

## DESCRIPTION

The MP20045 is a low-dropout linear regulator supplies up to 1A current with 140mV dropout voltage. The output voltage is set externally which ranges from 1.5V to 5V by operating from +2.5V to +5.5V input or can be preset internally from 1.5V to 5V.

An internal PMOS pass element is used to allow a low 110µA ground current, making the MP20045 suitable for battery-power devices. Other features include low-power shutdown, short-circuit and thermal protection. The MP20045 is available in 8-pin QFN (3mm x 3mm) and SOIC8E packages.

## FEATURES

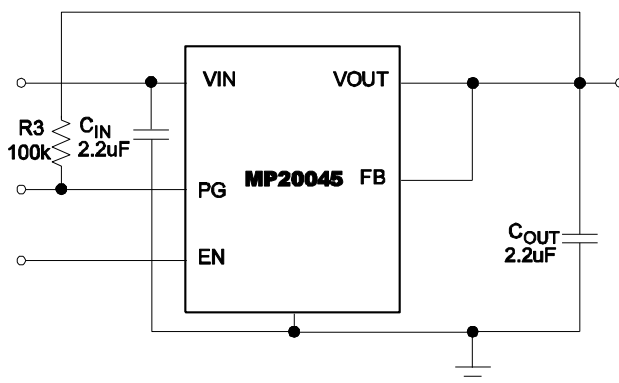
- Up to 1A Output Current
- Low 140mV Dropout at 1A
- Low 110µA Ground Current
- Fixed Output Versions Ranging from 1.5V to 5V and Adjustable Versions
- Open Drain Power-Good Status Output
- 13µV<sub>RMS</sub> Low Noise Output
- 56dB PSRR at 1kHz
- Current Limiting and Thermal Protection
- 3mmx3mm QFN8 and SOIC8E Packages

## APPLICATIONS

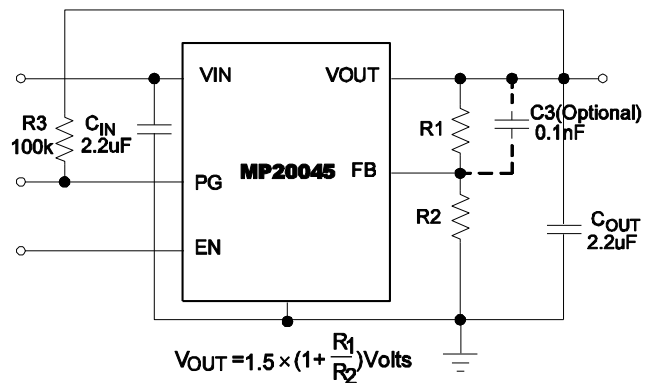
- Notebook Computers
- Cordless Telephones
- Cellular Phones
- Modems
- Hand-Held Instruments
- PDA and Palmtop Computers

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## TYPICAL APPLICATION



Fixed Version



Adjustable Version

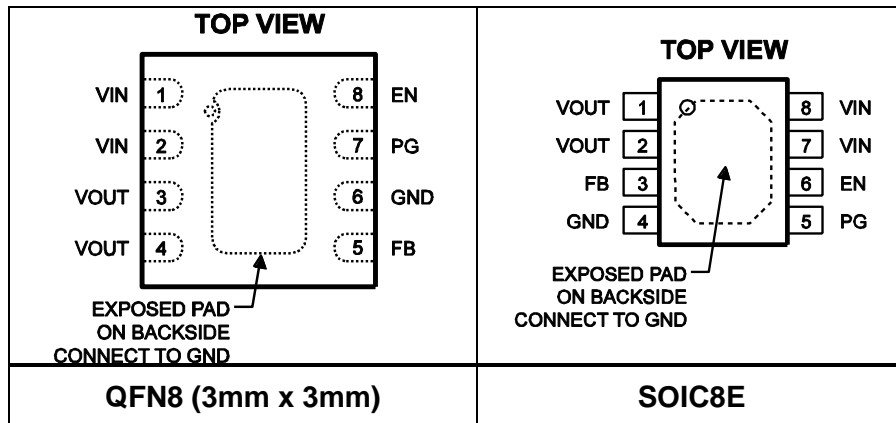
## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number*   | Output Voltage | Package          | Top Marking | Free Air Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> ) |
|----------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| MP20045DQ**    | Adjustable     | QFN8 (3mm x 3mm) | 8K          | -40°C to +85°C                         |
| MP20045DQ-15** | 1.5V           | QFN8 (3mm x 3mm) | 2V          |  |
| MP20045DQ-18** | 1.8V           | QFN8 (3mm x 3mm) | 3V          |  |
| MP20045DQ-25** | 2.5V           | QFN8 (3mm x 3mm) | 9Z          |  |
| MP20045DQ-33** | 3.3V           | QFN8 (3mm x 3mm) | 2S          |  |
| MP20045DN**    | Adjustable     | SOIC8E           | M20045DN    |  |
| MP20045DN-18** | 1.8V           | SOIC8E           | 20045-18    |  |

\* For fixed output voltage versions between 1.5V and 5V, add suffix –XX (e.g. MP20045DQ-33 is the 3.3V fixed output). Contact factory for availability.

\*\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP20045DQ–Z, MP20045DN–Z);  
For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix –LF (e.g. MP20045DQ–LF–Z, MP20045DN–LF–Z).

## PACKAGE REFERENCE



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>(1)</sup>

V<sub>IN</sub>, EN, PG, FB to GND ..... -0.3V to +6V  
 OUT to GND ..... -0.5V to V<sub>IN</sub> + 0.5V  
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T<sub>A</sub>=+25°C) <sup>(2)</sup>  
 QFN8 (3x3) ..... 2.0W  
 SOIC8E ..... 2.0W  
 Free Air Temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) ..... -40°C to 85°C  
 Storage Temperature Range ..... -65°C to 150°C  
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec)..... 260°C

### ESD Susceptibility

HBM (Human Body Mode) ..... 2kV  
 MM (Machine Mode) ..... 200V

### Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(3)</sup>

Supply Input Voltage ..... 2.5V to 5.5V  
 Enable Input Voltage ..... 0V to 5.5V  
 Operating Junct. Temp (T<sub>J</sub>) ..... -40°C to +125°C

### Thermal Resistance <sup>(4)</sup> θ<sub>JA</sub> θ<sub>JC</sub>

QFN8 (3x3) ..... 50 ..... 12 ... °C/W  
 SOIC8E ..... 50 ..... 10 ... °C/W

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T<sub>J</sub>(MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ<sub>JA</sub>, and the ambient temperature T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P<sub>D</sub>(MAX)=(T<sub>J</sub>(MAX)-T<sub>A</sub>)/ θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7 4-layer board.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+0.5V$  or  $V_{IN}=2.5V$ ,  $EN=V_{IN}$ , Typical values are at  $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified

| Parameter                      |                        | Condition  | Min   | Typ  | Max  | Units         |             |    |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|---|------|------|---------------|-------------|----|
| Input Voltage                  |                        |  | 2.5   |      | 5.5  | V             |             |    |
| Input Under voltage Lockout    |                        | $V_{IN}$ rising  | 2.0   |      | 2.3  | V             |             |    |
| Hysteresis of UVLO             |                        |  |   | 160  |      | mV            |             |    |
| FB Accuracy                    | Adjustable             | $I_{OUT}=1mA$  | -2.5  |      | 2.5  | %             |             |    |
| Output Voltage Accuracy        | 1.5V                   | $I_{OUT}=1mA, 2.5V<V_{IN}<5.5V$  | -2.5  |      | 2.5  |               |             |    |
|                                | 1.8V                   | $I_{OUT}=1mA, 2.5V<V_{IN}<5.5V$  | -2.5  |      | 2.5  |               |             |    |
|                                | 2.5V                   | $I_{OUT}=1mA, 3V<V_{IN}<5.5V$  | -2.5  |      | 2.5  |               |             |    |
|                                | 3.3V                   | $I_{OUT}=1mA, 3.8V<V_{IN}<5.5V$  | -2.5  |      | 2.5  |               |             |    |
| Maximum Output Current         |                        | Continuous, $V_{IN}\geq 3V$  | 1   |      |      | A             |             |    |
| Short-Circuit Current Limit    |                        | $V_{OUT}=0, V_{IN}\geq 3V$   |   | 1.6  |      | A             |             |    |
| In-Regulation Current Limit    |                        | $V_{OUT}$ within 4% of normal output voltage $V_{IN}=5.5V$                                     | 1.4   | 2.2  | 3.0  | A             |             |    |
| Ground Current                 |                        | $I_{OUT}=100\mu A$   |   | 110  |      | $\mu A$       |             |    |
| Dropout Voltage <sup>(5)</sup> |                        | $I_{OUT}=1A$   |   | 140  | 280  | mV            |             |    |
| Line Regulation <sup>(6)</sup> |                        | $V_{IN}$ from $V_{OUT}+0.5V$ to $5.5V$ , $I_{OUT}=5mA$   | -0.15   |      | 0.15 | %/V           |             |    |
| Load Regulation <sup>(7)</sup> |                        | $I_{OUT}$ from 1mA to 1A   |   | -0.3 |      | %             |             |    |
| Output Voltage Noise           |                        | $V_{IN}=3.3V, V_{OUT}=2.8V, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ , $I_{OUT}=100mA$ , f ranges from 10Hz to 100kHz |   | 13   |      | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |             |    |
| PSRR                           |                        | At 1kHz, $I_{OUT}=250mA$   |   | 56   |      | dB            |             |    |
| Shutdown Supply Current        |                        | $V_{IN}=+5.5V$   |   | 5    | 16   | $\mu A$       |             |    |
| EN PIN Threshold               |                        | EN Logic High  | 1.5   |      |      | V             |             |    |
|                                |                        | EN Logic Low   |   |      | 0.4  |               |             |    |
| EN pin PULL-UP resistor        |                        |  | 550k  | 1.1M |      | $\Omega$      |             |    |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature   |                        | Typical thermal hysteresis $=20^{\circ}C$  |   | 150  |      | $^{\circ}C$   |             |    |
| PG                             | Minimum input voltage  | $I_{OUT(PG)}=300\mu A$   |   | 1.1  | 1.3  | V             |             |    |
|                                | Trip threshold voltage | $V_{OUT}$ decreasing   | MP20045<br>MP20045-15<br>MP20045-18<br>MP20045-25<br>MP20045-33 | 80   | 86   | % $V_{OUT}$   |             |    |
|                                |                        |  |   |      |      |               | 77          | 83 |
|                                |                        |  |   |      |      |               |             |    |
|                                | Hysteresis voltage     | Measured at $V_{OUT}$  |   |      | 6    |               | % $V_{OUT}$ |    |
|                                | Output low voltage     | $I_{OUT(PG)}=1mA$  |   | 0.15 | 0.4  |               | V           |    |
| Leakage current                | $V_{(PG)}=5.5V$        |  |   |      | 1    | $\mu A$       |             |    |

**Notes:**

5) Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential when the output voltage drops 100mV below its nominal value.

$$6) \text{ Line Regulation} = \frac{|V_{OUT[V_{IN(MAX)}]} - V_{OUT[V_{IN(MIN)}]}|}{[V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{IN(MIN)}] \times V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times 100(\%/V)$$

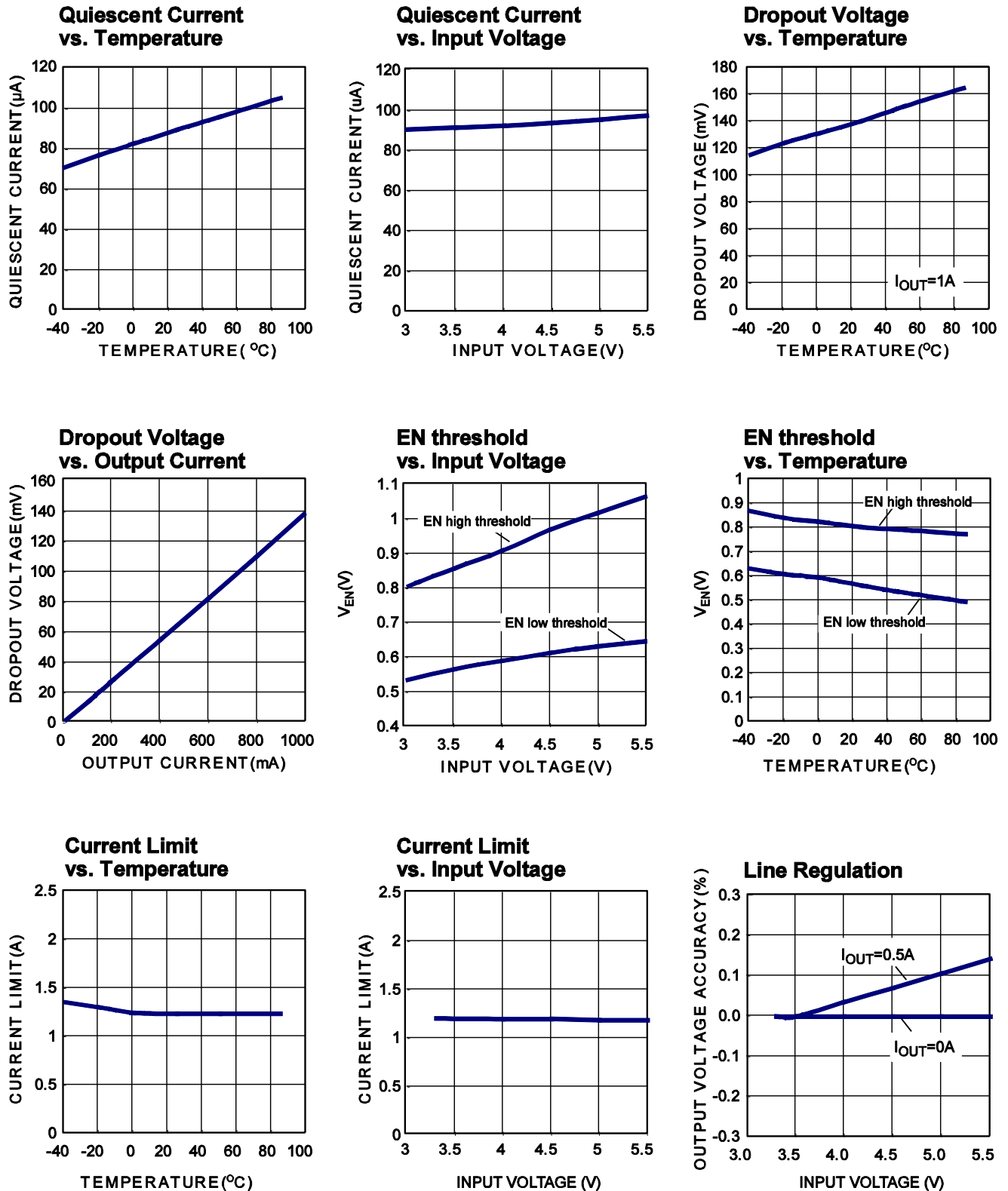
$$7) \text{ Load Regulation} = \frac{|V_{OUT[I_{OUT(MAX)}]} - V_{OUT[I_{OUT(MIN)}]}|}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times 100(\%)$$

**PIN DESCRIPTION**

| QFN8 (3X3)<br>Pin # | SOIC8E<br>Pin # | Name               | Description  |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| 1, 2                | 7, 8            | VIN                | Regulator Input. Supply voltage ranges from +2.5V to 5.5V. Bypass with 2.2 $\mu$ F capacitor. These pins must be externally connected for proper operation even if they are internally connected.                                  |
| 3, 4                | 1, 2            | VOUT               | Regulator output. Bypass with a 2.2 $\mu$ F low-ESR capacitor to GND. Connect all the pin together externally.   |
| 5                   | 3               | FB                 | Feedback Input.<br>For the adjustable output version, connect FB to the center point of the external resistor divider. The feedback threshold voltage is 1.5V.<br>For the fixed output version, connect FB to the output directly. |
| 6                   | 4               | GND<br>Exposed pad | Ground. Connect exposed pad to GND plane for optimal thermal performance.  |
| 7                   | 5               | PG                 | Open-drain power-good (PG) output.   |
| 8                   | 6               | EN                 | Positive polarity enable (EN) input Regulator Enable Control Input. Drive EN above 1.5V to turn on the MP20045. Drive EN below 0.4V to turn it off. Do not float the EN pin.   |

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

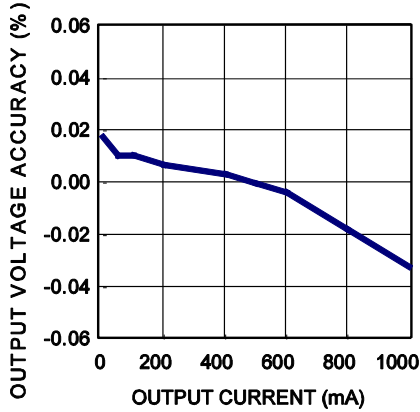
$V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted



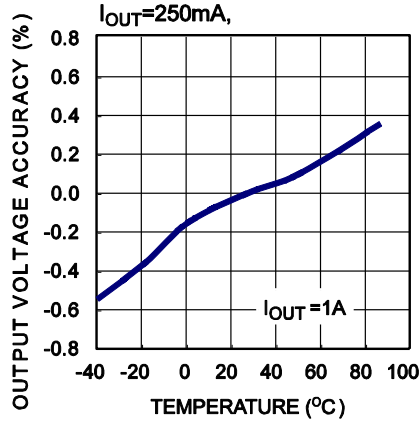
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

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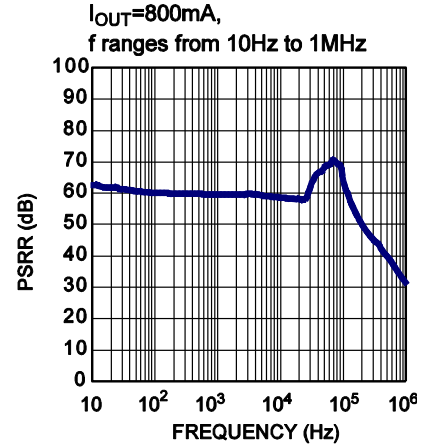
**Load Regulation**



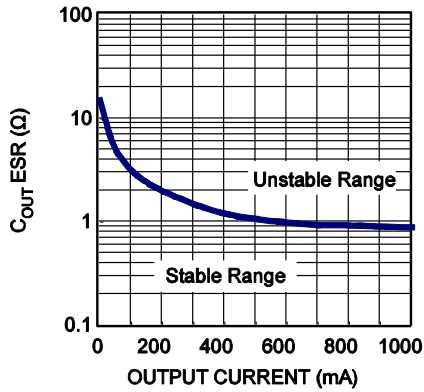
**Output Voltage Accuracy vs. Temperature**



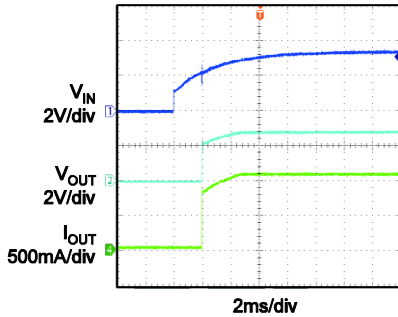
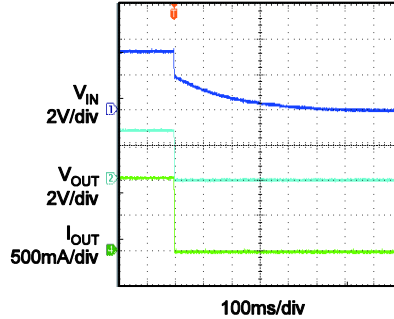
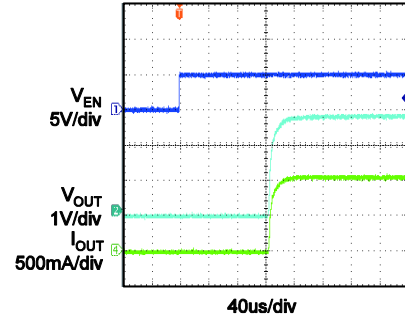
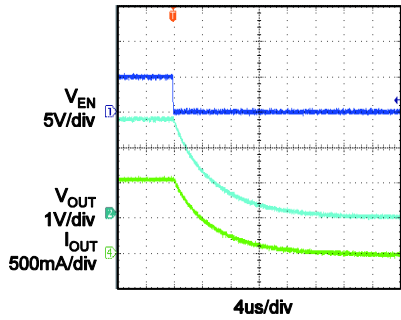
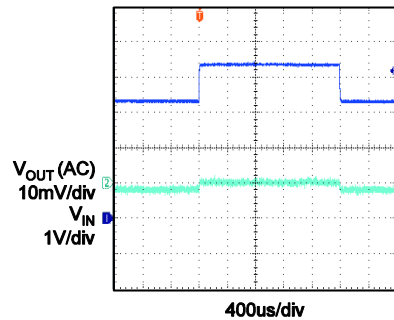
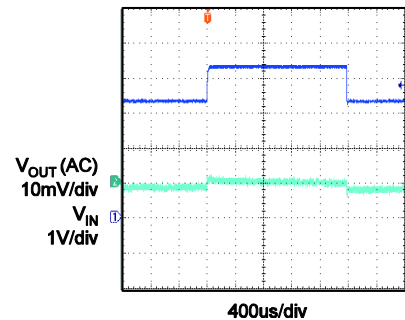
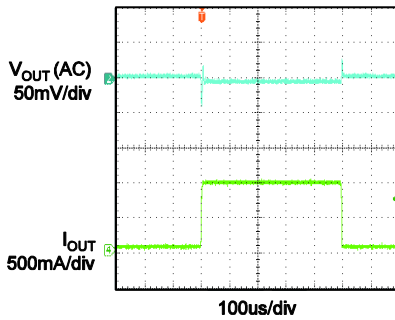
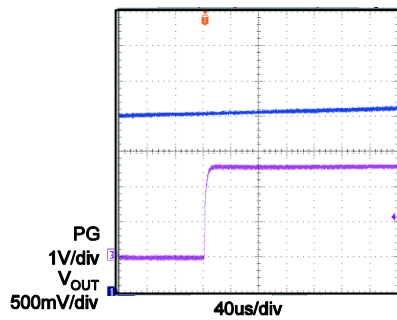
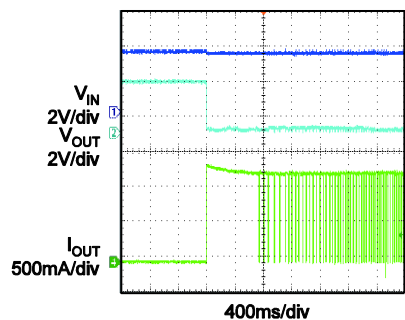
**PSRR Vs. Frequency**



**Region of Stable C<sub>OUT</sub> ESR vs. Output Current**



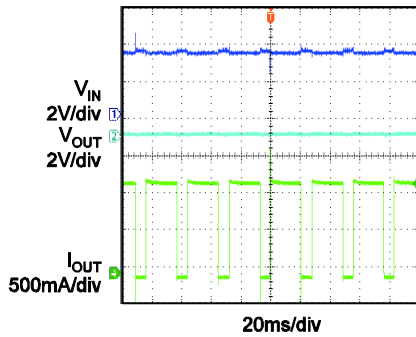
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**
 $V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted

**Input Power Start Up**
 $I_{OUT}=1A$ , with Resistor Load

**Input Power Shutdown**
 $I_{OUT}=1A$ , with Resistor Load

**EN Start Up**
 $I_{OUT}=1A$ , with Resistor Load

**EN Shutdown**
 $I_{OUT}=1A$ , with Resistor Load

**Line Transient**
 $V_{IN}=3.3V$  to  $4.3V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=100mA$ , with Resistor Load

**Line Transient**
 $V_{IN}=3.3V$  to  $4.3V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1A$ , with Resistor Load

**Load Transient**
 $I_{OUT}=50mA$  to  $1A$ , with Resistor Load

**Power Good Status**

**Over Current Protection Entry**


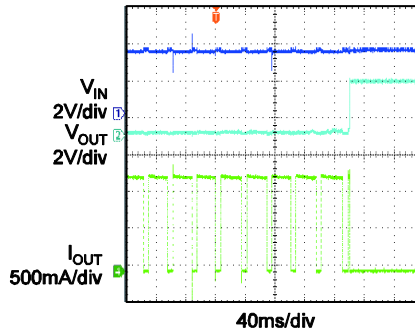
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

$V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted

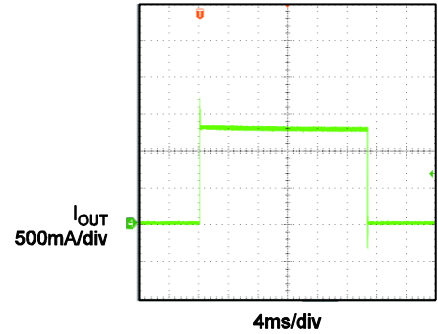
**Over Current Protection  
Steady State  
No Load**



**Over Current Protection  
Recovery  
No Load**

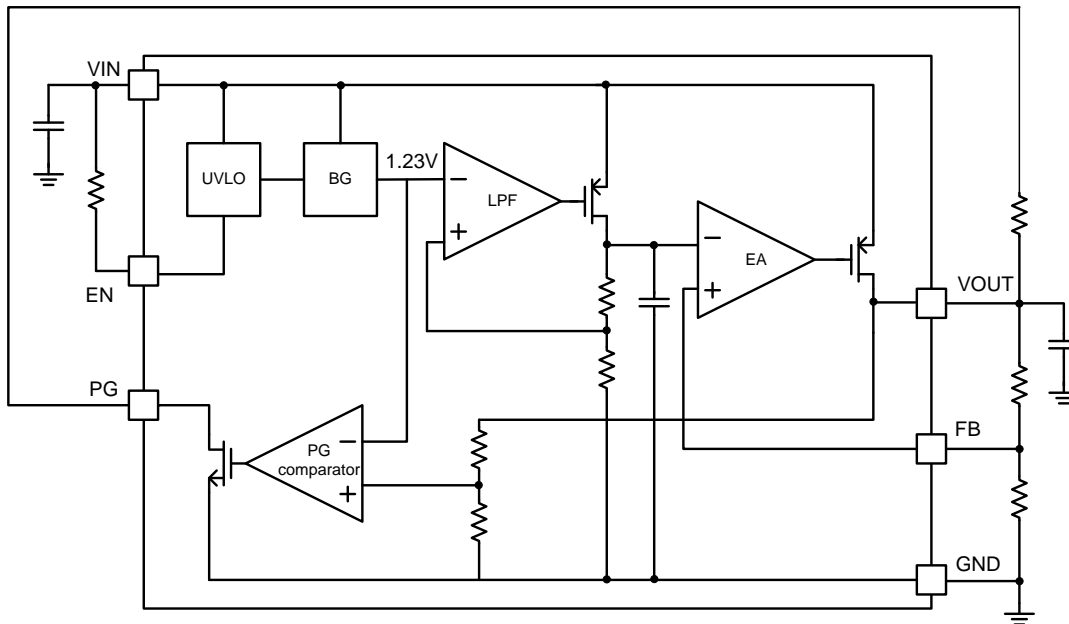


**Current Limit**





## BLOCK DIAGRA



**Figure 1—Block Diagram of Super Low Dropout Regulation**

## OPERATION

The MP20045 is a low-dropout linear regulator supplies up to 1A current. It is intended for use in devices that require very low voltage, low quiescent, low noise and high PSRR such as wireless LAN, battery powered equipment and hand-held equipment.

The MP20045 uses an internal PMOS as the pass element and features internal thermal shutdown and internal current limit circuit.

### Dropout Voltage

Dropout voltage is the minimum input to output differential voltage required for the regulator to maintain an output voltage within 100mV of its nominal value. Because the PMOS pass element behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage of MP20045 is very low.

### Shutdown

The MP20045 can be switched ON or OFF by a logic input at the EN pin. A high voltage at this pin will turn the device on. When the EN pin is low, the regulator output is off. The EN pin should be tied to VIN to keep the regulator output always on if the application does not require the shutdown feature. Do not float the EN pin.

### Current Limit

The MP20045 includes a current limit structures which monitor and control PMOS's gate voltage limiting the guaranteed maximum output current to 1.2A.

### Thermal Protection

Thermal protection turns off the PMOS when the junction temperature exceeds +150°C, allowing the IC to cool. When the IC's junction temperature drops by 20°C, the PMOS will be turned on again. Thermal protection limits total power dissipation in the MP20045. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125 °C maximum.

### Load-Transient Considerations

The output response of load-transient consists of a DC shift and transient response. Because of the excellent load regulation of MP20045, the DC shift is very small. The output voltage transient depends on the output capacitor's value and the ESR. Increasing the capacitance and decreasing the ESR will improve the transient response.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Setting the Output Voltage

The output voltage of MP20045 can be set externally which ranges from 1.5V to 5V by operating from +2.5V to +5.5V input or preset internally at 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5V. For the adjustable version, the output voltage is set by using a resistive voltage divider from the output voltage to FB pin. The voltage divider divides the output voltage down to the feedback voltage by the ratio:

$$V_{FB} = V_{OUT} \frac{R2}{R1 + R2}$$

Where  $V_{FB}$  is the feedback threshold voltage ( $V_{FB} = 1.5V$ ), and  $V_{OUT}$  is the output voltage. Thus the output voltage is:

$$V_{OUT} = 1.5 \times \frac{R1 + R2}{R2}$$

$R2$  can be as high as 100k $\Omega$ , but a typical value is 10k $\Omega$ . Using that value,  $R1$  is determined by:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left( \frac{V_{OUT} - V_{FB}}{V_{FB}} \right)$$

For example, for a 2.8V output voltage,  $R2$  is 10k $\Omega$ , and  $R1$  is 8.66k $\Omega$ . You can select a standard 8.66k $\Omega$  ( $\pm 1\%$ ) resistor for  $R1$ .

### Power Dissipation

The power dissipation for any package depends on the thermal resistance of the case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the junction and ambient air, and the rate of air flow. The power dissipation across the device can be represented by the equation:

$$P = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$

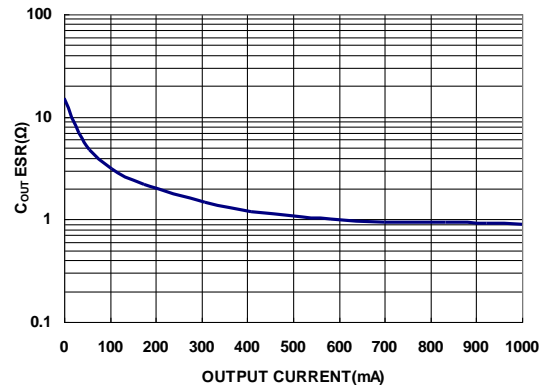
The allowable power dissipation can be calculated using the following equation:

$$P_{(MAX)} = (T_{JUNCTION} - T_{AMBIENT}) / \theta_{JA}$$

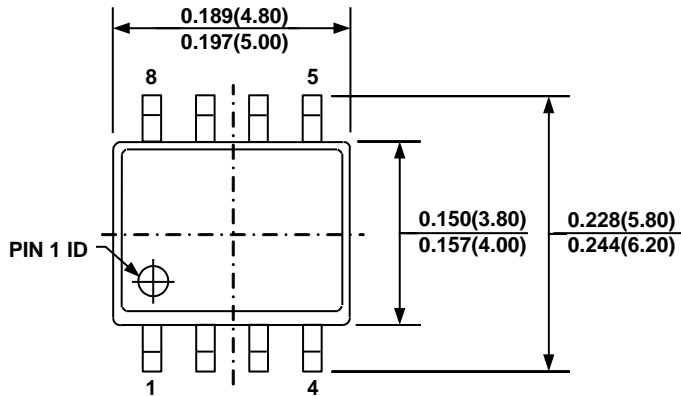
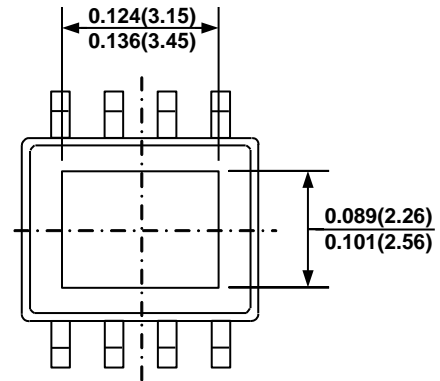
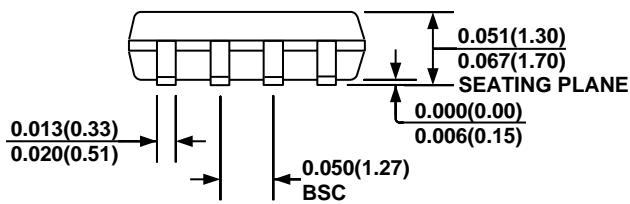
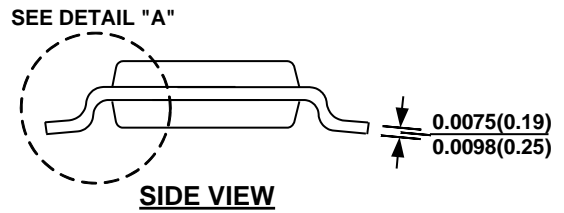
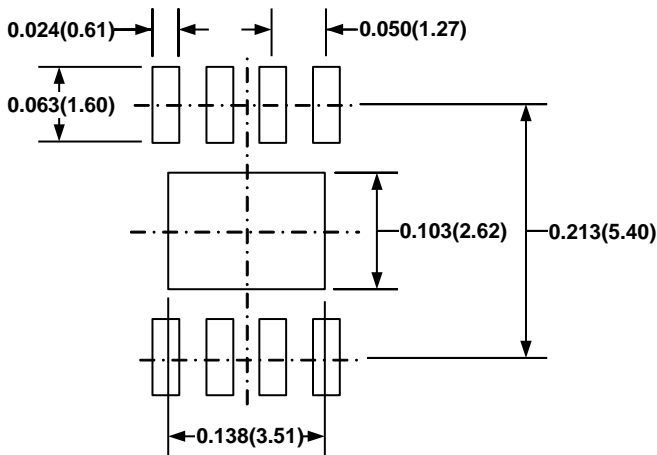
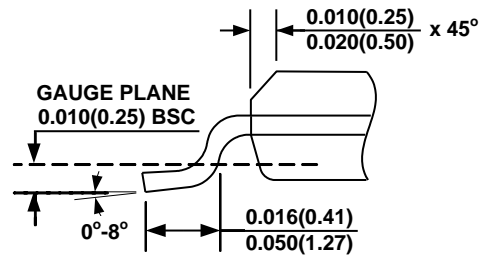
Where  $(T_{JUNCTION} - T_{AMBIENT})$  is the temperature difference between the junction and the surrounding environment,  $\theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance from the junction to the ambient environment. Connecting the GND pin of MP20045 to ground using a large pad or ground plane helps to channel heat away.

### Output Capacitor Selection

The MP20045 is designed specifically to work with very low ESR ceramic output capacitor in space-saving and performance consideration. A 2.2 $\mu F$  ceramic capacitor with ESR lower than 0.9 $\Omega$  is suitable for the MP20045 application circuit. Output capacitor of larger values will help to improve load transient response and reduce noise with the drawback of increased size.



**Figure 2—Relationship between ESR and LDO Stability**

**PACKAGE INFORMATION**
**SOIC8E**

**TOP VIEW**

**BOTTOM VIEW**

**FRONT VIEW**

**SIDE VIEW**

**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN**

**DETAIL "A"**
**NOTE:**

- CONTROL DIMENSION IS IN INCHES. DIMENSION IN BRACKET IS IN MILLIMETERS.
- PACKAGE LENGTH DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.
- PACKAGE WIDTH DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
- LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.004" INCHES MAX.
- DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-012, VARIATION BA.
- DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.





Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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