < V _{OUT} < 5.5V			0.2 × V _{OUT}	v
Input Low Level (Note 7)	CLK, 2.7V < V _{OUT} < 5.5V	/			0.2 × V _{OUT}	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{OUT} = V_{CLK} = +3.6V, ONA = \overline{ONB} = FB = GND, T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
	ONA, ONB , 3.3 /5, 1.2V < V _{OUT} <5.5	0.	8× Vol	JT		V
Input High Level	CLK, 2.7 V< V _{OUT} < 5.5V	0.	8× Vol	JT		V
Logic Input Current	ONA, ONB, CLK, 3.3/5				1	μΑ
Internal Oscillator Frequency			520	600	680	kHz
Maximum Duty Cycle			82	90	94	%
External Clock Frequency Range			350		1000	kHz
CLK Pulse Width	(Note 8)		100			ns
CLK Rise/Fall Time	(Note 8)				50	ns

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{OUT} = V_{CLK} = +3.6V, ONA = \overline{ONB} = FB = GND, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Note 9)

PARAMETER	CONE	DITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
Output Valtaga	$V_{FB} < 0.1V, V_{IN} = +2.4V$	3.3/5 = GND, I _{SW} = 1A	3.24		3.45	V
Output Voltage	(Note 1)	$\overline{3.3}/5 = OUT$, $I_{SW} = 1A$	4.9		5.2	v
FB Regulation Voltage	$I_{SW} = 1A$		1.21		1.27	V
FB Input Current	$V_{FB} = +1.5V$				200	nA
Load Regulation	Measured between 1A < Is	Measured between $1A < I_{SW} < 5A$ (Note 2)			-0.45	%/A
Soft-Start Pin Current	SS/LIM = 1V	SS/LIM = 1V			5.2	μA
OUT Leakage Current in Shutdown	$V \overline{ONB} = 3.6V$	V _{ONB} = 3.6V			5	μA
OUT Supply Current	V _{FB} = 1.5V (Note 6)	V _{FB} = 1.5V (Note 6)			400	μA
n-Channel Switch On-Resistance					40	mΩ
n Channal Current Limit	SS/LIM = unconnected	SS/LIM = unconnected			15	V
n-Channel Current Limit	SS/LIM = 150k Ω to GND	SS/LIM = $150k\Omega$ to GND			7	V
Reference Voltage	$I_{\text{REF}} = 0$		1.24		1.28	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{OUT} = V_{CLK} = +3.6V, ONA = \overline{ONB} = FB = GND, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Note 9)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS	
Insuit and and (Nate 7)	ONA, ONB , 3.3 /5, 1.2V < V _{OUT} < 5.5V			0.2 × V _{OUT}	V	
Input Low Level (Note 7)	CLK, 2.7V < V _{OUT} < 5.5V			0.2 × V _{OUT}		
	ONA, ONB , 3.3 /5, 1.2V < V _{OUT} < 5.5V	0.8 × V _{OUT}			v	
Input High Level	CLK, $V_{OUT} = 5.5V$	0.8 × V _{OUT}			V	
Logic Input Current	ONA, <u>ONB</u> , CLK, <u>3.3</u> /5			1	μA	
Internal Oscillator Frequency		500		700	kHz	
Maximum Duty Cycle		80		95	%	
External Clock Frequency Range		350		1000	kHz	
CLK/SEL Pulse Width	(Note 8)	100			ns	
CLK/SEL Rise/Fall Time	(Note 8)			50	ns	

Note 1: Output voltage is specified at 1A switch current I_{SW}, which is equivalent to approximately $1A \times (V_{IN} / V_{OUT})$ of load current. **Note 2:** Load regulation is measured by forcing specified switch current and straight-line calculation of change in output voltage in

external feedback mode. Note that the equivalent load current is approximately ISW × (VIN / VOUT).

Note 3: Until undervoltage lockout is reached, the device remains in startup mode. Do not apply full load until this voltage is reached.

Note 4: Startup is tested with Figure 1's circuit. Output current is measured when both the input and output voltages are applied.

Note 5: Minimum operating voltage. The MAX1709 is bootstrapped and will operate down to a 0.7V input once started.

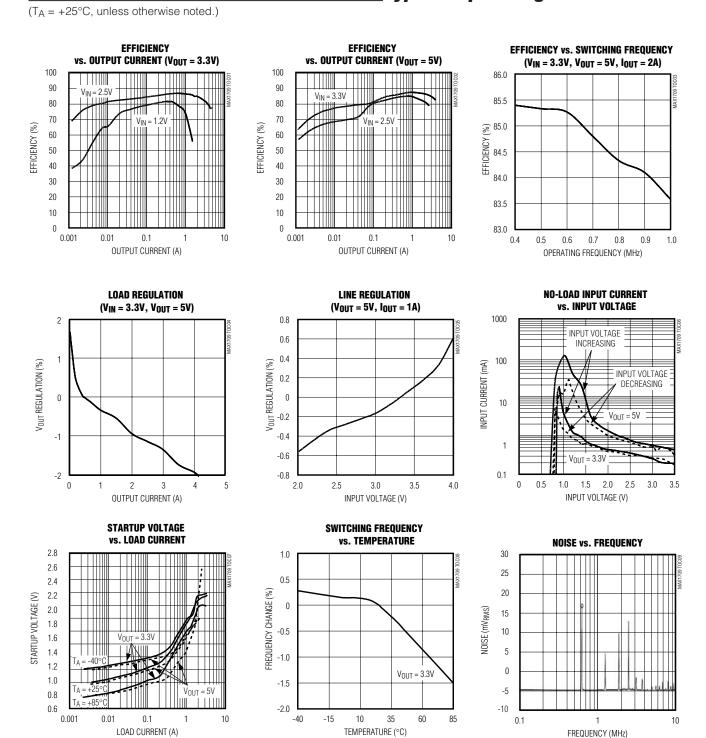
Note 6: Supply current is measured from the OUT pin to the output voltage (+3.3V). This correlates directly with actual input supply current but is reduced in value according to the step-up ratio and efficiency.

Note 7: ONA and ONB inputs have approximately 0.15V hysteresis.

Note 8: Guaranteed by design, not production tested.

Note 9: Specifications to -40°C are guaranteed by design, not production tested.

MAX1709



_Typical Operating Characteristics

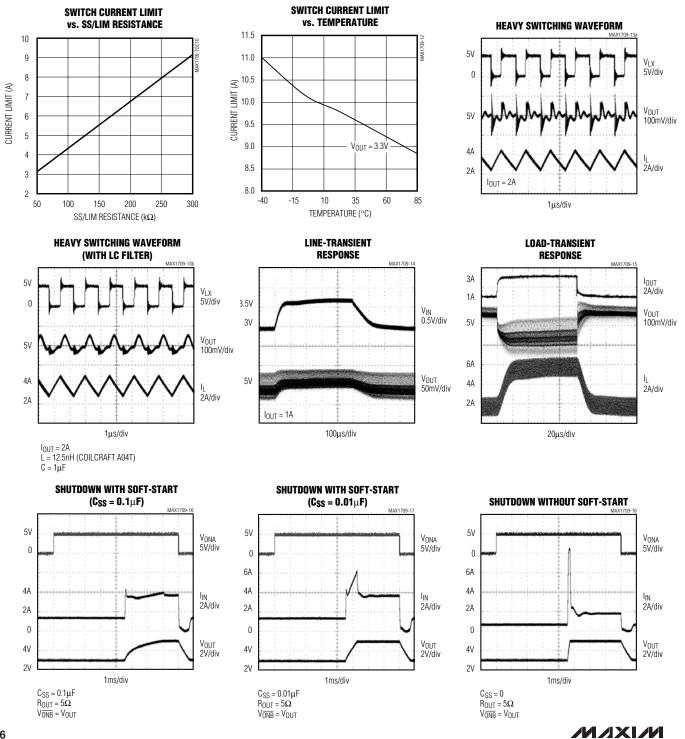
4A, Low-Noise, High-Frequency, Step-Up DC-DC Converter

MAX1709



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 1, $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

I	PIN			
TSSOP	NARROW SO	NAME	FUNCTION	
1	1	ONA	On-Control Input. When ONA = high OR \overline{ONB} = low, the device turns on	
2–8	2, 3, 4	LX	Drain of n-Channel Power Switch. Connect pins 2, 3, and 4 together. Connect external Schottky diode from LX to OUT.	
11, 14	5, 8	GND	Ground. Connect ground inputs together, then connect to PGND.	
12	6	SS/LIM	Soft-Start and/or Current-Limit Input. Connect a capacitor from SS/LIM to GND to control the rate at which the device reaches current limit (soft-start). To reduce the current limit from the preset values, connect a resistor from SS/LIM to GND (see <i>Design Procedure</i>). During shutdown, this pin is internally pulled to GND to discharge the soft-start capacitor.	
13	7	REF	1.26V Voltage Reference Output. Bypass with a 0.22µF capacitor to GND. Maximum REF load is 50µA.	
15	9	OUT	Output Voltage Sense Input. The device is powered from OUT. Bypass with a 0.1μ F to PGND with less than 5mm trace length. Connect a 2Ω series resistor from the output filter capacitor to OUT (Figure 1).	
16	10	FB	DC-DC Converter Feedback Input. Connect FB to GND for internally set output voltage (see $\overline{3.3}/5$ pin description). Connect a resistor-divider from the output to set the output voltage in the +2.5V to +5.5V range. FB regulates to +1.25V (Figure 4).	
18–23	11, 12, 13	PGND	Power Ground. Source of n-channel power MOSFET switch. Connect PGND inputs together, then connect to GND.	
26	14	3.3/5	Output Voltage Selection Pin. When FB is connected to GND, the regulator uses internal feedback to set the output voltage. $\overline{3.3}/5$ = low sets output to 3.3V; $\overline{3.3}/5$ = high sets output to 5V. If an external divider is used at FB, connect $\overline{3.3}/5$ to ground.	
27	15	CLK	Clock Input for the DC-DC Converter. Connect to OUT for internal oscillator. Optionally, drive with an external clock for external synchronization.	
28	16	ONB	Shutdown Input. When \overline{ONB} = high AND ONA = low, the device turns off (Table 1).	
9, 10, 17, 24, 25	_	N.C.	No Connect. Not internally connected.	
EP	_	EP	Exposed Pad. Connect to large ground plane for maximum thermal dissipation.	

MAX1709

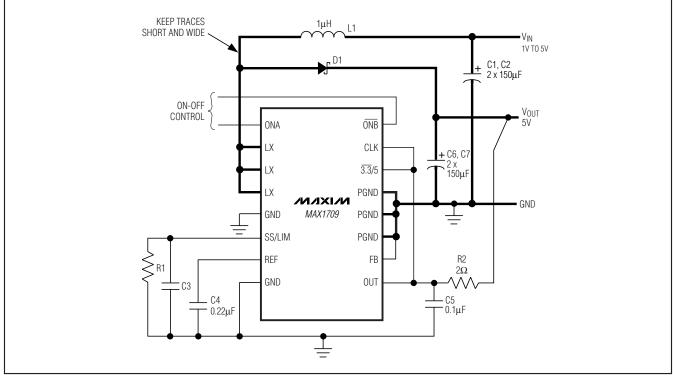


Figure 1. Standard Operating Circuit

Detailed Description

The MAX1709 step-up converter offers high efficiency and high integration for high-power applications. It operates with an input voltage as low as 0.7V and is suitable for single- to 3-cell battery inputs as well as 2.5V or 3.3V regulated supply inputs. The output voltage is preset to +3.3V or +5.0V or can be adjusted with external resistors for voltages between +2.5V to +5.5V.

The n-channel switch of the MAX1709EUI+ is rated for 10ARMS and can deliver loads up to 4A, depending on input and output voltage. The n-channel switch of the MAX1709ESE has a 6ARMS rating and supplies up to 2.4A output. The MAX1709ESE has a lower RMS switch rating than the MAX1709EUI+, but has the same peak switch current limit and so can supply 4A loads intermittently. For flexibility, the current limit and soft-start rate are independently programmable.

A 600kHz switching frequency allows for a small inductor to be used. The switching frequency is also synchronizable to an external clock ranging from 350kHz to 1000kHz.

ONA, ONB

The logic levels at ONA and $\overline{\text{ONB}}$ turn the MAX1709 on or off. When ONA = 1 or $\overline{\text{ONB}} = 0$, the part is on. When ONA = 0 and $\overline{\text{ONB}} = 1$, the part is off (Table 1). Logichigh on control can be implemented by tying $\overline{\text{ONB}}$ high and using ONA for shutdown. Implement inverted single-line on/off control by grounding ONA and toggling $\overline{\text{ONB}}$. Implement momentary pushbutton On/Off as described in the *Applications Information* section. Both inputs have approximately 0.15V of hysteresis.

Switching Frequency

The MAX1709 switches at the fixed-frequency internal oscillator rate (600kHz) or can be synchronized to an external clock. Connect CLK to OUT for internal clock operation. Apply a clock signal to CLK to synchronize to an external clock. The frequency can be changed on the fly. The MAX1709 will synchronize to a new external clock rate in two cycles and will take approximately 40µs to revert to its internal clock frequency once the external clock pulses stop and CLK is driven high. Table 2 summarizes oscillator operation.

Table 1. On/Off Logic Control

Table 2. Selecting Switching Frequency

ONB	MAX1709		CLK	MODE
0	On		0	Not allowed
1	Off		1	PWM
0	On		xternal clock IkHz–1000kHz)	Synchronized PWM
1	On	(000	KI 12-1000KI 12)	

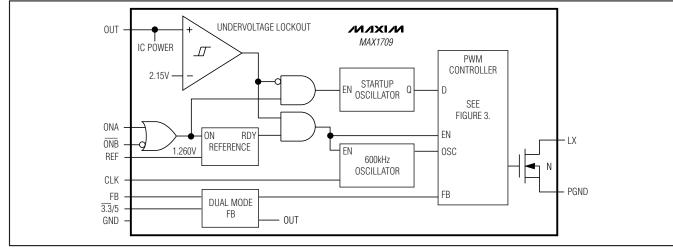


Figure 2. Simplified Functional Diagram

Operation

The MAX1709 switches at a constant frequency (600kHz) and modulates the MOSFET switch pulse width to control the power transferred per cycle and regulate the voltage across the load. In low-noise applications, the fundamental and the harmonics generated by the fixed switching frequency are easily filtered out. Figure 2 shows the simplified functional diagram for the MAX1709. Figure 3 shows the simplified PWM controller functional diagram. The MAX1709 enters synchronized current-mode PWM when a clock signal (350kHz < f_{CLK} < 1000kHz) is applied to CLK. For wireless or noise-sensitive applications, this ensures that switching harmonics are predictable and kept outside the IF frequency band(s). High-frequency operation permits low-magnitude output ripple voltage and minimum inductor and filter capacitor size. Switching losses will increase at the higher frequencies (see Power Dissipation).

Setting the Output Voltage

The MAX1709 features Dual-Mode[™] operation. When FB is connected to ground, the MAX1709 generates a fixed output voltage of either +3.3V or +5V, depending *Dual Mode is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.*

on the logic applied to the $\overline{3.3}/5$ input (Figure 1). The output can be configured for other voltages, using two external resistors as shown in Figure 4. To set the output voltage externally, choose an R3 value that is large enough to minimize load at the output but small enough to minimize errors due to leakage and the time constant to FB. A value of R3 \leq 50k Ω is required.

$$R4 = R3 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{FB}} - 1 \right)$$

where $V_{FB} = 1.24V$.

Soft-Start/Current-Limit Adjustment (SS/LIM)

The soft-start pin allows the soft-start time to be adjusted by connecting a capacitor from SS/LIM to ground. Select capacitor C3 (connected to SS/LIM pin) as:

C3 (in
$$\mu$$
F) = 3.2 × tss

where t_{SS} is the time (in seconds) it takes the switch current limit to reach full value.

To improve efficiency or reduce inductor size at reduced load currents, the current limit can be reduced

Table 3.	Component	Selection	Guide
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PRODUCTION	INDUCTORS	CAPACITORS	DIODES
	Coilcraft DO3316P-102HC	Panasonic EEFUE0J151R	Motorola MBRD1035CTL
Surface mount	Coiltronics UP2B-1R0	Sanyo 6TPC100M	STM-Microelectronics STPS8L30B

Table 4. Component Suppliers

SUPPLIER	PHONE	FAX
Coilcraft	847-639-6400	847-639-1489
Coiltronics	561-241-7876	561-241-9339
Motorola	602-303-5454	602-994-6430
Panasonic	714-373-7939	714-373-7183
STM- Microelectronics	617-259-0300	617-259-9442

from its nominal value (see *Electrical Characteristics*). A resistor (R1 in Figure 1) between SS/LIM and ground reduces the current limit as follows:

$$\mathsf{R1} \ = \ 312.5 \mathsf{k} \Omega \ \times \ \frac{\mathsf{l}_1}{\mathsf{l}_{\mathsf{LIM}}} \ \left(\mathsf{R1} \ \le \ 312.5 \mathsf{k} \Omega\right)$$

where I₁ is the desired current limit in amperes, and I_{LIM} is the current limit value from the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Design Procedure

Inductor Selection (L1)

The MAX1709's high switching frequency allows the use of a small-size inductor. Use a 1.0μ H inductor for 600kHz operation. If the MAX1709 will be synchronized

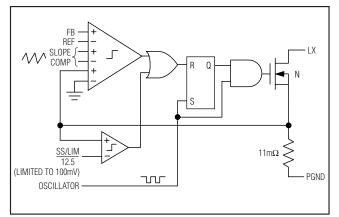


Figure 3. Simplified PWM Controller Functional Diagram

at a different frequency, scale the inductor value with the inverse of frequency (L₁ = 1 μ H × 600kHz / f_{SYNC}). The PWM design tolerates inductor values within ±25% of this calculated value, so choose the closest standard inductor value. For example, use 1.5 μ H for 350kHz and 0.68 μ H for 1MHz.

Inductors with a ferrite core or equivalent are recommended; powder iron cores are not recommended for use at high switching frequencies. Ensure the inductor's saturation rating (the current at which the core begins to saturate and inductance falls) exceeds the internal current limit. Note that this current may be reduced through SS/LIM if less than the MAX1709's full load current is needed (see *Electrical Characteristics* for ratings). For highest efficiency, use a coil with low DC resistance, preferably under 10m Ω . To minimize radiated noise, use a toroid, pot core, or shielded inductor. See Tables 3 and 4 for a list of recommended components and component suppliers. To calculate the maximum output current (in amperes), use the following equation:

$$I_{OUT(MAX)} = D' \left(I_{LIM} - D' \left(\frac{V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN}}{2 \times f \times L1} \right) \right)$$

where: V_{IN} = input voltage

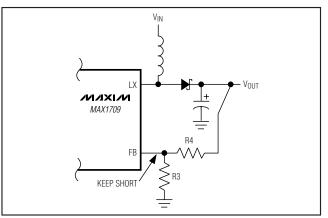


Figure 4. Adjustable Output Voltage

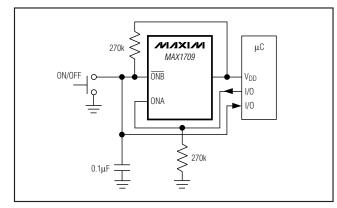


Figure 5. Momentary Pushbutton On-Off Switch

 $V_{\text{D}}\,$ = forward voltage drop of the Schottky diode at I_{LIM} current

 V_{OUT} = output voltage

 $D' = (V_{IN}) / (V_{OUT} + V_{D}),$ assuming switch voltage drop is negligible

f = switching frequency

L1 = inductor value

I_{LIM} = minimum value of switch current limit from *Electrical Characteristics* or set by R_{SET/LIM}.

Diode Selection (D1)

The MAX1709's high switching frequency demands a high-speed rectifier. Schottky diodes, such as the MBRD1035CTL or STPS8L30B (Table 3), are recommended. The diode's current rating must exceed the maximum load current, and its breakdown voltage must exceed V_{OUT}. The diode must be placed within 10mm of the LX switching node and the output filter capacitor. The diode also must be able to dissipate the power calculated by the following equation:

$P_{DIODE} = I_{OUT} \times V_{D}$

where I_{OUT} is the average load current and V_D is the diode forward voltage at the peak switch current.

Capacitor Selection

Input Bypass Capacitors (C1, C2)

Two 150 μ F, low-ESR tantalum input capacitors will reduce peak currents and reflected noise due to inductor current ripple. Lower ESR allows for lower input ripple current, but combined ESR values up to 50m Ω are acceptable. Smaller ceramic capacitors may also be used for light loads or in applications that can tolerate higher input current ripple.

Output Filter Capacitors (C6, C7)

The output filter capacitor ESR must be kept under $15m\Omega$ for stable operation. Two parallel 150μ F polymer capacitors (Panasonic EEFUE0J151R) typically exhibit $5m\Omega$ of ESR. This translates to approximately 35mV of output ripple at 7A switch current. Bypass the MAX1709 IC supply input (OUT) with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor to GND and connect a 2Ω series resistor to OUT (R2, as shown in Figure 1).

Power Dissipation

The MAX1709 output current may be more limited by package power dissipation than by the current rating of the on-chip switch. For pulsed loads, output currents of 4 Amps or more can be supplied with either the MAX1709EUI+ or MAX1709ESE, but the RMS (or thermal) limit of the MAX1709ESE is lower (6ARMS) than that of the MAX1709EUI+ (10ARMS). Continuous output current depends on the input and output voltage, operating temperature, and external components.

The major components of the MAX1709 dissipated power (P_D , i.e., power dissipated as heat in the IC and NOT delivered to the load) are:

- 1) Internal switch conduction losses PSW
- 2) Internal switch transition losses PTRAN
- 3) Internal capacitive losses PCAP

These are losses that directly dissipate heat in the MAX1709, but keep in mind that other losses, such as those in the external diode and inductor, increase input power by reducing overall efficiency, and so indirectly contribute to MAX1709 heating.

Approximate equations for the loss terms are as follows. Values in {} are example values for a 3.3V input, 4V output, 4A design.

A conservative efficiency estimate for the MAX1709 boosting from 3.3V to 5V at 4A is 81%. Total estimated power loss is then:

$$P_{LOSS} = (P_{OUT} / 0.81) - P_{OUT}$$
 {4.7W}

The total loss consists of:

Diode Loss = D' \times ISW \times VD	{2.5W}
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Inductor Loss (resistive loss + dynamic loss	
estimate)	{0.58W}

External Capacitive Loss =
$$(1 - D') \times I_{SW}^2 \times R_{CAP-ESR}$$
 (ESR est. = $10m\Omega$) {0.27W}

MAX1709 Internal Loss, PD(MAX1709) {1.35W}

Approximate equations for the MAX1709 internal loss terms are as follows. Values in {} are example values for a 3.3V input, 4V output, 4A design:

PD(MAX1709) = PSW + PTRAN + PCAP	{1.35W}
where:	
$P_{SW} = (1 - D') \times I_{SW}^2 \times R_{SW}$	{1.08W}
PTRAN = (VOUT + VD) × ISW × tSW × f / 3	{0.18W}
$P_{CAP} = (C_{DIO} + C_{DSW} + C_{GSW}) \times (V_{OUT} + V_{D})^2 f$	{0.09W}
where:	
D' = duty factor of the n-channel switch = VIN / (VOUT + VD) (Note: D' = 1 means the switch is always of	{0.6}
ISW, the approximate peak switch current = IOUT / (D' x eff), (with eff. estimated at 81%)	{8.23A}
Rsw = Internal n-channel switch resistance (estimate for elevated die temperature)	{0.04W)
VD = forward voltage of the external rectifier	{0.5V}
tsw = the transition time of the n-channel switch	{20ns}
f = the switching rate of the MAX1709	{600kHz}
C _{DIO} = rectifier capacitance	{1nF}
C _{DSW} = internal n-channel drain capacitance	{2.5nF}
CGSW = internal n-channel gate capacitance	{1.5nF}

Applications Information

Using a Momentary On/Off Switch

A momentary pushbutton switch can be used to turn the MAX1709 on and off. As shown in Figure 5, when ONA is pulled low and ONB is pulled high, the part is off. When the momentary switch is pressed, ONB is pulled low and the regulator turns on. The switch should be on long enough for the microcontroller to exit reset. The controller issues a logic high to ONA, which guarantees that the part will stay on regardless of the subsequent switch state. To turn the regulator off, press the switch long enough for the controller to read the switch status and pull ONA low. When the switch is released, ONB pulls high and the regulator turns off.

Layout Considerations

The MAX1709ESE and MAX1709EUI+ both utilize PC board area for heatsinking. Package dissipation ratings in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* section assume 1in² of 1oz copper.

The MAX1709EUI+ has superior power-dissipating ability due to an exposed metal pad on the underside of the package. The thermal resistance from the die to the exposed pad is a very low 1.2°C/W. The MAX1709ESE's ability to dissipate power will especially depend on the PC board design. Typical thermal resistance for 1in² of copper is 34°C/W. For tighter layouts, 0.5in² typically exhibits 40°C/W. Adding multiple vias under the MAX1709EUI+ to conduct heat to the bottom of the board will also help dissipate power.

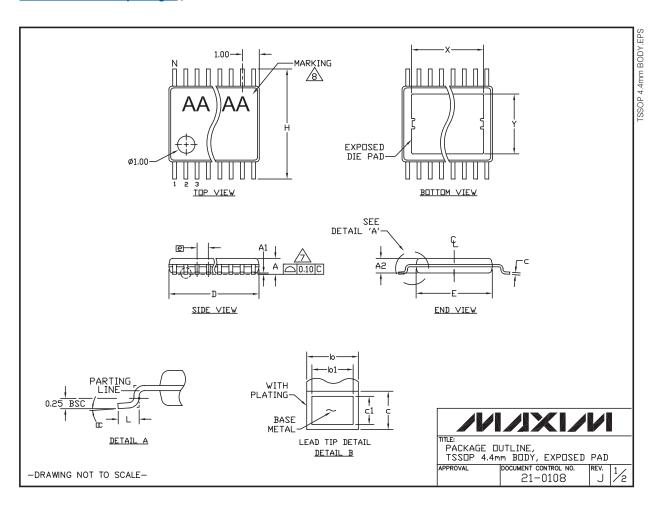
Due to high inductor current levels and fast switching waveforms, proper PC board layout is essential. Protect sensitive analog grounds by using a star ground configuration. Connect PGND, the input bypass capacitor ground lead, and the output filter capacitor ground lead to a single point (star ground configuration). In addition, minimize trace lengths to reduce stray capacitance and trace resistance, especially from the LX pins to the catch diode (D1) and output capacitors (C6 and C7) to PGND pins. If an external resistor-divider is used to set the output voltage (Figure 4), the trace from FB to the resistors must be extremely short and must be shielded from switching signals, such as CLK or LX. Refer to a layout example in the MAX1709EVKIT data sheet.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1112

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



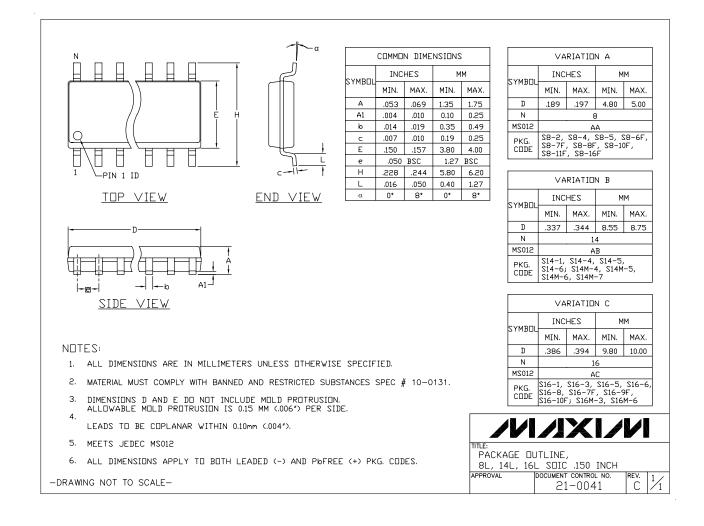
Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

		COMMON DIMENSIONS			JEDEC	Т			VARIATIONS				
S Y M B D L	MILLIM	MILLIMETERS INCHES		MD-153	N	Pkg.Code		MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MU-153				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A		1.10		0.043	ABT-1	14	U14E-3	D	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201	
A1	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006				Х	2.80	3.10	0.110	0.122	
A2	0.85	0.95	0.033	0.037	ABT	16	U16E-3	D	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201	
b	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012				Х	2.60	3.10	0.102	0.122	
b1	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010	ACT	20	U20E-1	D	6.40	6.60	0.252	0.260	
c	0.090	0.20	0.004	0.008				Х	3.80	4.20	0.150	0.165	
c1	0.090	0.135	0.004	0.0053	ACT	20	U20E-4	D	6.40	6.60	0.252	0.260	
D	SEE VAR	RIATIONS	SEE VAR	RIATIONS				Х	4.50	4.90	0.177	0.193	
E	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177	AET	28	U28E-4	D	9.60	9.80	0.378	0.386	
e	0.65		0.026				ļ	х	5.20	5.60	0.205	0.221	
н	6.25	6.50	0.246	0.256	AET	28	U28E-5	D	9.60	9.80	0.378	0.386	
L	0.50	0.70	0.020	0.028				X	6.50	6.90	0.256	0.272	
N	SEE VAR			RIATIONS	AET	28	U28ME-1	D	9.60	9.80	0.378	0.386	
Y	2.60	3.10	0.102	0.122				Х	6.50	6.90	0.256	0.272	
					JEDEC	N	Pkg.Code		MILLIMETERS		TIENS INCHES		
					10 100				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
					ADT	24	U24E-1	D	7.70	7.90	0.303	0.311	
								Х	4.44	4.64	0.175	0.183	
								Y	2.64	2.84	0.104	0.112	
MOLD F CONTRO MEETS N'N' REF EXPOSE	DNS D AN LASH DR LLING DIM JEDEC DU ERS TO N D PAD FL AD TIPS N	PROTRUS IENSION: TLINE MU IUMBER C USH WIT	IONS NOT MILLIMET]-153. SE IF LEADS H BOTTOM	TO EXC ERS. E JEDEC 1 OF PAC	LE. " .	- 70	INF IS						
\ THE E/		PARALLI	EL PLANE	S. DNE I	TING PLA	NE,	DATUM	Г	4	4 . 4			

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <u>www.maxim-ic.com/packages</u>.)



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