CeraLink

Capacitor for fast-switching semiconductors

Series/Type:	**Flex Assembly (FA) series**
Ordering code:	**B58035U***
Date:	2019-09-25
Version:	6.2

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Applications

- Power converters and inverters
- DC link/snubber capacitor for power converters and inverters

Features

- High ripple current capability
- High temperature robustness
- Low equivalent serial inductance (ESL)
- Low equivalent serial resistance (ESR)
- Low power loss
- Low dielectric absorption
- Optimized for high frequencies up to several MHz
- Increasing capacitance with DC bias up to operating voltage
- High capacitance density
- Minimized dielectric loss at high temperatures
- Qualification based on AEC-Q200 rev. D
- Suitable for reflow soldering only

Construction

- RoHS-compatible PLZT ceramic (lead lanthanum zirconium titanate)
- Copper inner electrodes
- Silver outer electrodes
- Silver coated copper-invar lead frame
- Epoxy resin adhesive

General technical data

Dissipation factor	$\tan\delta$	< 0.02	
Insulation resistance	$R_{ins,\ typ}$ [1)]	> 0.1	GΩ
Operating device temperature	T_{device}	-40 … +150	°C

[1)] Typical insulation resistance, measured at operating voltage V_{op} and measurement time > 240s, +25 °C

Overview of available types

$C_{nom, typ}$ (µF)	V_R (V_{DC}) 500	700	900
0.5			FA2
0.75			FA3
1		FA2	
1.5		FA3	
2	FA2		
2.5			FA10
3	FA3		
5		FA10	
10	FA10		

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Type	$V_{pk, max}$ V	V_R V	V_{op} V	$C_{nom, typ}$ µF	C_{eff} µF	C_0 µF	Ordering code
FA2	650	500	400	2	1.20 ±20%	0.70 ±20%	B58035U5205M062 B58035U5205M052 *)
FA3	650	500	400	3	1.80 ±20%	1.05 ±20%	B58035U5305M062 B58035U5305M052 *)
FA10	650	500	400	10	6.00 ±20%	3.50 ±20%	B58035U5106M001
FA2	1000	700	600	1	0.50 ±20%	0.28 ±20%	B58035U7105M062 B58035U7105M052 *)
FA3	1000	700	600	1.5	0.75 ±20%	0.42 ±20%	B58035U7155M062 B58035U7155M052 *)
FA10	1000	700	600	5	2.50 ±20%	1.40 ±20%	B58035U7505M001
FA2	1300	900	800	0.5	0.26 ±20%	0.14 ±20%	B58035U9504M062 B58035U9504M052 *)
FA3	1300	900	800	0.75	0.39 ±20%	0.21 ±20%	B58035U9754M062 B58035U9754M052 *)
FA10	1300	900	800	2.5	1.30 ±20%	0.70 ±20%	B58035U9255M001

*) smaller packaging unit (180-mm reel), see section “Packaging” for details

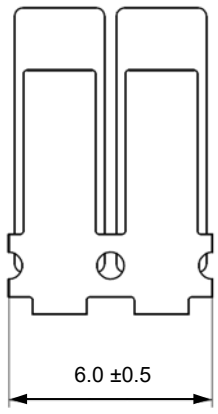
Typical values as a design reference for CeraLink® applications

Type	V_R	Weight	ESR 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 25°C, 1kHz	ESR 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 25°C, 1MHz	ESL	I_{op} [1] 100 kHz, T_A = 85°C	I_{op} [1] 100 kHz, T_A = 105°C
	V	G	Ω	mΩ	nH	A_{RMS}	A_{RMS}
FA2	500	2.3	3	5	3	17	14
FA3	500	3.5	2	4	3	20	17
FA10	500	11.5	1	3	2	47	38
FA2	700	2.3	6	17	3	12	11
FA3	700	3.5	4	12	3	16	13
FA10	700	11.5	1	5	2	39	30
FA2	900	2.3	11	29	3	8	7
FA3	900	3.5	7	20	3	11	9
FA10	900	11.5	2	7	2	32	23

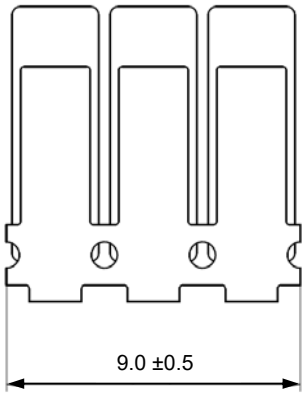
[1] Normal operating current without forced cooling at T_{device} = +150 °C. Higher values permissible at reduced lifetime.

Dimensional drawings

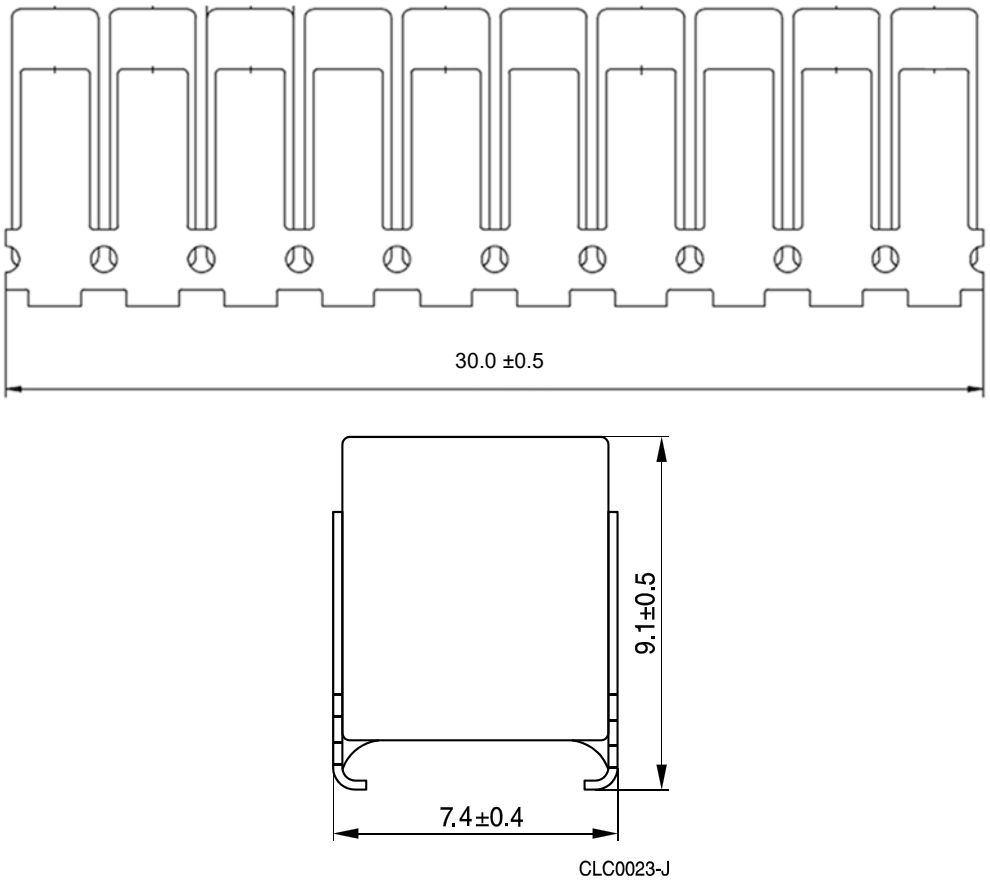
FA 2



FA 3

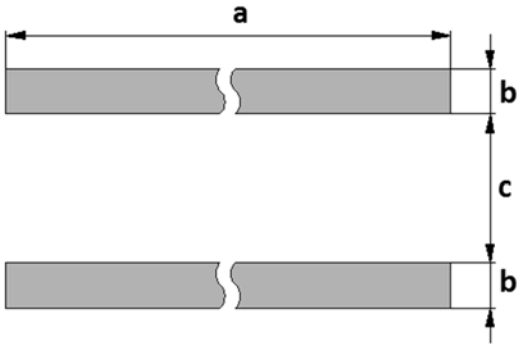


FA 10



Dimensions in mm

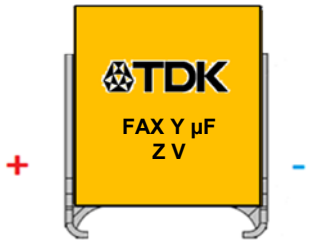
Recommended solder pads



Type	a	b	c
FA2	7	2.85	5
FA3	10	2.85	5
FA10	31	2.85	5

Dimensions in mm

Polarity and marking of components



Manufacturer's logo

X = CeraLink FA type (e.g. FA2)
Y = Nominal capacitance
Z = Rated voltage

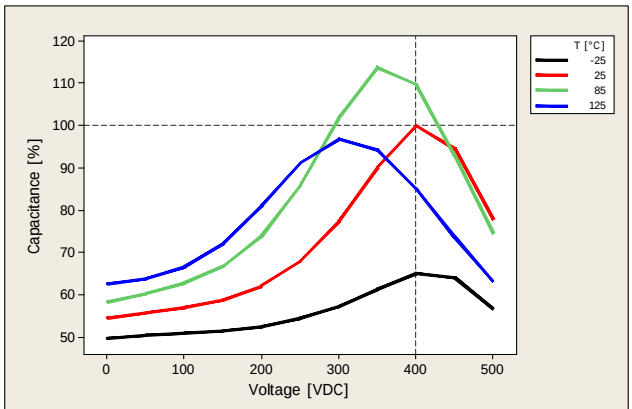
Note that polarity is only for incoming inspection purposes and it does not affect operation. If put under reverse rated voltage V_R, CeraLink is repoled and works identically.

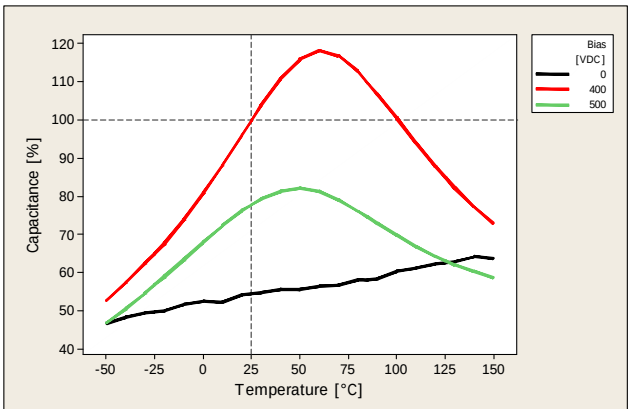
Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage V_R = 500 V

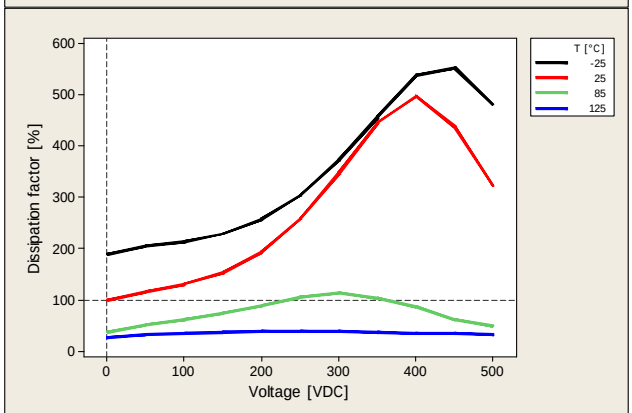
(V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS}, frequency = 1 kHz)

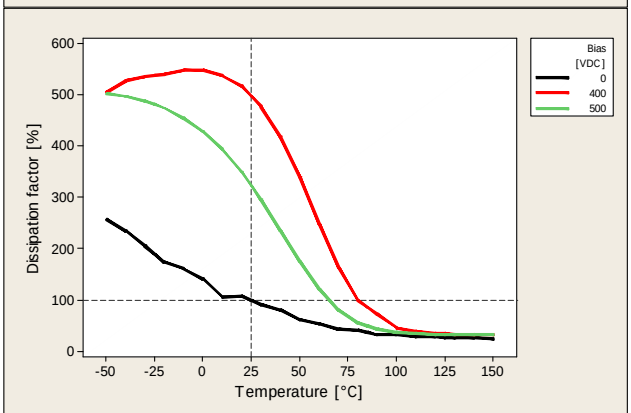
All given temperatures are device temperatures.

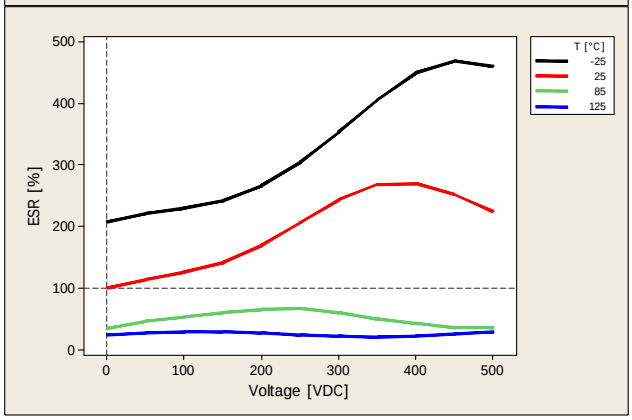
The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100% values correspond to $C_{eff, typ}$ and tan δ which are given on pages 2, 3 and 4 of this data sheet.

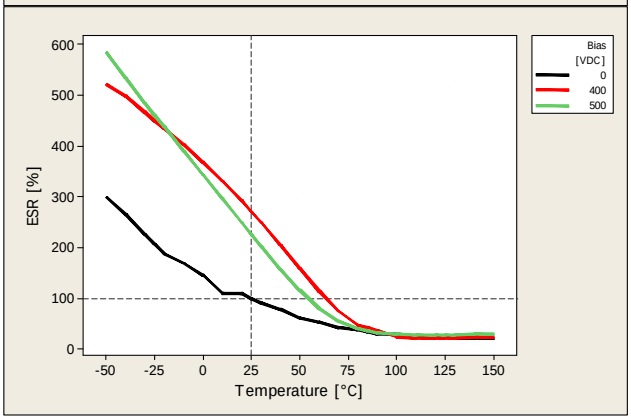








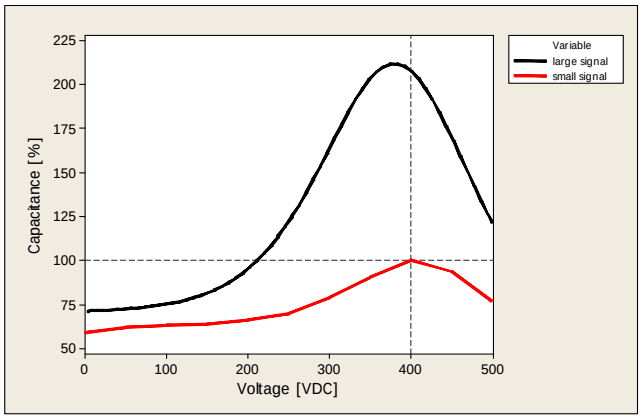




Application Notes

Further typical electrical characteristics as a design reference for CeraLink applications.

Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage V_R = 500 V – valid for FA2, FA3 and FA10



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), +25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at V_{op}.

See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, +25 °C

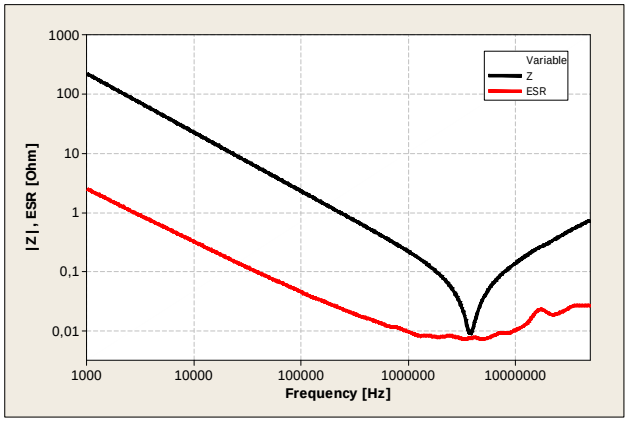
The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at V_{op}.

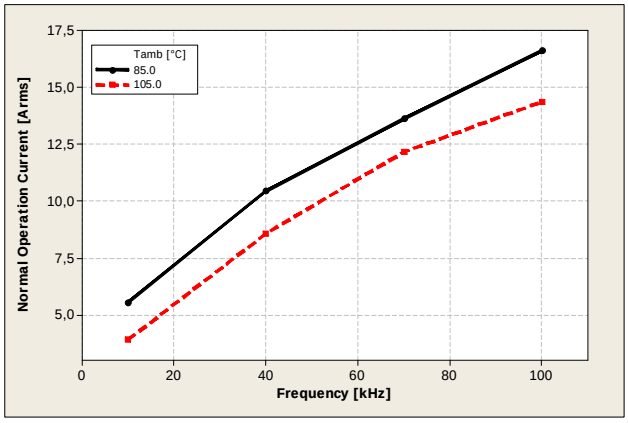
Typical impedance, ESR and permissible current as a function of frequency V_R = 500 V

V_{DC} = 0 V,
V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS},
T_{device} = +25 °C

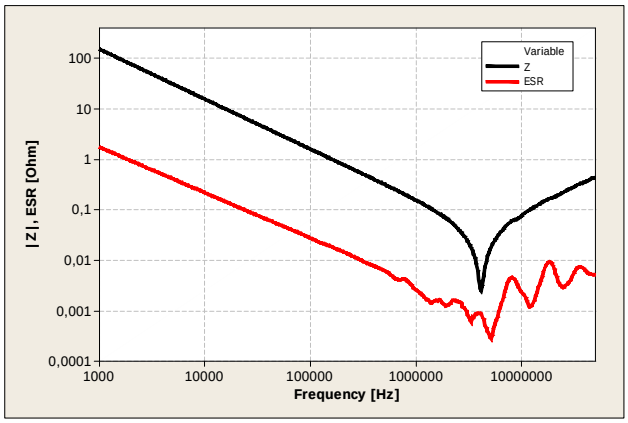
Measurements performed at V_{op}.
The values correspond to a device temperature of +150 °C. No forced cooling was used.

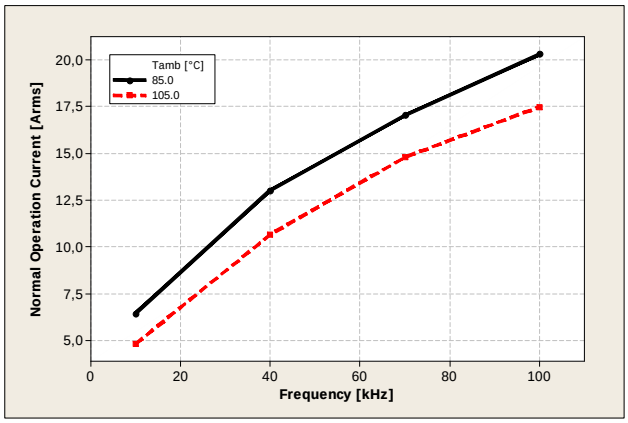
FA2



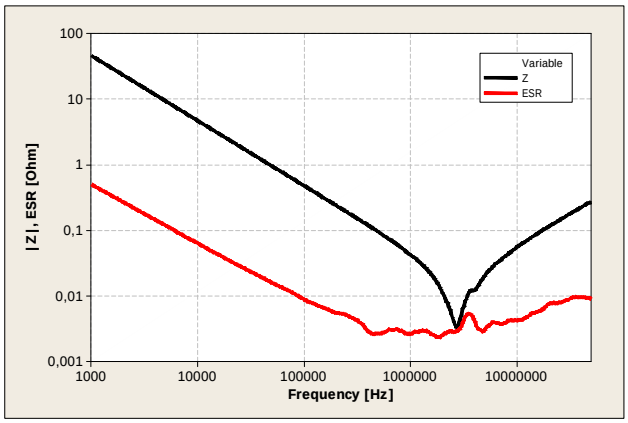


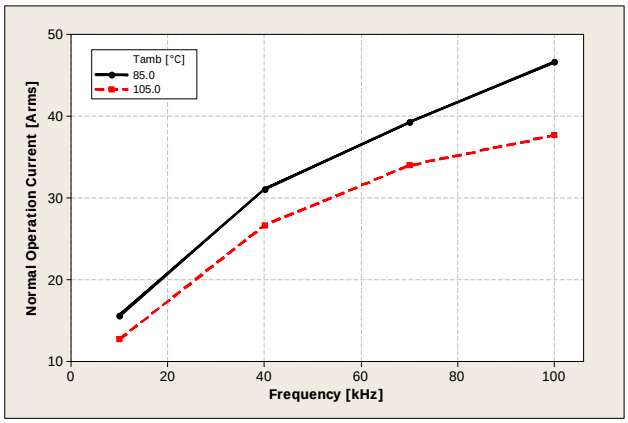
FA3





FA10





Aging

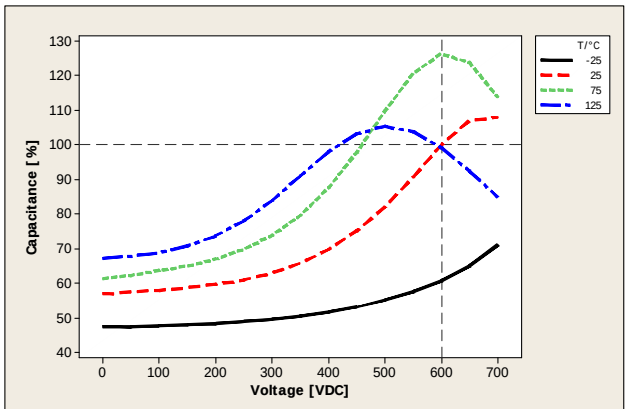
The capacitance has an aging behavior which shows a decrease of capacitance with time.
The typical aging rate is about 2.5% per logarithmic decade in hours.

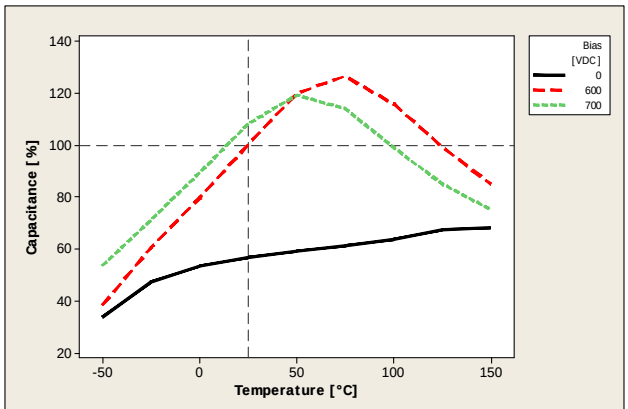
Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage V_R = 700 V

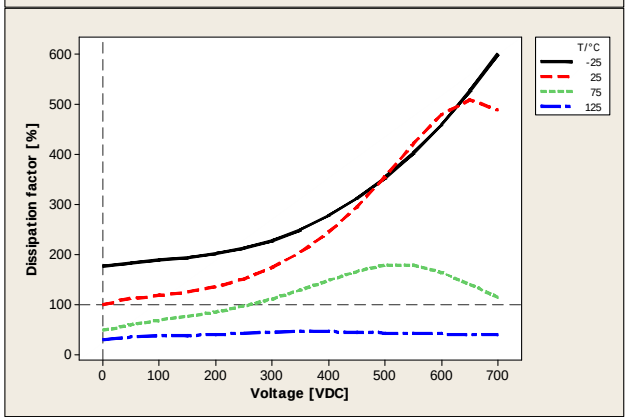
(V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS}, frequency = 1 kHz)

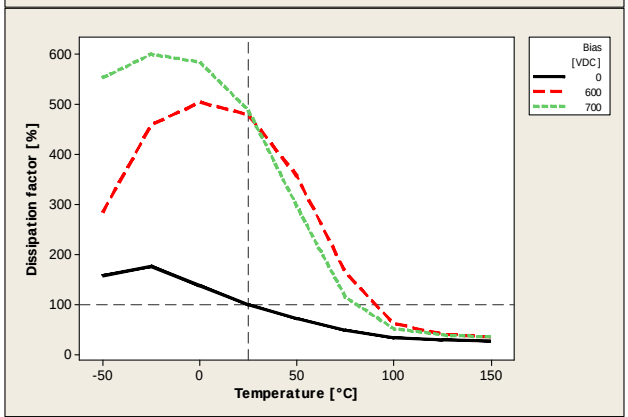
All given temperatures are device temperatures.

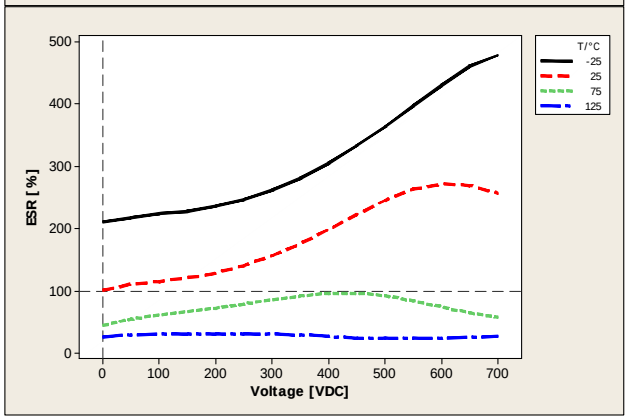
The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100% values correspond to $C_{eff, typ}$ and tan δ which are given on pages 2, 3 and 4 of this data sheet.

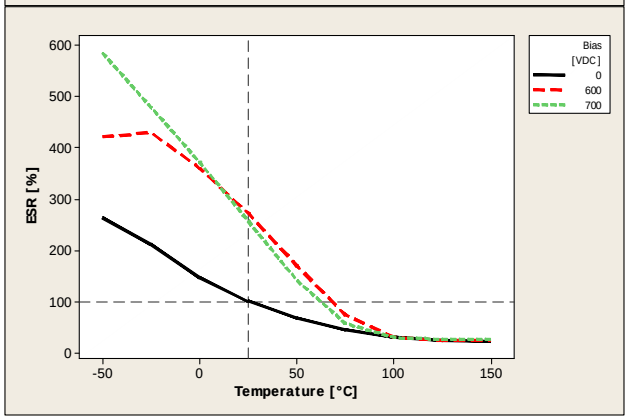








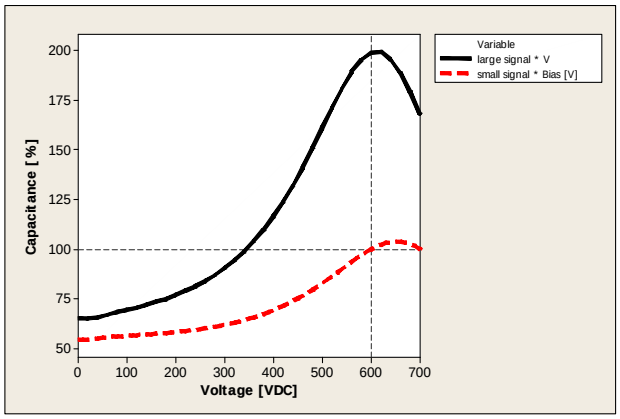




Application Notes

Further typical electrical characteristics as a design reference for CeraLink applications.

Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage V_R = 700 V – valid for FA2, FA3 and FA10



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), +25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at V_{op}.

See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, +25 °C

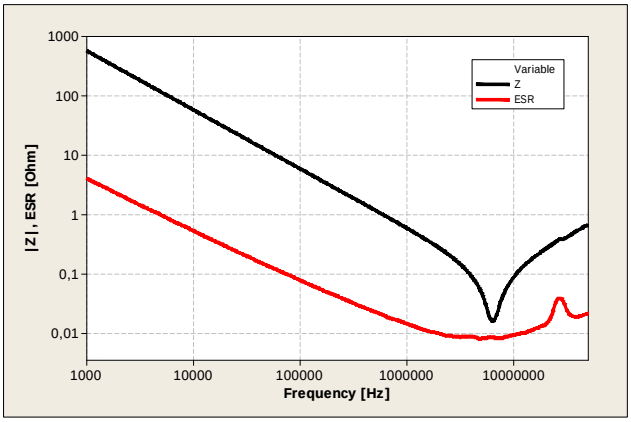
The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at V_{op}.

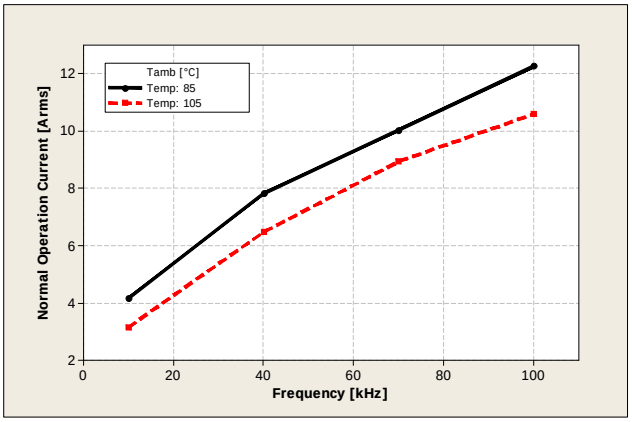
Typical impedance, ESR and permissible current as a function of frequency V_R = 700 V

V_{DC} = 0 V,
V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS},
T_{device} = +25 °C

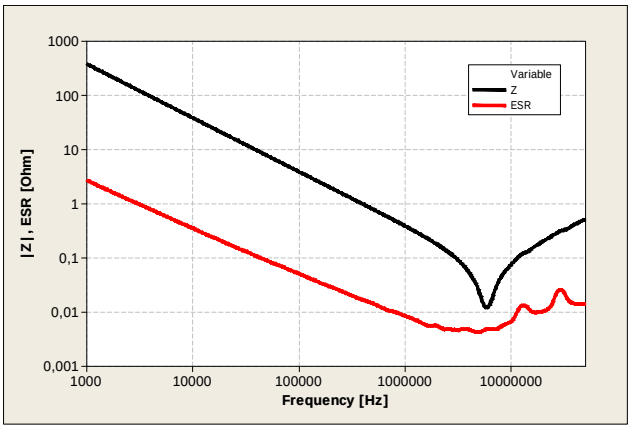
Measurements performed at V_{op}.
The values correspond to a device temperature of +150 °C. No forced cooling was used.

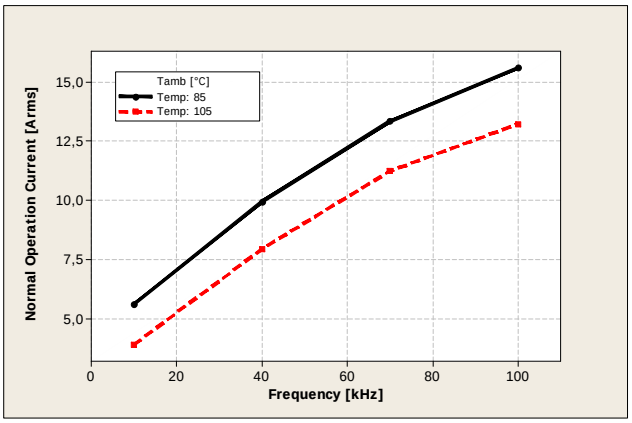
FA2



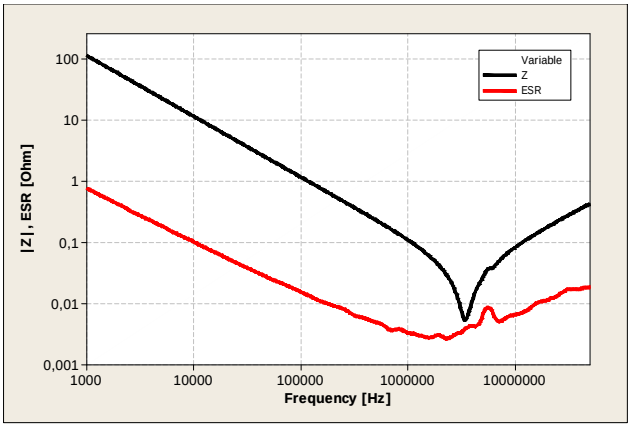


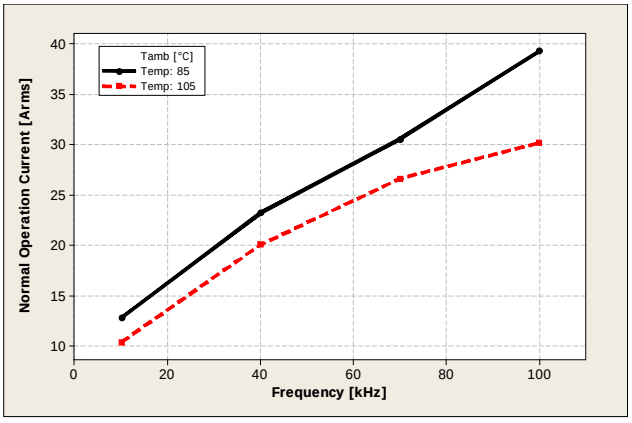
FA3





FA10





Aging

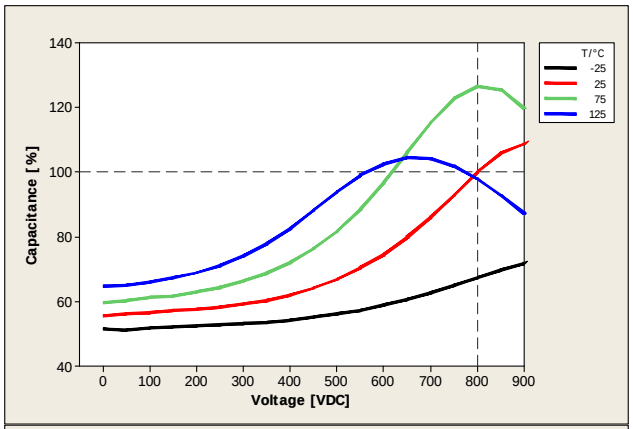
The capacitance has an aging behavior which shows a decrease of capacitance with time.
The typical aging rate is about 2.5% per logarithmic decade in hours.

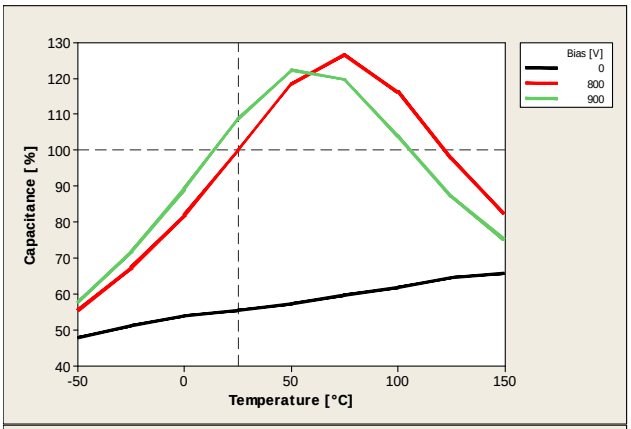
Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage V_R = 900 V

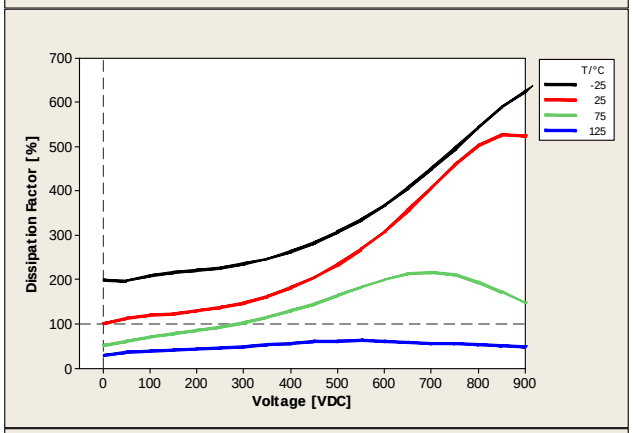
(V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS}, frequency = 1 kHz)

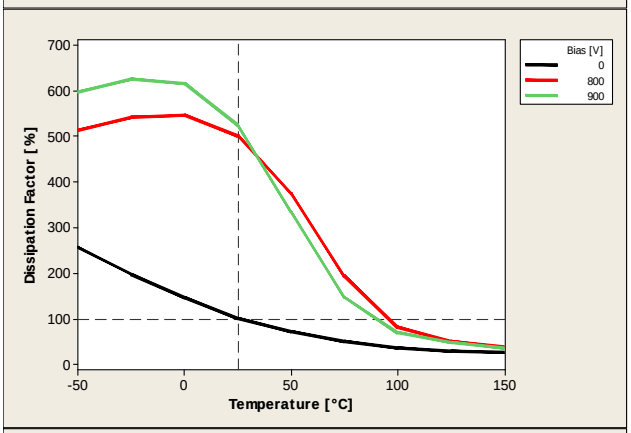
All given temperatures are device temperatures.

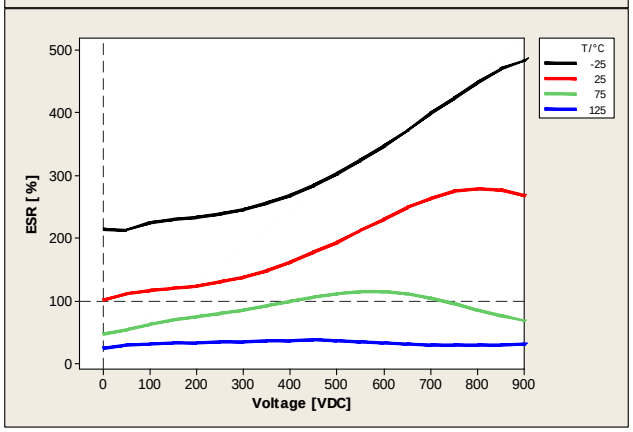
The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100% values correspond to $C_{eff, typ}$ and tan δ which are given on pages 2, 3 and 4 of this data sheet.

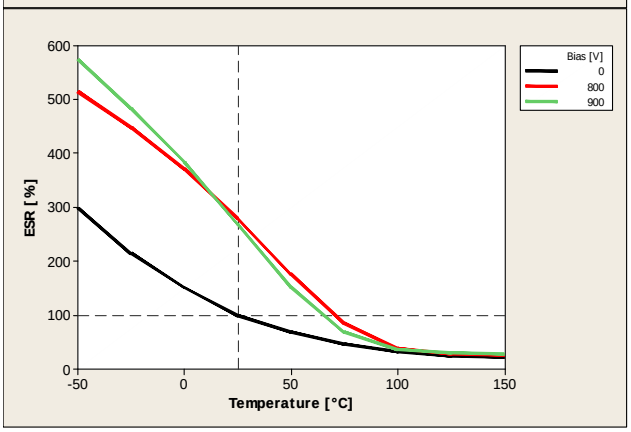








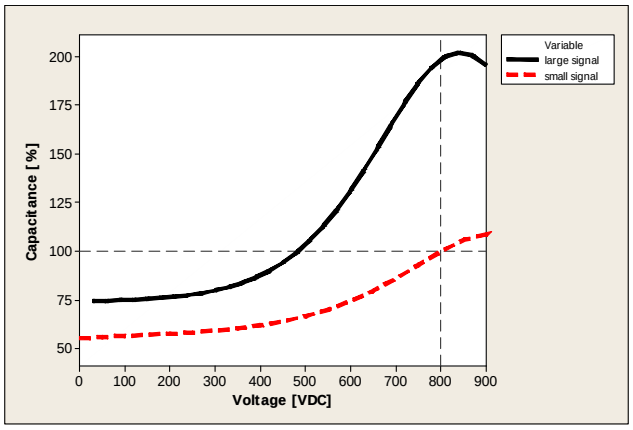




Application Notes

Further typical electrical characteristics as a design reference for CeraLink applications.

Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage V_R = 900 V – valid for FA2, FA3 and FA10



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), +25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at V_{op}.

See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, +25 °C

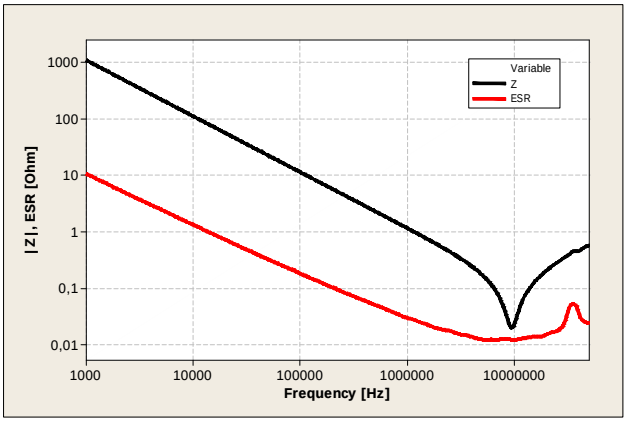
The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at V_{op}.

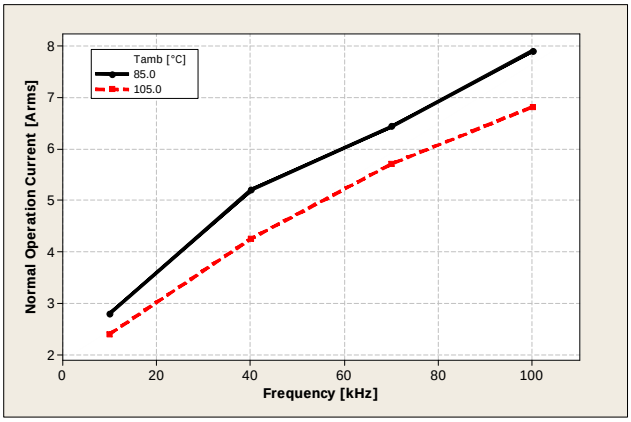
Typical impedance, ESR and permissible current as a function of frequency V_R = 900 V

V_{DC} = 0 V,
V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS},
T_{device} = +25 °C

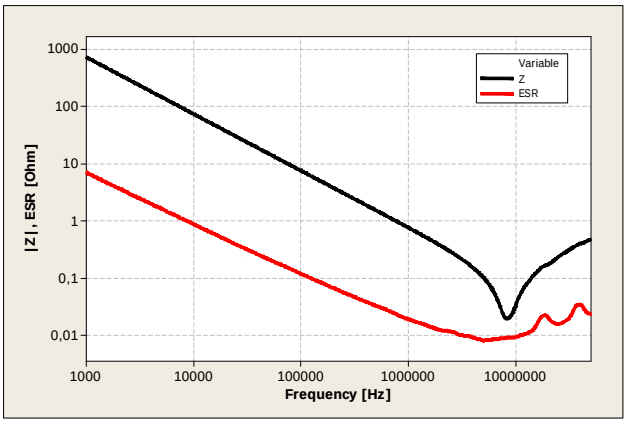
Measurements performed at V_{op}.
The values correspond to a device temperature of +150 °C. No forced cooling was used.

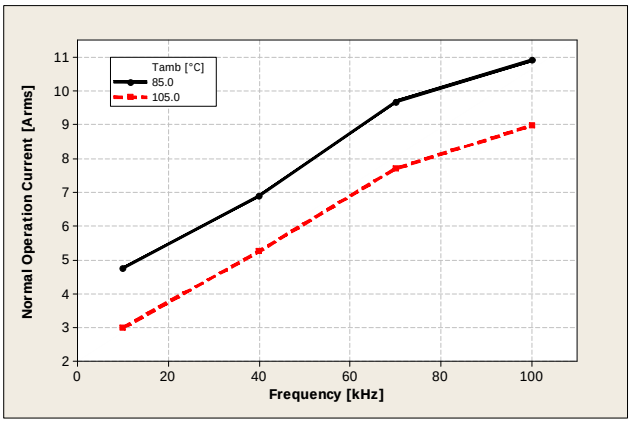
FA2



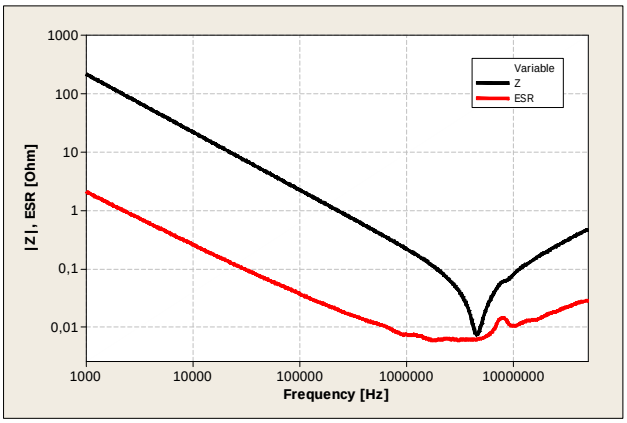


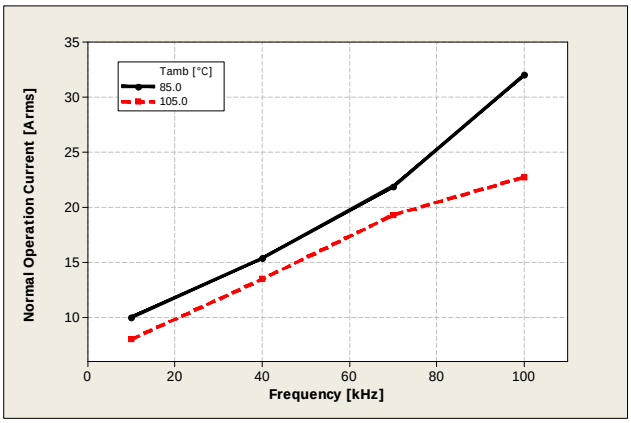
FA3





FA10





Aging

The capacitance has an aging behavior which shows a decrease of capacitance with time.
The typical aging rate is about 2.5% per logarithmic decade in hours.

Reliability

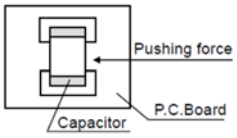
A. Preconditioning:

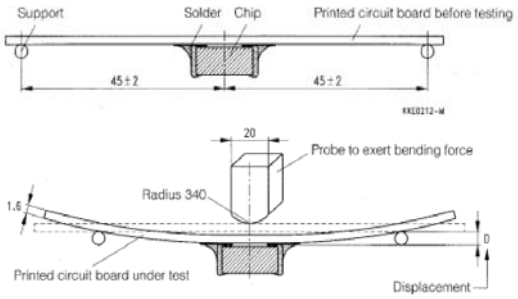
- Reflow solder the capacitor on a PCB using the recommended soldering profile
- Check of external appearance
- Measurement of electrical parameters R_{ins}, C_0, tan δ
  - Apply $V_{pk,max}$ for 7 seconds and measure R_{ins} at room temperature:
    Isolation resistance (@ $V_{pk,max}$, 7 s, 25 °C) **R_{ins} > 100 MΩ**
  - Measure C_0 and tan δ within 10 minutes to 1 hour afterwards:
    Initial capacitance (@ 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, 25 °C)
    Dissipation factor (@ 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, 25 °C)

B. Performance of a specific reliability test.

C. After performing a specific test:

- Check the external appearance again
- Repeat the measurement of the electrical parameters
  - Apply $V_{pk,max}$ for 7 seconds and measure R_{ins} at room temperature:
    Isolation resistance (@ $V_{pk,max}$, 7 s, 25 °C) **R_{ins} > 10 MΩ**
  - Measure C and tan δ:
    Change of initial capacitance (@ 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, 25 °C) **$|\Delta C_0 / C_0|$ < 15%**
  - Dissipation factor (@ 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, 25 °C) **tan δ < 0.05**

Test	Standard	Test conditions	Criteria
External appearance		Visual inspection with magnifying glass	No defects that might affect performance
High temperature operating life	MIL-STD-202, method 108	+150 °C, V_R, 1000 hours	No mechanical damage $\|\Delta C_0 / C_0\|$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Biased humidity	MIL-STD-202, method 103	+85 °C, 85% rel. hum., V_R, 1000 hours	No mechanical damage $\|\Delta C_0 / C_0\|$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Temperature shock	IEC 60384-9, 4.8	-55 °C to +150 °C 20 seconds transfer time 15 minutes dwell time 1000 cycles	No mechanical damage $\|\Delta C_0 / C_0\|$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Terminal strength test	AEC-Q200-005	Apply a force of 17.7 N for 60 seconds 	No detaching of termination. No rupture of ceramic $\|\Delta C_0 / C_0\|$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits

Test	Standard	Test conditions	Criteria
Board flex	AEC-Q200-005	Bending of 2 mm for 60 seconds  Dimensions in mm	No mechanical damage $\lvert\Delta C_0 / C_0\rvert$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Vibration	MIL-STD-202, method 204	5 g/ 20 min, 12 cycles, 3 axis 10 Hz to 2000 Hz	No mechanical damage $\lvert\Delta C_0 / C_0\rvert$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Mechanical shock	MIL-STD-202, method 213	Acceleration 400 m/s² Half sine pulse duration 6 milliseconds 4000 bumps	No mechanical damage $\lvert\Delta C_0 / C_0\rvert$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Reflow test		3 times recommended reflow soldering profile	No mechanical damage Proper solder coating of contact areas $\lvert\Delta C_0 / C_0\rvert$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Leaching test (lead frame only)	MIL-STD-202, method 210, condition B	Dip test of contact areas in solder bath (+260 °C for 10 seconds)	No damage of lead frame silver coating
Solderability (lead frame only)	J-STD-002, method A @ +235 °C, category 3	Dip test of contact areas in solder bath +(235 °C for 5 ± 0.5 seconds)	> 95% wettability of lead frame
Resistance to solvent		Dipping and cleaning with isopropanol	Marking must be legible $\lvert\Delta C_0 / C_0\rvert$, tan δ and R_{ins} within defined limits
Geometry		Using a caliper	Within specified tolerance in the chapter construction

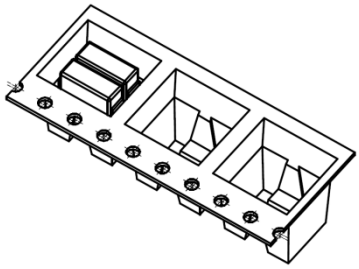
Packaging

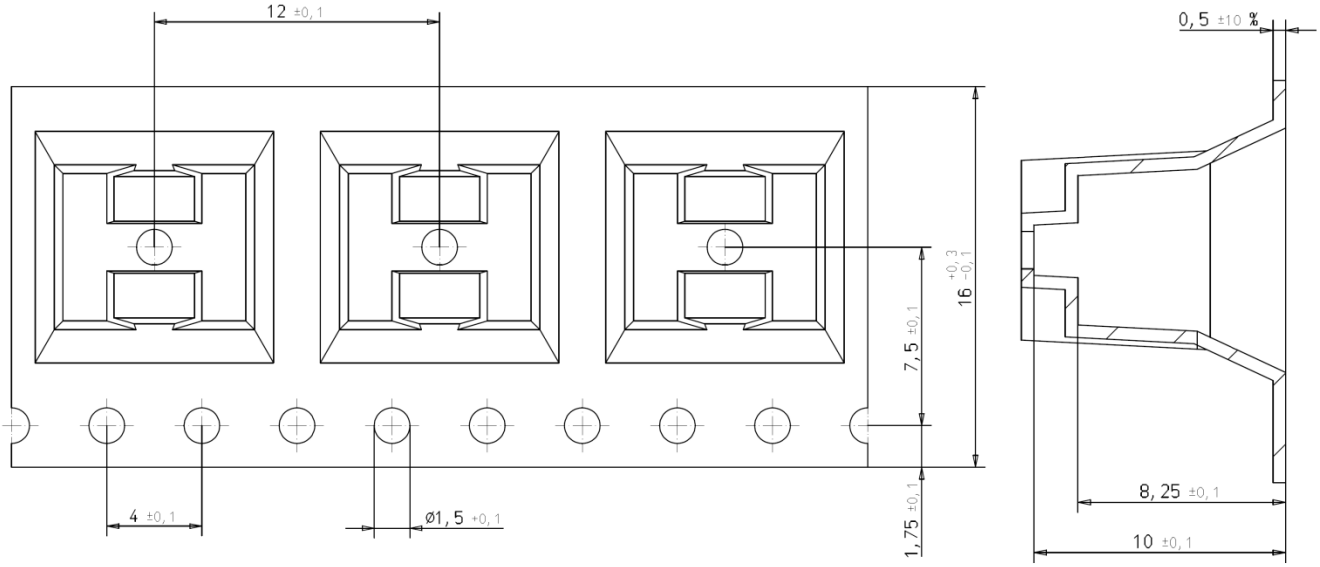
The CeraLink FA2 type is delivered in a blister tape (taping to IEC 60286-3, 180-mm / 330-mm reel available with 110 / 500 pieces per reel).

The CeraLink FA3 type is delivered in a blister tape (taping to IEC 60286-3, 180-mm / 330-mm reel available with 100 / 350 pieces per reel).

The CeraLink FA10 type is delivered in a cardboard box with 100 pieces per box.

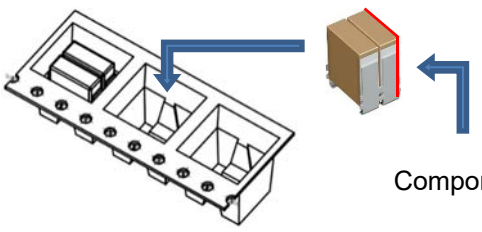
Blister tape for FA2





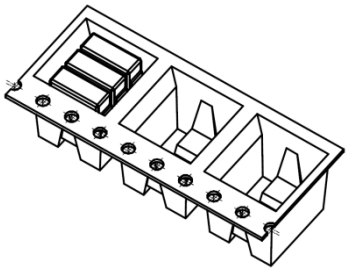
Part orientation

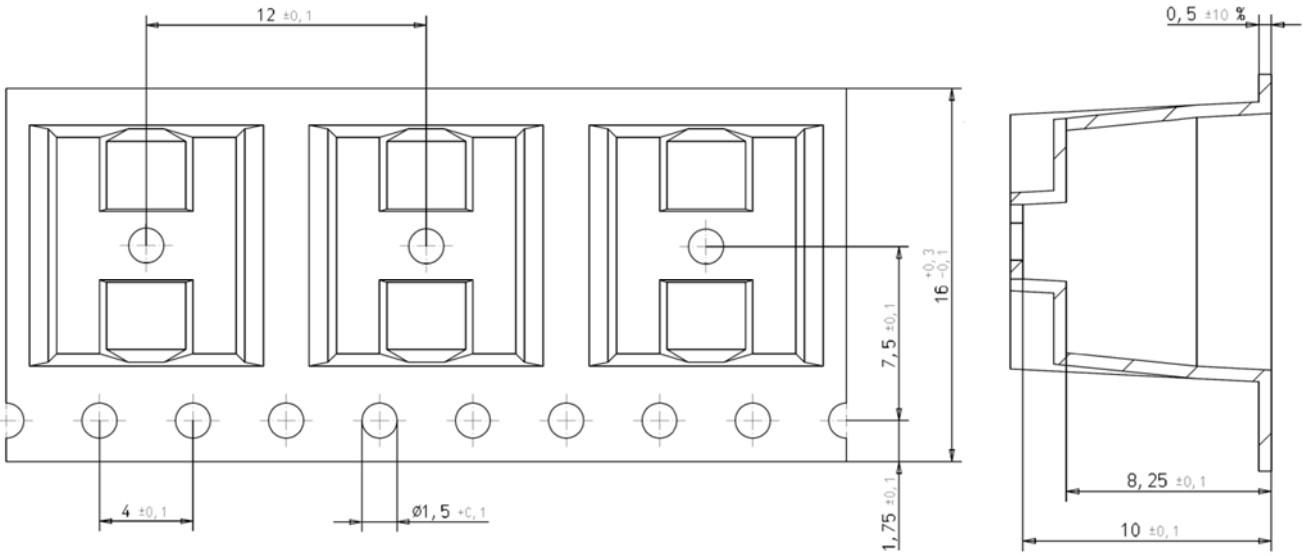
The part-orientation/polarity is the same for all CeraLink FA2 capacitors within the blister tape.



Component marking on this side

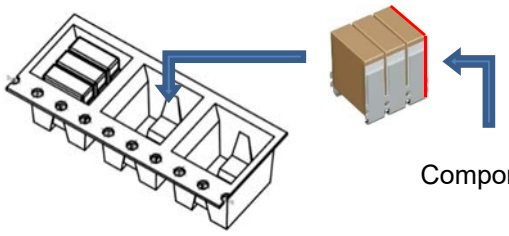
Blister tape for FA3





Part orientation

The part-orientation/polarity is the same for all CeraLink FA3 capacitors within the blister tape.

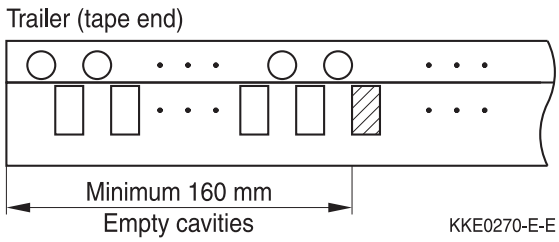


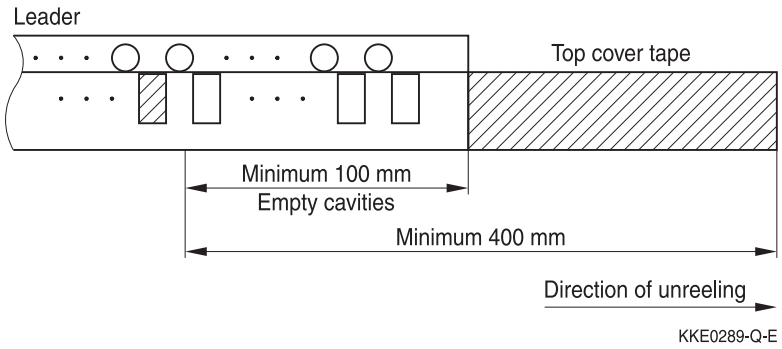
Component marking on this side

Taping information

Trailer: There is a minimum of 160 mm of carrier tape with empty compartments and sealed by the cover tape.

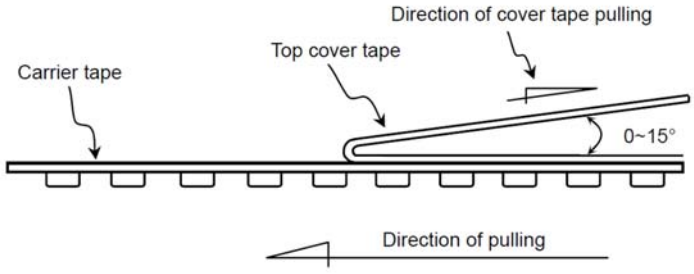
Leader: There is a minimum of 400 mm of cover tape, which includes at least 100 mm of carrier tape with empty compartments.



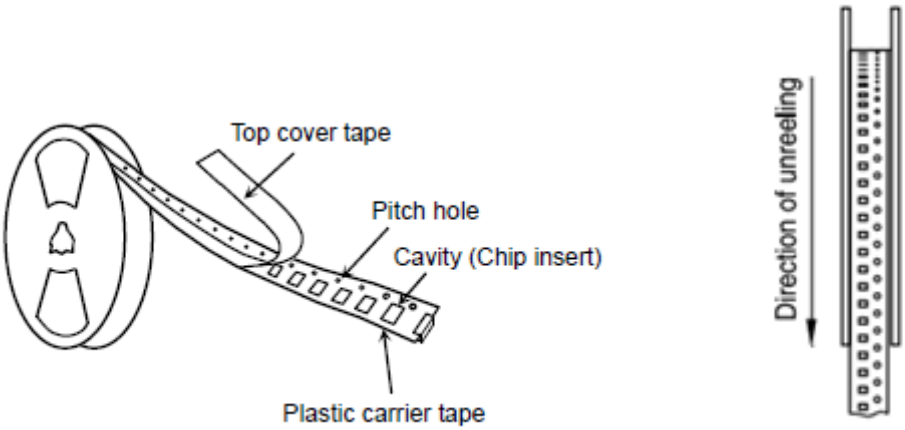


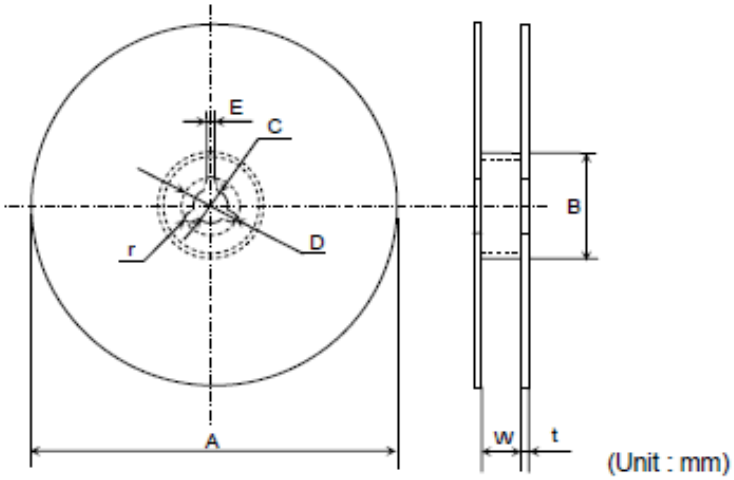
Fixing peeling strength (top tape)

The peeling strength is 0.1 … 1.3 N.



Reel packing

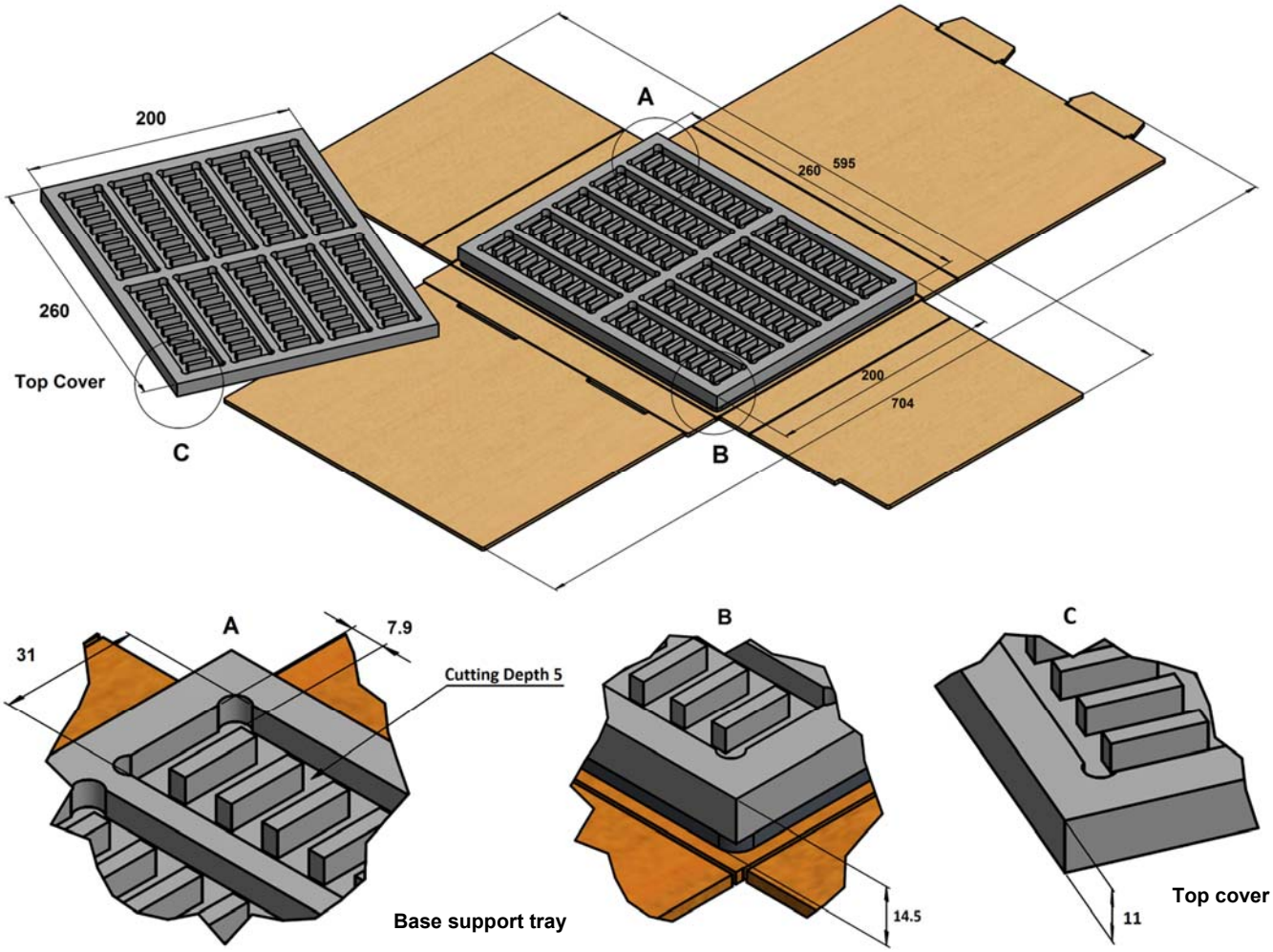




	FA2 & FA3 Type 330-mm reel	FA2 & FA3 Type 180-mm reel
A	330 ±2	180 ±3
B	62 ±1	62 ±1
C	12.8 +0.7	13.1 ±0.5
D	19.1 min.	19.1 min.
E	1.6 ±0.5	2.1 ±0.5
W	16.4 +2	17.0 -0.5 / +2

Dimensions in mm

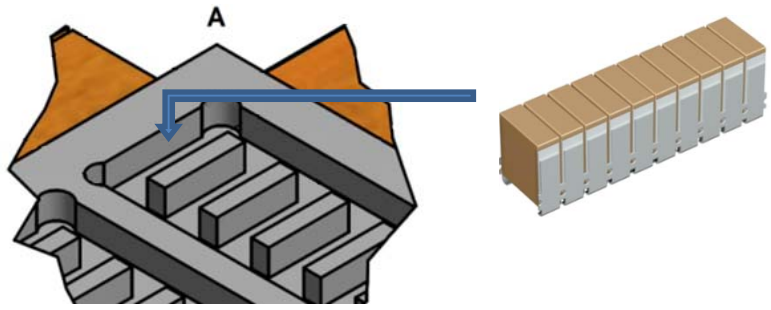
Cardboard box for FA10



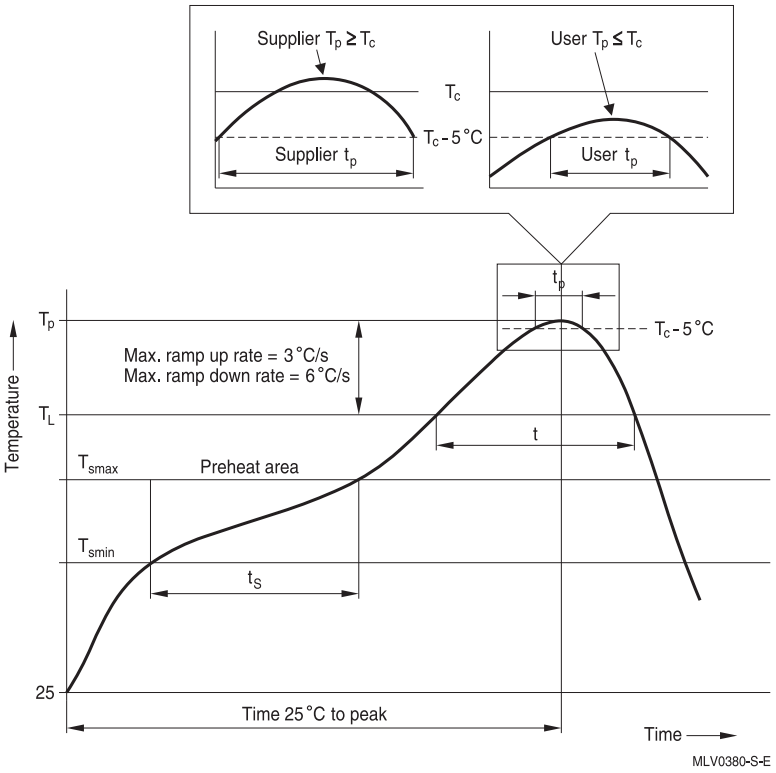
Dimensions in mm

Part orientation

The part-orientation/polarity is the same for all CeraLink FA10 capacitors within the tray. Parts are placed with leadframes facing base support tray as shown.



Recommended reflow soldering profile



Profile feature		SAC, Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7 @ N_2 atmosphere
Preheat and soak - Temperature min - Temperature max - Time	 T_{smin} T_{smax} t_{smin} to t_{smax}	 +150 °C +200 °C 60 … 120 seconds
Average ramp-up rate	T_L to T_p	3 °C/ second max.
Liquidus temperature Time at liquidus temperature	T_L t_L	+217 °C 60 … 150 seconds
Peak package body temperature	T_p [1)]	245 °C … 260 °C max.[2)]
Time (t_p)[3)] within +5 °C of specified classification temperature (T_c)		30 seconds[3)]
Average ramp-down rate	T_p to T_L	+6 °C/ second max.
Time +25 °C to peak temperature		maximum 8 minutes

1) Tolerance for peak profile temperature (T_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.
2) Depending on package thickness (cf. JEDEC J-STD-020D).
3) Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (t_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

Notes:
All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
Max. number of reflow cycles: 3
After the soldering process, the capacitance is lowered. Applying V_R to the device will re-establish the capacitance.
The proposed soldering profile is based on IEC 60068-2-58 (respectively JEDEC J-STD-020D) recommendations

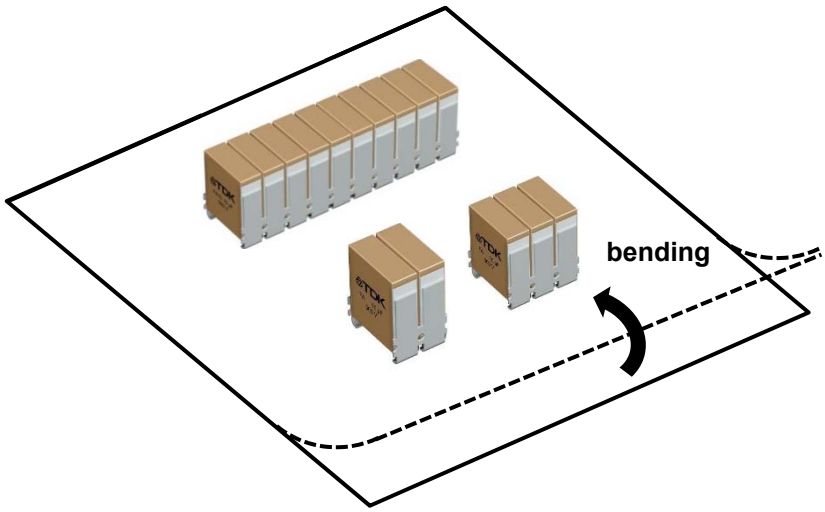
General technical information

Storage

- Only store CeraLink capacitors in their original packaging. Do not open the package prior to processing.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: temperature −25 °C to +45 °C, relative humidity ≤ 75% annual average, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Do not store CeraLink capacitors where they are exposed to heat or direct sunlight. Otherwise the packaging material may be deformed or CeraLink may stick together, causing problems during mounting.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storing CeraLink devices in harmful environments where they are exposed to corrosive gases (e.g. SOx, Cl).
- Use CeraLink as soon as possible after opening factory seals such as polyvinyl-sealed packages.
- Solder CeraLink components within 6 months after shipment.

Handling

- Do not drop CeraLink components or allow them to be chipped.
- Do not clamp CeraLink components on the face sides (e.g. during pick-and-place). A vacuum-based pick-and-place process picking the component on the top side is recommended.
- Do not touch CeraLink with your bare hands - gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during handling.
- The CeraLink FA series was tested to withstand the board flex test defined in the AEC-Q200 rev D, method 005.
- The CeraLink FA series uses copper-invar lead frames to prevent mechanical stress to the ceamic. Too much bending causes open mode. Avoid high mechanical stress like twisting after soldering on a PCB.

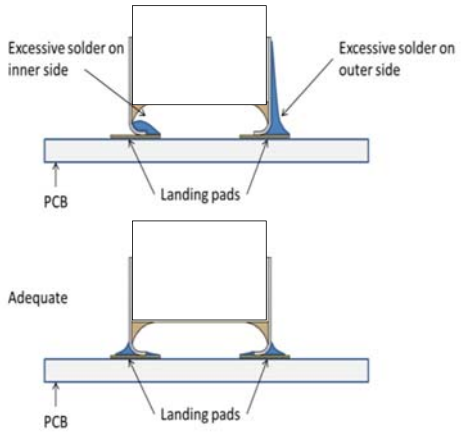


Mounting

- Do not subject CeraLink devices to mechanical stress when encapsulating them with sealing material or overmolding with plastic material. Encapsulation may lead to worse heat dissipation too. Please ask for further information.
- Do not scratch the electrodes before, during or after the mounting process.
- Make sure contacts and housings used for assembly with CeraLink components are clean before mounting.
- The surface temperature of an operating CeraLink can be higher than the ambient temperature. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from a CeraLink to allow proper cooling.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during processing.

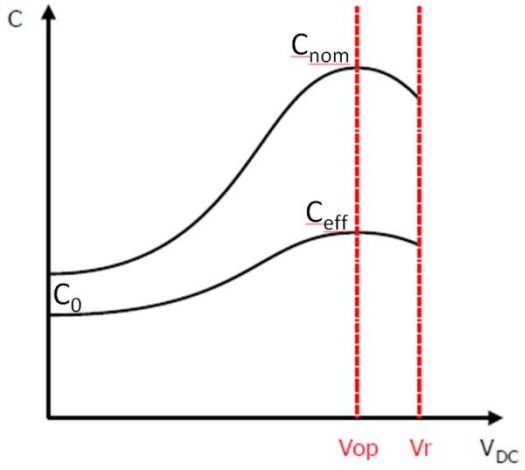
Soldering guidelines

- The use of mild, non-activated fluxes for soldering is recommended, as well as proper cleaning of the PCB.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended to avoid surface contamination that can result in an instable and/or high leakage current.
- Use resin-type or non-activated flux.
- Bear in mind that insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended, otherwise a component may crack.
- Excessive usage of solder paste can reduce the mechanical robustness of the device, whereas insufficient solder may cause the CeraLink to detach from the PCB. Use an adequate amount of solder paste, but on the landing pads only.



- If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or foreign particles may stick to the CeraLink surface and deteriorate its insulation resistance. Insufficient or improper cleaning of the CeraLink may cause damage to the component.
- Excessive washing like ultrasonic cleaning, can affect the connection between the ceramic chip and the outer electrode. To avoid this, we give the following recommendation:
  - Power: 20 W/l max.
  - Frequency: 40 kHz max.
  - Washing time: 5 minutes max.

Glossary



Initial capacitance C_0:	Is the value at the origin of the hysteresis without any applied direct voltage.
Effective capacitance C_{eff}:	Occurs at V_{op} and is measured with an applied ripple voltage of 0.5 V_{RMS} and 1 kHz. The CeraLink is designed to have its highest capacitance value at the operating voltage V_{op}.
Nominal capacitance C_{nom}:	Is the value derived by the tangent of the mean hysteresis as the derivative of the mean hysteresis is dQ/dV ~ C.

Symbols and terms

AC	Alternating current
C_0	Initial capacitance @ 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, +25 °C
$C_{eff,typ}$	Typical effective capacitance @ V_{op}, 0.5 V_{RMS}, 1 kHz, +25 °C
$C_{nom,typ}$	Typical nominal capacitance @ V_{op}, quasistatic, +25 °C. See glossary for definition of the nominal capacitance
DC	Direct current
ESL	Equivalent serial inductance
ESR	Equivalent serial resistance
I_{op}	Operating ripple current, root mean square value of sinusoidal AC current
LP	Low profile
PCB	Printed circuit board
PLZT	Lead lanthanum zirconium titanate
R_{ins}	Insulation resistance @ $V_{pk,max}$, measurement time t = 7 s, +25 °C
$R_{ins,\ typ}$	Insulation resistance @ V_{op}, measurement time t > 240 s, +25 °C
SAC	Tin silver copper alloy; lead-free solder paste
T_{amb}	Ambient temperature
tan δ	Dissipation factor @ 0 V_{DC}, 0.5 V_{RMS},1 kHz, +25°C
T_{device}	Device temperature. $T_{device} = T_{amb} + \Delta T$ (ΔT defines the self-heating of the device due to applied current).
V_{op}	Operating voltage at maximum attenuation capability
V_R	Rated voltage. Reference DC voltage for reliability tests.
V_{RMS}	Root mean square value of sinusoidal AC voltage
$V_{pk,max}$	Maximum peak operating voltage
ΔT	Increase of temperature during operation

Cautions and warnings

General

Not for use in resonant circuits, where a voltage of alternating polarity occurs.

Not for AC applications. Consult our local representative for further details.

If used in snubber circuits, ensure that the sum of all voltages remains at the same polarity.

Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our CeraLink components for certain areas of application, including recommendations about incorporation/design-in of these products into customer applications. The statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements often made of our CeraLink devices in the particular areas. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our CeraLink components for a particular customer application. As a rule, TDK is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether the CeraLink devices with the properties described in the product specification are suitable for use in a particular customer application.

- Do not use CeraLink components for purposes not identified in our specifications.
- Ensure the suitability of a CeraLink in particular by testing it for reliability during design-in. Always evaluate a CeraLink component under worst-case conditions.
- Pay special attention to the reliability of CeraLink devices intended for use in safety-critical applications (e.g. medical equipment, automotive, spacecraft, nuclear power plant).

Design notes

- Consider derating at higher operating temperatures. As a rule, lower temperatures and voltages increase the life time of CeraLink devices.
- If steep surge current edges are to be expected, make sure your design is as low-inductive as possible.
- In some cases the malfunctioning of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially when the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention, life-saving systems, or automotive battery line applications such as clamp 30), ensure by suitable design of the application or other measures (e.g. installation of protective circuitry, fuse or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of such a malfunction or failure.
- Specified values only apply to CeraLink components that have not been subject to prior electrical, mechanical or thermal damage. The use of CeraLink devices in line-to-ground applications is therefore not advisable, and it is only allowed together with safety countermeasures such as thermal fuses.

Operation

- Use CeraLink only within the specified operating temperature range.
- Use CeraLink only within specified voltage and current ranges.
- The CeraLink has to be operated in a dry atmosphere, which must not contain any additional chemical vapors or substances.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the CeraLink. Use the capacitors under normal atmospheric conditions only. A reduction of the oxygen partial pressure to below 1 mbar is not permissible.
- Prevent a CeraLink from contacting liquids and solvents.
- Avoid dewing and condensation.
- During operation, the CeraLink can produce audible noise due to its piezoelectric characteristic.
- CeraLink components are mainly designed for encased applications. Under all circumstances avoid exposure to:
    - direct sunlight
    - rain or condensation
    - steam, saline spray
    - corrosive gases
    - atmosphere with reduced oxygen content

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of the manufacturer.

Display of ordering codes for TDK Electronics products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the company website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. **The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products**. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/orderingcodes.

Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application.** As a rule we are either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether a product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified.** In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
3. **The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.**
4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, **some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous)**. Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, **the products described in this publication may change from time to time**. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order.

   We also **reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products**. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, **all orders are subject to our General Terms and Conditions of Supply.**
7. **Our manufacturing sites serving the automotive business apply the IATF 16949 standard.** The IATF certifications confirm our compliance with requirements regarding the quality management system in the automotive industry. Referring to customer requirements and customer specific requirements (“CSR”) TDK always has and will continue to have the policy of respecting individual agreements. Even if IATF 16949 may appear to support the acceptance of unilateral requirements, we hereby like to emphasize that **only requirements mutually agreed upon can and will be implemented in our Quality Management System.** For clarification purposes we like to point out that obligations from IATF 16949 shall only become legally binding if individually agreed upon.

Important notes

8. The trade names EPCOS, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, ThermoFuse, WindCap are **trademarks registered or pending** in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/trademarks.

Release 2018-10

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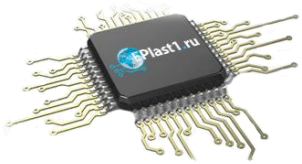
Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits,General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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