

IRG4PH50UDPbF

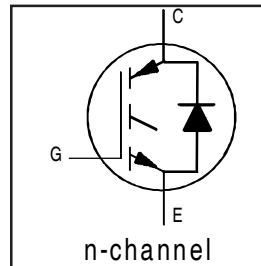
INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE UltraFast CoPack IGBT

Features

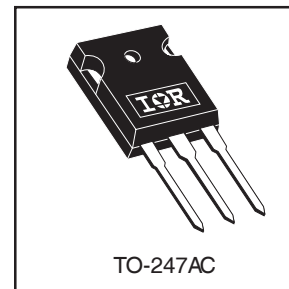
- UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies up to 40 kHz in hard switching, >200 kHz in resonant mode
- New IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generations
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft-recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-247AC package
- Lead-Free

Benefits

- Higher switching frequency capability than competitive IGBTs
- Highest efficiency available
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBT's. Minimized recovery characteristics require less/no snubbing



$V_{CES} = 1200V$
$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.78V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 24A$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	45	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	24	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	180	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	180	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	16	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	180	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	200	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	78	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) 10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	—	—	0.64	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	—	—	0.83	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	40	
Wt	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ^③	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.20	—	V/°C	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.56	3.5	V	$I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V$
		—	2.78	3.7		$I_C = 24A$
		—	3.20	—		$I_C = 45A$
		—	2.54	—		$I_C = 24A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV/°C	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ^④	23	35	—	S	$V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 24A$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$
		—	—	6500		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	2.5	3.5	V	$I_C = 16A$
		—	2.1	3.0		$I_C = 16A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	160	250	nC	$I_C = 24A$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	27	40		$V_{CC} = 400V$
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	53	80		$V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	47	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	24	—		$I_C = 24A, V_{CC} = 800V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	110	170		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	180	260		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	2.10	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 18
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1.50	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	3.60	4.6		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	46	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C},$ See Fig. 11, 18
t_r	Rise Time	—	27	—		$I_C = 24A, V_{CC} = 800V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	240	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	330	—		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	6.38	—	mJ	
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	3600	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	160	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	31	—		$f = 1.0MHz$
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	90	135	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 14
		—	164	245		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	5.8	10	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 15
		—	8.3	15		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	260	675	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 16
		—	680	1838		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$di_{(rec)M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b	—	120	—	A/ μs	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 17
		—	76	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

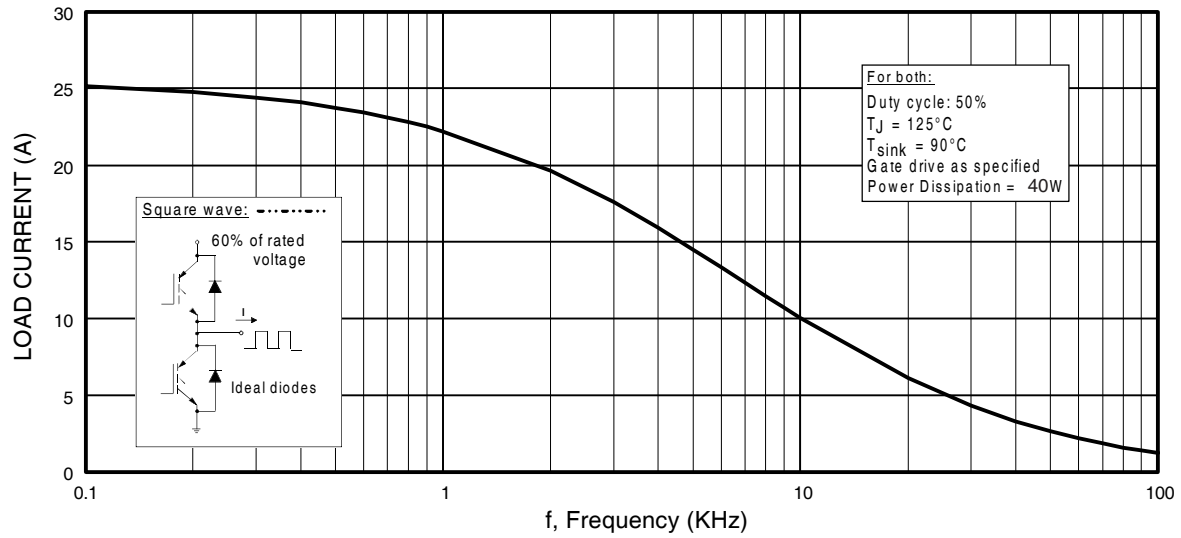


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

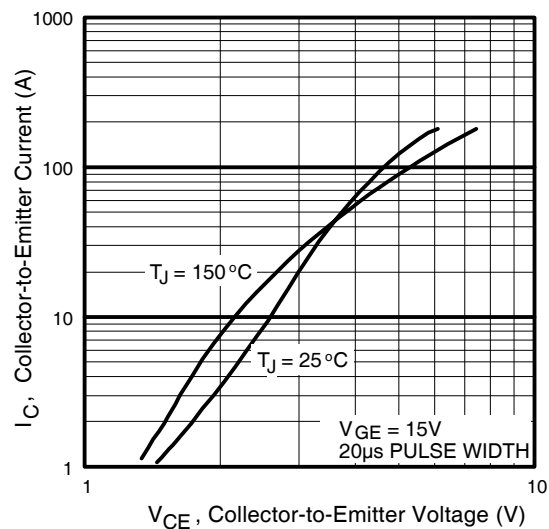


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

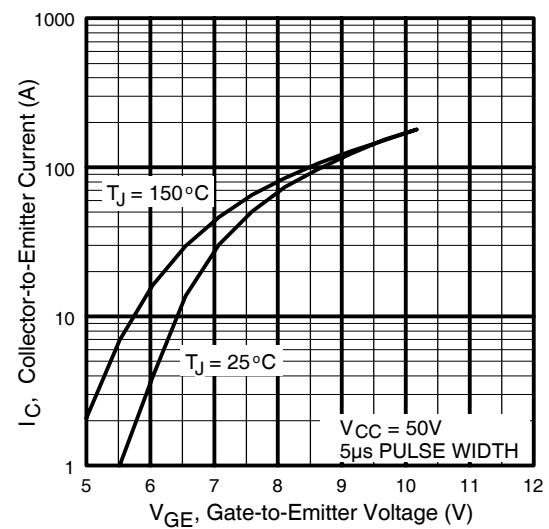


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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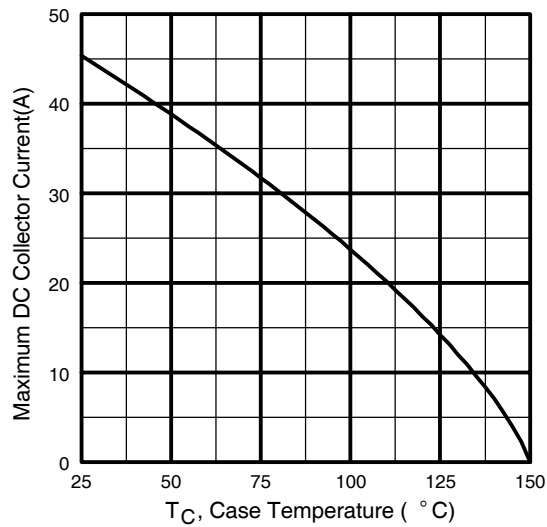


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

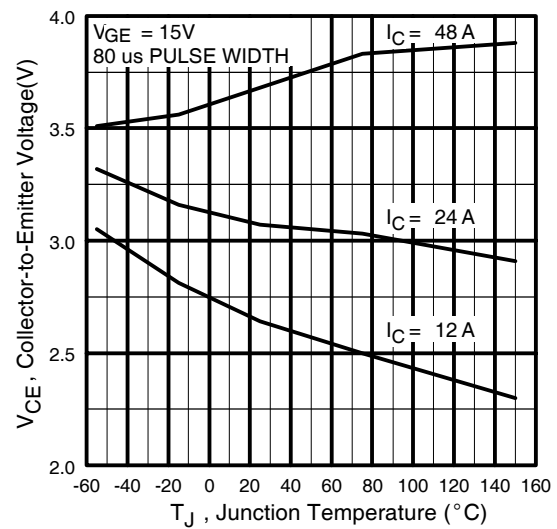


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

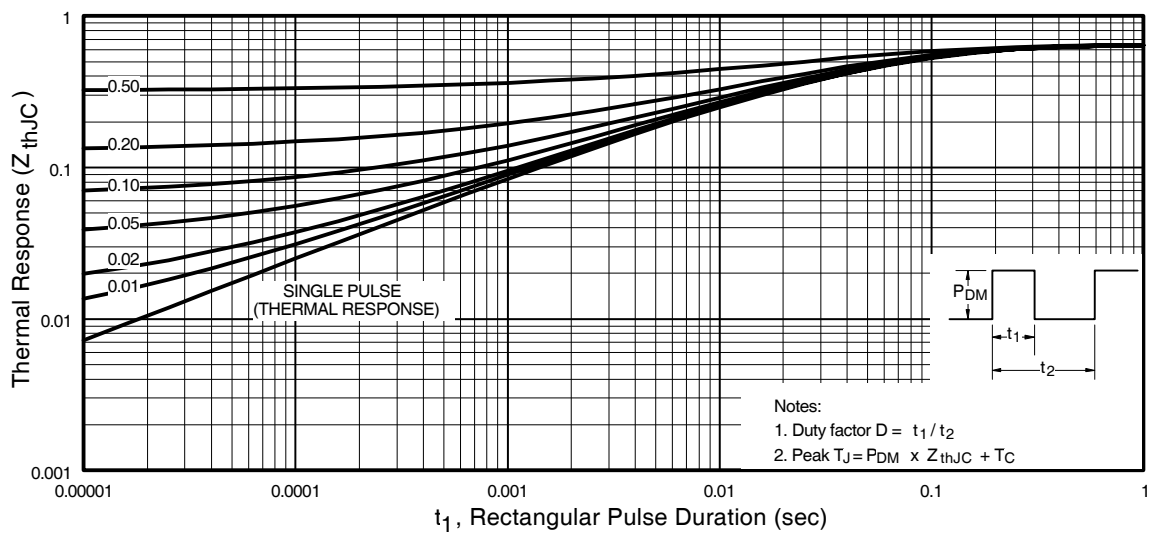


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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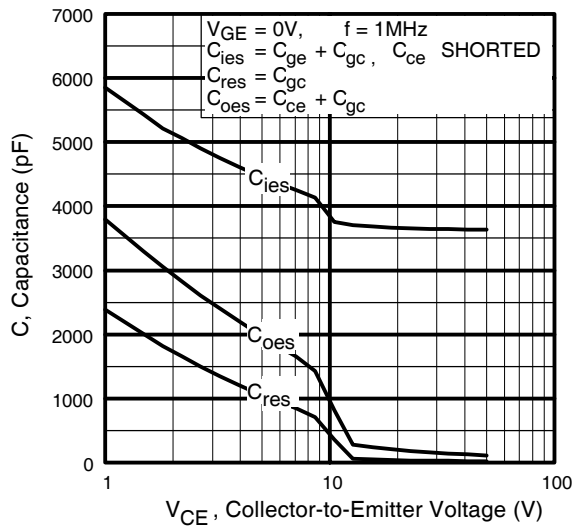


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

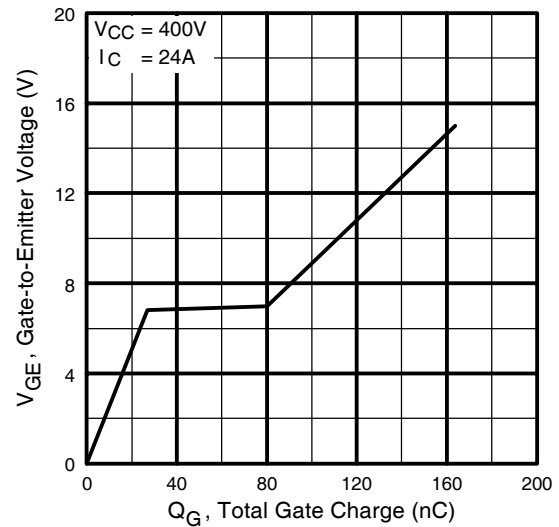


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

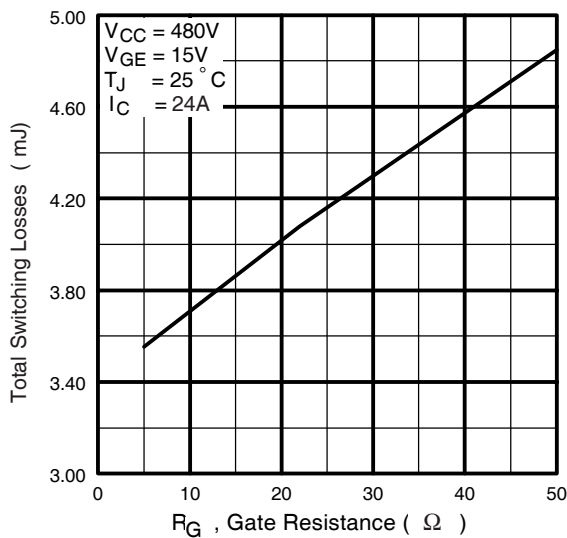


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

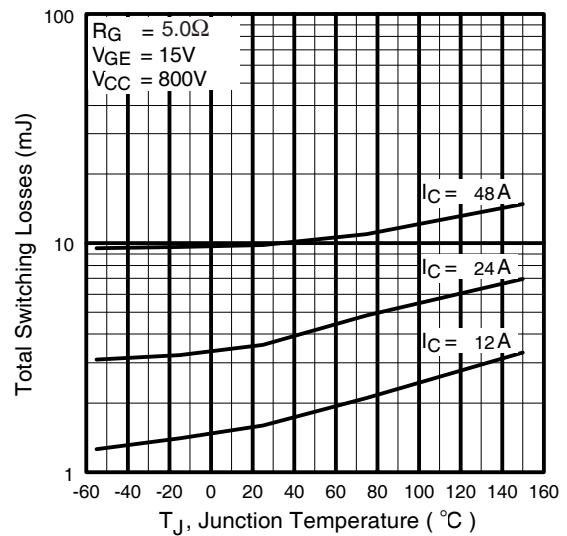


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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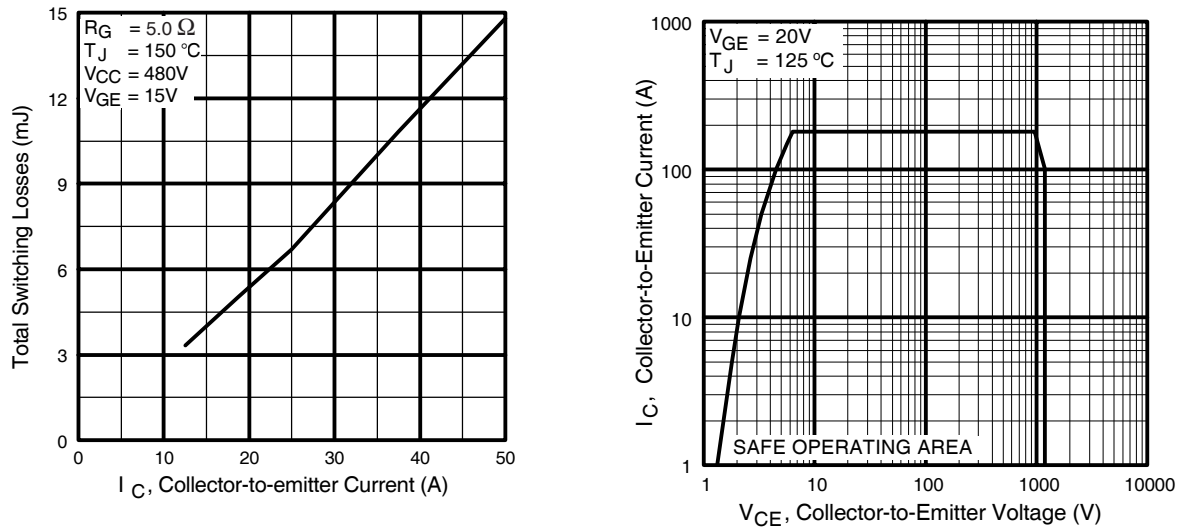


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

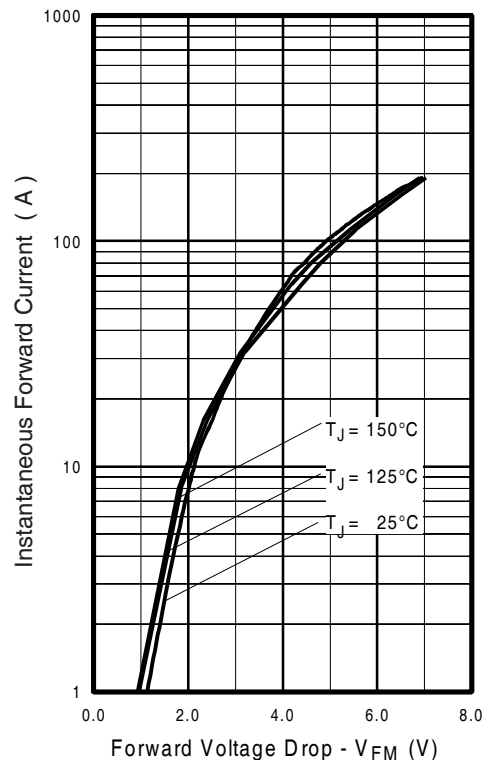


Fig. 13 - Typical Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

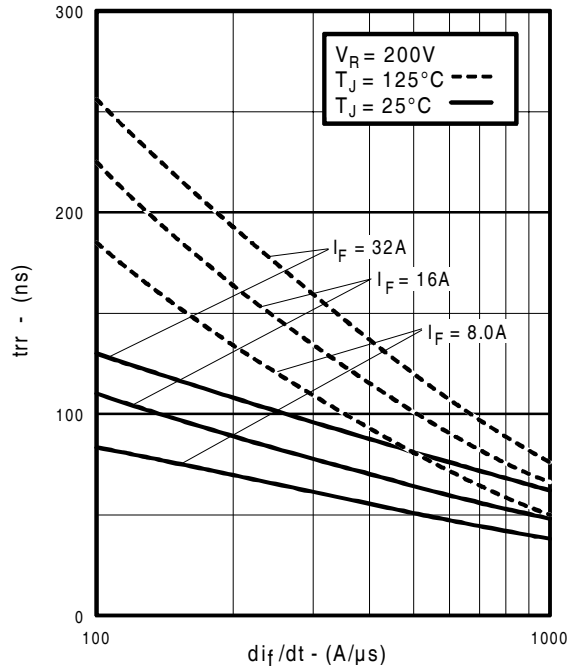


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

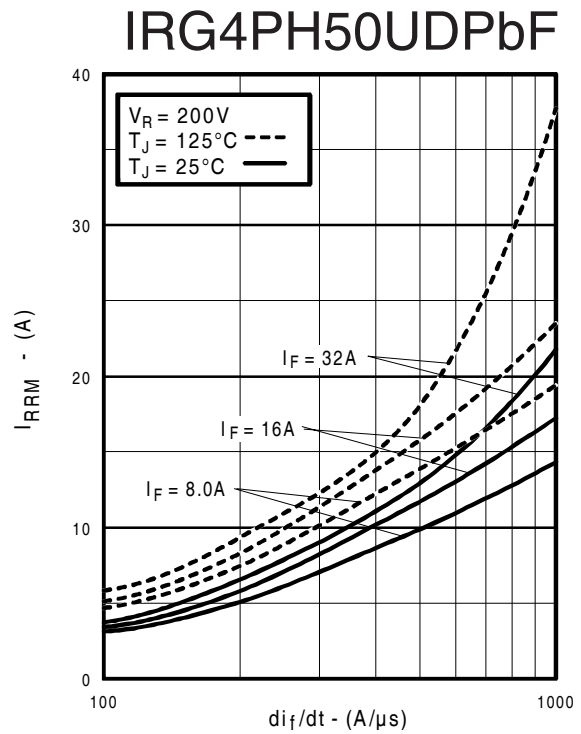


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

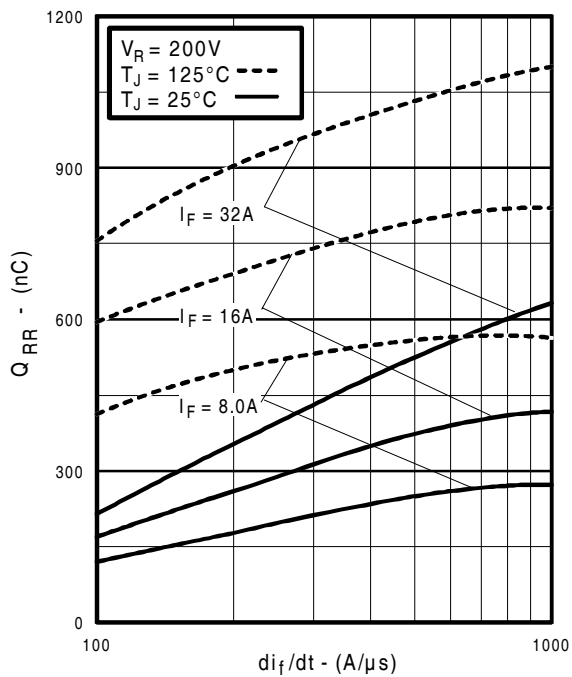


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt
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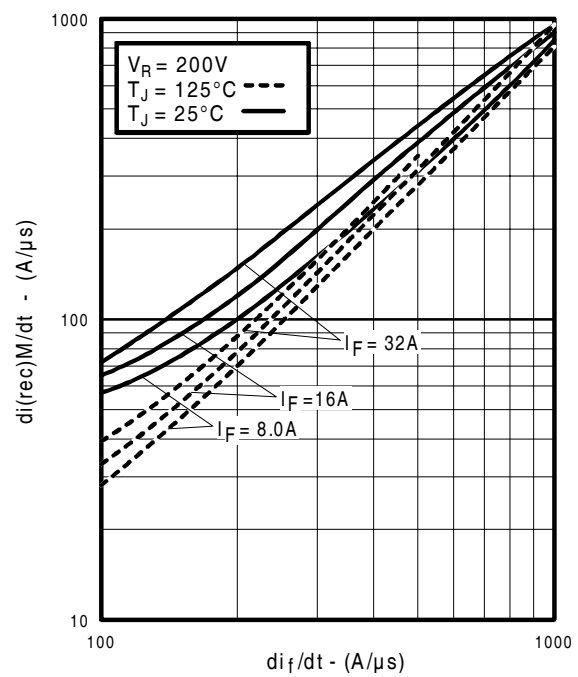


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)}M/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

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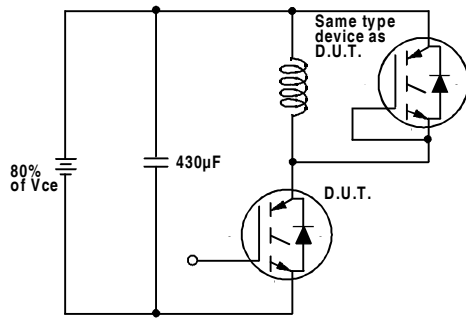


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off}(\text{diode})$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

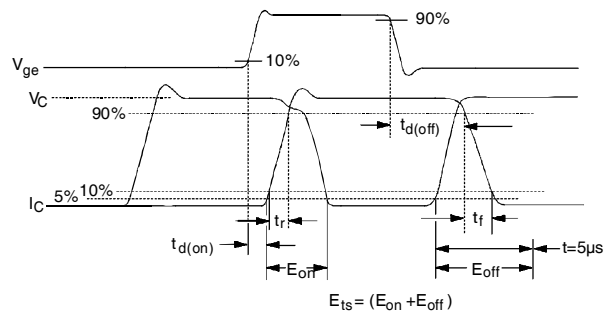


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

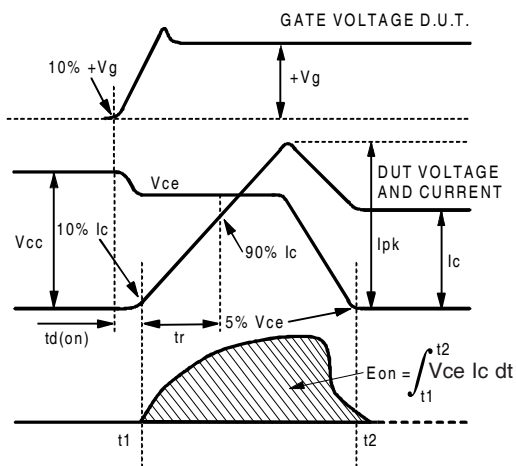


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

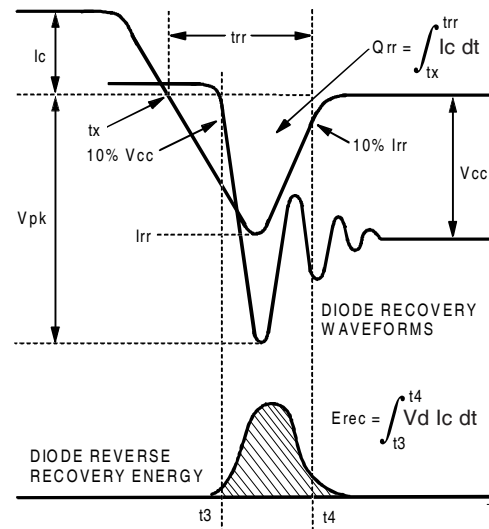


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

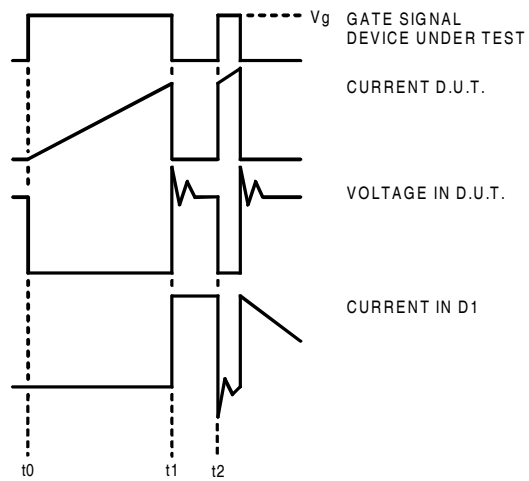


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

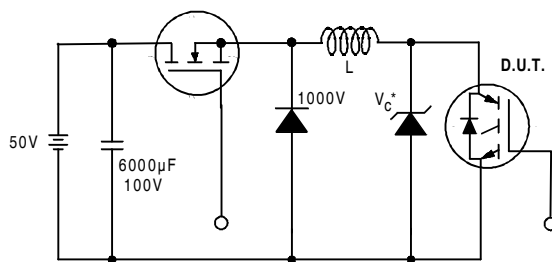


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

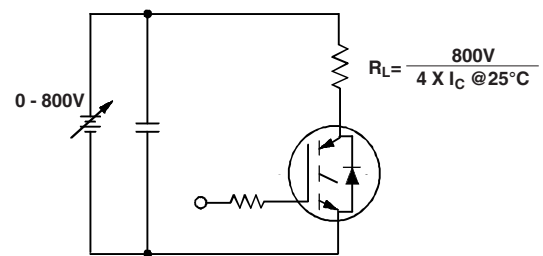


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

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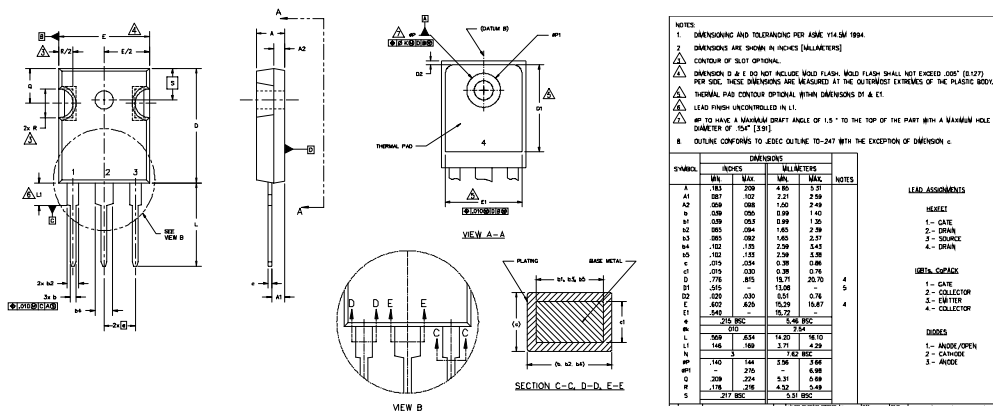
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Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating: $V_{GE}=20V$; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G=5.0\Omega$ (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ④ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

TO-247AC Package Outline

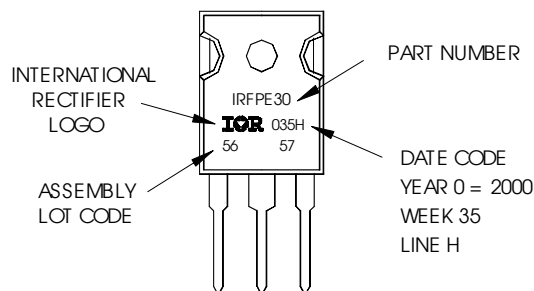
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON VW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead-Free"



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

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TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>



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- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
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- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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